

UNIVERSITY OF RAJASTHAN JAIPUR

FACULTY OF EDUCATION

SYLLABUS

INTEGRATED PROGRAMME OF

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree (Four Year)

Annual Scheme

Academic Session 2020-21 Examination B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part – I (2021)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

NOTICE

1. Change in syllabus/ordinance/rules/regulations/syllabi andbooks may from time to time, be made by amendment or remaking and a candidate shall,accept in so far as the university determines otherwise comply with any change that applies to years he/she has not completed at time of change.

of at aminotic

ist of a bi

2. All court cases shall be subject to the jurisdiction of Rajasthan University headquarter Jaipur only and not any other place.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University Of Rajasthan

B.Sc B.Ed PART - I CONTENTS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SYLLABUS

PAPER 01 -GENERAL ENGLISH (COMPULSORY PAPER)*

PAPER 02 -CHILDHOOD AND GROWING UP (COMPULSORY PAPER)

PAPER 03 -CONTEMPORARY INDIA AND EDUCATION (COMPULSORY PAPER)

PAPER 04 -INSTRUCTIONAL SYSTEAM AND EDUCATIONAL EVALUATION (GROUP - A)

OPTIONAL PAPER (GROUP - B) 05, 06, & 07 (Opt three content based papers)

- I. CHEMISTRY
- II. BOTANY
- III. ZOOLOGY
- IV. PHYSICS
- V. MATHEMATICS

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of JAIPUR

Ordinance and Regulations related to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree

01. The Objective and the Learning outcomes of the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed.Degree are

el com milter i terron

Objectives:

- To promote capabilities for inculcating national values and goals as mentioned in the constitution of India.
- To act as agents of modernization and social change.
- To promote social cohesion, international understanding and protection of human rights and right of the child.
- To acquire competencies and skills needed for teacher.
- To use competencies and skills needed for becoming an effective teacher.
- To become competent and committed teacher.
- To be sensitive about emerging issues such as environment, population general equality, legal literacy etc.
- To inculcate logical, rational thinking and scientific temper among the students.
- To develop critical awareness about the social issues & realities among the students.
- To use managerial organizational and information & technological skills.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Competence to teach effectively two school subjects at the Elementary & secondary levels.
- 2. Ability to translate objectives of secondary education in terms of specific Programmes and activities in relation to the curriculum.
- 3. Ability to understand children's needs, motives, growth pattern and the process of learning to stimulate learning and creative thinking to faster growth and development.
- 4. Ability to use-
- 5. Individualized instruction
- 6. Dynamic methods in large classes.
- 7. Ability to examine pupil's progress and effectiveness of their own teaching through the use of proper evaluation techniques.

Dy Parisher (10ad.)

Dy Parisher (10ad.)

Alpure (10ad.)

- 8. Equipment for diagnosing, pupil progress, and effectiveness of their own teachings through the use of proper evaluation techniques.
- 9. Readiness to spot talented and gifted children and capacity to meet their needs.
- 10. Ability to organize various school programmes, activities for pupil.
- 11. Developing guidance point of view in educational, personal and vocational matters.
- 12. Ability to access the all round development of pupils and to maintain a cumulative record.
- 13. Developing certain practical skill such as the pro
 - a. Black board work
 - b. Preparing improvised apparatus
 - c. Preparing teaching aids and ICT.
- 14. Interest and competence in the development of the teaching profession and education.

 Readiness to participate in activities of professional organizations.

Integrated Programme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree Shall Consist of

er han in jent sem

- i) First Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- ii) Second Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iii) Third Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iv) Final Year B.Sc.B.Ed.

Duration of the Course - Four Years

Examinination after each session intheory papers

Scheme of Examination against each subject separately.

Compulsory Papers*:

Year	Subject/Paper No.	Paper
Ist Year	. 01	Gen. English
II nd Year	08	Gen. Hindi
III rd Year	. 16	Elementry Computer Application (ICT)
IV th Year	25	Environmental Studies

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Group - A: - Subject Specialisation :

Year	Subject/Paper No.	Paper
I st Year	04	Instructional System & Educational
II nd Year	11	Peace Education
III rd Year	18	Guidance and Counselling in School
IV th Year	28	Physical Education & Yoga

Group-B: Content of Science Subject: - A Student has to opt any three optional subject (papers) from group B paper no. 05,06,07 1st year 12,13,14,2nd year 19,20,21 3rd year in which two must be the school teaching subjects.

Chemistry		I, II & III	
Botany		I, II & III	
Zoology		I, II & III	
Physics	at here 2 c		 .
Mathematics	<u> </u>		

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject22/31: Pedagogy of a School Subject 3rdYear and 4th Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III&part-IV).

Pedagogy of Chemistry	
Pedagogy of Biology	:
Pedagogy of Physics	
Pedagogy of Mathematics	
Pedagogy of General Science	

❖ In all the years the student has to study a minimum of 07subjects(1-7) in 1st year, 7 subjects + practicum (8-15) in 2ndYear.7subjects + practicum & final lesson (16-24) in 3rd Year and 7 subjects + practicum & final lesson (25-33) in 4th Year (Total 33Subjects).

Dynamical Jair (Acad.) 6
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05,06,07, 1st,12,13,14 2nd,19,20,21 3rd year (G-B) will carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc.B.Ed Courses

Details of course and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Course are provided in Tables given below:-

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. 1stYear

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	E	valuation		
Paper	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Tota
I	B.Sc B.Ed.	Gen. English(Compulsory)*	100	 -	-	100
	01	n and paragraph with the	•			
II	B.ScB.Ed.	Childhood and Growing Up	80	20	-	100
	02				!	
III	B.ScB.Ed.	Contemporary India and Education	80	20	<u>-</u>	100
•	03					
IV	B.ScB.Ed.	Instructional System & Educational	80	20	-	100
	04	Evaluation				
	(G-A)			·		
	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content		 		
VI	05	(Select any Three)				
	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34	1	50	150
&	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34	}	50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
				<u> </u>	·	750

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Dynika JAIPUR JAIPUR

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. 2nd Year

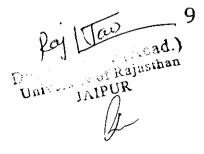
Theory Course		Course Title of the Paper		Evaluation		
Paper	Code	1997(20) 1997 mit (exist of	External	Internal	Practical	Tota
Ī	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gen. Hindi(Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	08	glolo viga				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Knowledge and curriculum	80	20	-	100
	09	1.5			<u> </u>	
III	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Learning and Teaching	80	20	-	100
	10	Control of the Control				
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed	Peace Education	80	20	-	100
	11					
	(G-A)	<u>.</u>				
V	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content				
. VI	12 13	(Select any Three) 1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	22 22 24		60	1.50
&	13 &	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	14	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34 _. 33+33+34		50	150
A 11		4. Physics (I,II,III)		İ	50	150
	(G-B)	5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	33+33+34 40+40+40		50 30	150 150
Practicum	B.Sc.B.Ed	OPEN AIR / SUPW CAMP		 		- 150
	15	1. Community Service		25		100
	15	2. Survey (Based on		25		100
		social and educational				
		events)		ļ		ı
		3. Co-Curricular		25		
		Activities				
		4. Health and Social		25		
		awareness programme		ļ		
		(DISASTER			, ,	
,		MANAGEMENT AND CLEANINESS)				
	L	_ CDD/HTH/LOD/				850

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Dy of Rajasthan 8

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed.3rd Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper]	Evaluation		· ·
Paper	Code	distribution distr	External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	ElementryComputer Application	60	-	40	100
	16	(ICT) (Compulsory)*			(30+10)	
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Language Across the Curriculum	80	20	-	100
	17					
III	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Guidance and Counseling in	80	20	-	100
	18	School				
	(G-A)	Charge to we like selection			:	
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content				
V	_	(Select any Three)				
&	19	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VI	20 &	2. Botany (I,II,III) 3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34 33+33+34		50 50	150 150
1 '	21	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
VII	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20		100
	22	(Candidate should opt any two school				
		subject from the following i.e. one			<u> </u>	
		school subject for part - 3 and other				
		school subject for Part - 4)				
		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics				
		4. Mathematics				
		5. General Science				
Practicum	B.Sc.B.Ed.	SpecialTraining Programme(School				
	23	Internship)				
		Micro Teaching			10	100
		Practice Lesson			50	
		Observation Lesson			05	
		Technology Based Lesson			05	
		Criticism Lesson			20	
		▼ CHUCISIH LESSON			10	



		Attendance //Semin	ar/	
		Workshop		
Practical	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Final Lesson	100	100
<u></u> l	_	harden a		950

1440 444 7 3

1,6,4,0

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed.4th Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper		Evaluation		
Paper	Code	Contraction of the Contraction	External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc .B.Ed.	Environmental Studies (Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	25					
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Creating and inclusive school	80	20	-	100
	26					
III	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Understanding Disciplines and Subject	80	20	-	100
	27]	
IV	B.Sc .B.Ed,	Physical Education & Yoga	80	20	-	100
	28 (G-A)				:	
V	B.Sc .B.Ed.	Gender, School and Society	80	20	-	100
	29					
VI	B.Sc .B.Ed.	Assessment for Learning	80	20	-	100
	30					
VII	B.Sc. B.Ed.	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20	-	100
	31	(Candidate should opt any two school	•			
		subject from the following i.e. one				
		school subject for part - 3 and other				
		school subject for Part - 4)				
		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics				
		4. Mathematics				
		5. General Science				

Practicum	B.Sc.B.Ed.	School Ineternship		50	
	32	1. Practice teaching		20	
		2. Block Teaching (Participation in		{	
		School Activities Social Participation in		10	
		Group)			
i		3. Report of any feature of school /		20	100
		case study/action research			
		4. Criticism Lesson			
Practical	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Final Lesson	100		100
	33				
		in the second			800

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed.

Compulsory Papers*

Year	Subject/Paper No.	Paper
Ist Year	01	Gen. English
II Year	08	Gen. Hindi
III Year	16	Computer Application (ICT)
IV Year	25	Environmental studies

Compulsory Paper

Year	Subject/Paper No.	Paper
Ist Year	02	Childhood and Growing Up
1 1 0 0 1	03	Contemporary India and
		Education
II nd Year	09	Knowledge and curriculum
	10	Learning and Teaching
III rd Year	17	Language Across the Curriculum
IV th Year	26	Creating and inclusive school
1. 1001	27	Understanding Disciplines and
	29	Subject
	30	Gender, School and Society
		Assessment for Learning

Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Year	Subject/Paper No.	Paper	
Ist Year	04	Instructional System & Educational	
II nd Year	11	Peace Education	
III rd Year	18	Guidance and Counselling in School	
IV th Year	28	Physical Education & Yoga	

Group B: (Select any three): Content of Science Subject: - A Student has to opt any three optional subject (papers) from group B paper no. 05,06,07 1st year 12,13,14,2nd year 19,20,21 3rd year in which two must be the school teaching subjects.

- 1. Chemistry (I, II, III)
- 2. Botany (I, II, III)
- 3. Zoology (I, II, III)
- 4. Mathematics (I, II, III)
- 5. Physics (I, II, III)

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 22/31: Pedagogy of a School Subject III Year and IV Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III & part-IV).

se file top

Pedagogy of Chemistry Pedagogy of Biology
Pedagogy of Physics
Pedagogy of Mathematics
Pedagogy of General Science

- ❖ In all the years the student has to study a minimum of 07 subjects (1-7) in 1st year, 7 subjects + practicum (8-15) in 2nd Year. 7 subjects + practicum & final lesson (16-24) in 3rd Year and 7 subjects + practicum & final lesson (25-33) in 4th Year (Total 33 Subjects).
- ❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06,07, 1st, 12,13,14 2nd, 19,20,21 3rd year (G-B) will carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

12

University of Raja

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc.B.Ed Courses

Details of courses and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Courses are provided in Tables given below:-

3143

Years	Subjects	Marks 600 +150= 750		
l Year	7 Subjects +Practical(1-7) Colores 1011			
II Year	7 Subjects +Practical+Practicum(8-15)	600 +150+100= 850		
III Year	7 Subjects +Practical + Practicum +Final Lesson (16-24)	600 +150+ 100 +100= 950		
IV Year 7 Subjects + Practicum +Final Lesson		600+ 100 +100= 800		
Total	33Papers Annual April 1997	2400 +550+200+200= 3350		

O. 321 The objectives of the practical work prescribed for the Integrated Programme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree (Four Year) are follows:

PART II

Practical Work

Objectives:

To develop the ability and self-confidence of pupil teachers:

- 1. To be conscious of sense of values and need for their inculcation in children through all available means including one's own personal life.
- 2. Possess a high sense of professional responsibility.
- 3. Develop resourcefulness, so as to make the best use of the situation available.
- 4. Appreciate and respect each child's individuality and treat him as independent and integrated personality.
- 5. Arouse the curiosity and interest of the pupils and secure their active participation in the educative process.
- 6. Develop in the pupil's capacity for thinking and working independently and guide the pupils to that end.
- 7. Organize and manage the class for teaching learning.
- 8. Appreciate the dynamic nature of the class situation and teaching techniques.
- 9. Define objectives of particular lessons and plan for their achievements.
- 10. Organize the prescribed subject- matter in relation to the needs, interest and abilities of the pupils.

University of Rajasthan

- 11. Use the appropriate teaching methods and techniques.
- 12. Prepare and use appropriate teaching aids, use of the black board and other apparatus and material properly.
- 13. Convey ideas in clear and concise language and in a logical manner for effective learning.
- 14. Undertakeaction research.
- 15. Give proper opportunity to gifted pupils and take proper care of the back-ward pupils.
- 16. Co-relate knowledge of the subject being taught with other subjects and with real life situations as and when possible.
- 17. Prepare and use assignments.
- 18. Evaluate pupil's progress.
- 19. Plan and organize co curricular activities and participate in them.
- 20. Co-operates with school teachers and administrators and learns to maintain school records and registers.

English and Continued

Practical skill to teach the two school subjects offered under Theory papers 22&31 and the following:

- 1. Observation of lesson delivered by experienced teachers and staff of the college.
- 2. Planning units and lessons.
- 3. Discussion of lesson plans, unit plans and lessons given (including criticism lesson)
- 4. Organization and participation in co-curricular activities.
- 5. Setting follows up assignment.
- 6. Evaluation in terms of educational objectives use of teachers made tests & administration of standardized tests.
- 7. Black-board work.
- 8. Practical work connected with school subjects.
- 9. Preparation and use of audio visual aids related to methods of teaching.
- 10. Experimental and laboratory work in chemistry, botany, zoology, physics, and mathematics subjects of experimental and practical nature.
- 11. Study of the organization of work and activities in the school.
- 12. Observation and assistance in the health education programme.
- 13. Observation and assistance in the guidance programme.

Dy. R. Scrar (Acad.)
University of Rajesthan
University of Rajesthan

- 14. Maintenance of cumulative records.
 - 15. Techniques of teaching in large classes.
- O. 322 A candidate has to deliver at least 40 lessons(20 Lessons of one teaching subject in 3rd year & 20 Lessons of other teaching subject in 4th year) in a recognized school under the supervision of the staff of the college shall be eligible for admission to the examination for the degree of B.Sc.B.Ed.

Notes :-

- i. Teaching subject means a subject offered by the candidate at his/her running B.Sc-B.Ed. course either as a compulsory subject or as an optional subject provided that the candidate studied it for at least two years. Thus the qualifying subjects like General English, General Hindi, Education and Environment Education. Prescribed for running B.Sc-B.Ed. course of the University or a subject dropped by candidates at the part I stage of the degree course shall not be treated as teaching subjects.
- ii. Only such candidate shall be allowed to offer General Science for the B.Sc B.Ed Examination who had studied Chemistry and any one subject of life science i.e. Biology, Botany or Zoology.
- iii. Student will choose three content based paper from group B and he or she will study the same paper in all the three years I, II and III year.
- iv. A student should opt at least two different pedagogy of school teaching subjects in III year and IV year.
- O.323No candidate shall be allowed to appear in the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed examination I,II,III& IV Year unless he/she has attended (80% for all course work & practicum, and 90% for school internship)
- O.324 The examination for Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. for Four Year shall be in two parts- part 1st comprising theory papers & part 2practice of teaching in accordance with the scheme of examination laid down from time to time.
- O.325Candidates who fail in Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed examination in part 1 or/ part 2 the theory of education may present themselves for re-examination there in at asubsequent examination without attending a further course at an affiliated training college.

Provided that a candidate who fails in any one of the theory papers and secures at least 48% marks in the aggregate of the remaining theory papers may be allowed to reappear in the examination in the immediately following year in the paper in which

Dy Townsky of Rajasthan 15
University of Rajasthan 15

he/she fails only. He/she shall be declared to have passed if he secures minimum passing marks prescribed for the paper in which he appeared and shall be deemed to have secured minimum passing marks only prescribed for the paper (irrespective of the marks actually obtained by him) for the purpose of determining his division in accordance with the scheme of examination. The candidate shall have to repeat the whole examination in subsequent year in case he fails to clear the paper in which he failed.

ag' te $a_i \otimes_i p_i$ when

escolligace a m

- O.326 Candidates who fail in the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. examination part 1 and part 2 only in the practice of teaching may appear in the practical examination in the subsequent year provided that they keep regular terms for four calendar monthsper yearand give at-least 40 lessons (20 in part 1 & 20 in part 2) supervised lessons.
- O.326 A: A candidate who complete a regular course of study in accordance with the provision laid down in the ordinance, at an affiliated teacher's training college for four academic year but for good reasons fails to appear at the Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed. examination may be admitted to a subsequent examination as an Ex-student as defined in O.325 or O.326 Above.
- O.326 B: No candidate shall be permitted to appear as an Ex-student at more than one subsequent examination. The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed programme shall be of duration of four academic years, which can be completed in a maximum of five years from the date of admission to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree.

Regulation 42:-

Scheme of Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed Four Year Examination

The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. (Four years) will consist of the following components;

Part I- Main theory papers at B.Sc.B.Ed. I,In Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IPaper nos. are 02, 03 & 04 in each session are of three hours carrying 100 marks (80 for theory + 20 for sessional) each. Compulsory paper* 01 of 100 marks and optional Paper 05, 06,07, 1st,12,13,14 2nd,19,20,21 3rd year (G-B). in each session are three hours carrying 150 marks (100 marks theory+ 50 marks practical). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Dy Depistrar (Acad.) 16
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

Part II- Practice Teaching - Micro Teaching, Internship, Practice Teaching of 20 weeks (10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year III& 10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year IV) Block Teaching, Criticism and Final Lesson in III & IV Year per teaching subject.

many of galactic

Mangali be district

Organization evaluation of practice teaching:

- 1. Every candidate will teach at least 40 lessons (20 in III Year & 20 in IV Year) during practice teaching session. At least ten lessons in each subject should be supervised.
- 2. 40(20+20) lessons as desired in the syllabus should be completed as full period class room lesson. Micro teaching lesson to be used in addition to those 40 lessons for developing certain teaching skills.
- 3. A minimum of ten lessons in each subject will be supervised evaluated by the subject specialist or a team of specialists of the subjects.
- 4. By and large, the evaluation of the performance in the practical teaching will be based on the last ten lessons in the subject when the student has acquired some competence and skills of teaching.
- 5. The internal assessment in practice of teaching will be finalized by the principal with the help of members of the teaching staff and the same will be communicated to the university before the commencement of the practical each year.
- 6. At Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed III Year each candidate should be prepared to teach one lessons at the final practical examination. At the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year exam candidate should be prepared to teach two lessons (one in each subject). The external examiners may select at-least 10% of the candidates to deliver two lessons in Integrated B.Sc.B.EdIV Year.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

University of Rajasthan

University of JAIPUR

17

Sea Witagit Jorga

- 7. There will be a board of Examiners for the external examination for each college which will examine each candidate in at-least one lesson and a minimum of 15% in two lessons (one in each of the two subjects).
- 8. The board of Examination will consist of:
 - (a) The principal of the college concerned.
 - (b) A principal or a senior and experienced member of the teaching staff of another training college, affiliated to University of Rajasthan.
 - (c) An external examiner from outside the University of Rajasthan or a senior member of the teaching staff of an affiliated training college.
 - (d) The board as far as possible will represent Social science, language and science.
- 9. Approximately 50 lessons will be examined by the board each day.

Working out the result and awarding the division:

- (1) A candidate in order to be declared successful at the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. I, II, III & IV Year Examination shall be required to pass separately in Part I (Theory) and Part II (Practice of Teaching School Internship).
- (2) For a passing in Part I (Theory) a candidate shall be required to obtain at-least (a) 30 percent marks in each theory paper and sessionals (24 marks out of 80 and 6 marks out of 20); (b) 30% marks in each theory paper and sessional(11 marks out of 35 & 4 marks out of 15)(c) 36 percent marks in the aggregate of all the theory papers.
- (3) For passing in Part II (school internship Practice of Teaching) a candidate shall be required to obtain separately at-least-
 - ❖ 40 percent marks in the external examination.
 - ❖ 40 percent marks in internal assessment.

Paj Jan (Acad.)

University of Rajasthan

University of Rajasthan

18

(4) The successful candidates at Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed Four Year Examination obtaining total marks will be classified in three divisions and shall be assigned separately in theory and school internship Practice of teaching as follows:

Division	Theory	Practice of Teaching
I	60%	60%
II	48%	48%
Pass	36%	40%

The practical work record shall be properly maintained by the college and may be made available for work satisfaction of external examiner in school internship (practice teaching), those are expected to submit a report regarding this separately.

Paj Vicib Acad.)
Dinie Jayung Rajasthan
Jayung Rajasthan

B.Sc. B.Ed. I YEAR GENERAL ENGLISH

Duration: 3hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Minimum Pass Marks: 36

The syllabus aims at achieving the following objectives:

- 1. Introducing students to phonetics and enabling them to consult dictionaries for correct pronunciation. (sounds and word stress)
- 2. Reinforcing selected components of grammar and usage.
- 3. Strengthening comprehension of poetry, prose and short-stories.

te ged Modas (j. 1945) Mendage modernate

4. Strengthening compositional skills in English for paragraph writing. CVs and job applications.; Applications

The Pattern of the Question Paper will be as follows:

Unit A: Phonetics Symbols and Translation (20 marks)

(10 periods)

I. Phonetic Symbols and Transcription of Words (05)
 II. Translation of 5 Simple sentences from Hindi to English (05) from English to Hindi (05)
 III. Translation of (05) Words from Hindi to English (2½)
 From English to Hindi (2½)

Unit B: Grammar and Usage

(25marks)

(10 priods)

- I. Elements of a Sentence (05)II. Transformation of Sentence (05)
- a. Direct and Indirect Narration
- b. Active and Passive Voice

II Modals (05).

III Tense (05)

IV Punctuation of a Short Passage with 10 Punctuation Marks (05)

(As discussed in Quirk and Greenbaum)

Unit C: Comprehension

(25 marks)

(Acad.)

and paper ed to any or

for a margin following year for

Following Essays and Stories in Essential Language Skills revised edition.compiled by Macmillan for University of Rajasthan General English B.A/B.com / B.Sc.

Candidates will be required to answer 5 questions of two lines each to be answered out of 10 questions? There would be two questions from the prescribed text.

(10)

Sujata Bhatt

Voice of the Unwanted Girl

Ruskin Bond

Night Train for Deoli

M.K.Gandhi

The Birth of Khadi

J.L.Nehru

A Tryst with Destiny

A.P.J. Abdul Kalam

Vision for 2020

The candidates will be required to answer 5 questions from the given unseen passage. (10)

One vocabulary question of 10 words from the given passage. (5)

Hivarile good

Unit D: Compositional Skills

(30 marks)

(15 periods)

I. Letters-Formal and informal (10)II. CV's Resume and job Applications and Report (10)

III. Paragraph Writing

(10)

Recommended Reading

Sasikumar, V, Dutta and Rajeevan, A Course in Listening and Speaking-I Foundation Books. 2005

Sawhney, Panja and Verma eds. English At the Workplace, Macmillan 2003.

Singh, R.P. Professional Communication. OUP. 2004

Judith, Leigh. C.Vs and Job Applications. OUP. 2004

Arthur Waldhorn and Arthur Zeiger, English Made Simple. Upa and Co.

Gunashekared. A Foundation English Course for Undergraduate Book I, CIEFL, Hyderabad.

Quirk and Greenbaum: A University Grammar of English Longman, 1973

Paj Jai Acad.) 21
Umi Air Rajasiban 21

B.Sc.B.Ed PART - I - 02

College place that

ang Pi**n**o pio de part a Completade de acc

ne wai i na wae ne

Childhood and Growing up

Marks -100

Objectives:

After completing the course the students will be able:-

- 1. To develop an understanding of the basic concepts, methods and principles of psychology.
- 2. To develop an understanding of the nature and process of development.
- 3. To understand the different periods of life with Psycho-Social Perspective.
- 4. To develop an understanding of the nature and process of learning in the context of various learning theories and factors.
- 5. To understand the critical role of learning Environment.
- 6. To acquaint them with various Psychological attribute of an individual.
- 7. To reflect on the changing roles of children in contemporary society.

Unit I: Role of psychology to understand the child

- Psychology: Meaning, nature & branches of psychology,
- Methods of psychology: case study and experimental, Edu. Psychology;
- Meaning, nature, scope, educational implication of psychology in new Era,
- Child psychology; meaning, concept

Unit II: Multi dimensional development

- Growth and development- concept, stages principles, dimensions, Factors in influencing development- genetic, biological, environmental and physical
- Theories of development:
 - a) Piaget's vgotsky cognitive development
 - b) Freud's psycho- sexual development
 - c) Erikson's psycho social development
 - d) Gessel's maturation theory

Unit 3: Child Growing up

 Childhood: Meaning, concept and characteristics, effects of family, schools, neighbourhood and community on development of a child

San 针 (1.4) 45 Adolescence: meaning, concept, characteristics, effects of family, school, pear group, social climate and social media.

to be only being most in pr

magnification of the section

- Personality: concept and nature, theories of personality with special referance to (Garden Allport, Psycho analytical theory, Jungs Theory) assessment of personality
- Individual differences: concept, areas (With Special Educational needs-Concept) and educational implication.
- Stress: meaning, types consequences of stress and stress managment.

Unit 4: Learning to Learn

Concept and beliefs about learning: Defining misconception, Brain's role in learning

Confidence on a second

- Memory and forget, Behaviouristic learning theories (Thorndike, Skinner, Pavlov), Gestalt, Cognitive, Types of learning by Gagne.
- Motivation:-Concept and Maslow's Hierarchy need theory, Creating and maintaining a productive Classroom Environment-Dealing with misbehaviour

Unit 5: Psychological Attributes of an individual

- Intelligence Meaning, Types of intelligence Social, Emotional and Spiritual Intelligence, theory of intelligence, Gardner's Multi intelligence theory, Measurement many by the second of intelligence
- Creativity Meaning, Components, ways of enhancing creativity, relation with intelligence and other factors, Measurement of creativity
- Socialization Process of Socialization Group dynamics Theory of Kurt lewin's, Leadership and its styles (Kimble young), social prejudice
- Mental Health Common problems related to child Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), depression, Learning disabilities, dealing with a problematic child.

Test and Assignment:-

Class Test

10 Marks

- Project (Any one of the following) 10 Marks
- 1. Comparative study of developing pattern's of children with reference to different in SES.
- 2. Collecting and analyzing statistics on the girl child with reference to gender ratio.
- 3. Write the administration, scoring, interpretation and conclusion of any one test by psychological experiment on learning/span of attention/memory/intelligence test.

References:

- 1. Agarwal, Reetu, Shukla Geeta (2014). Bal Vikas evam Manovigyan, Rakhi Prakashan, Agra
- 2. Aggarwal, J.C., (1981). Essential of Educational Psychology, Delhi, Doaba Book

化苯基基胺 人名英格兰

Her Winds Birth

医乳腺毒素 化电子电路

- 3. Arora, Dr. Saroj, Bhargava, Rajshri (2014). Bal Manovigyan, Rakhi Prakashan, Agra
- 4. Bigge, M.L. (1982). Learning Theories for Teachers. New York: Harper and Row
- 5. B.P. (2000). Personality theories, Bosten: Allyn and Bacon House.
- 6. Chauhan, S.S. (2001). Adanaced educational psychology, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 7. Diane E. Papalia, Sally Wendkos olds, Ruth Durkin Feldman, Ninth Edition, Human Development, Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing company Limited, New Delhi.
- 8. Helen Bee Denise Boyd, First Indian Reprint 2004. The Developing Child, Published by Pearson Education Pre. Ltd., Indian Branch Delhi, India
- 9. Jack Snooman, Robert Biehler Ninth Edition. Psychology Applied to Teaching, Houghton Miflin Company, Bosten New York (http://www.coursewise.com)
- 10. Ormrod Ellis Jenne, Third Edition, Educational Psychology Developing Learners Multimedia Edition (http://www.prenhall.com/ormrod)
- 11. Sarswat Kuldeep (2015). Bali Vikas eyam Bachpan, Published by Rakhi Prakashan, Agra
- 12. Woolfolk, A. (2004). Educational Psychology published by Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Licensees of Pearson Education in South Asia.

B.Sc. B.Ed PART - I - 03

Contemporary India and Education

MARKS-100

Objectives:-

After completing the course the students will be able to:

- 1. To promote reflective thinking among students about issues of education related to contemporary India.
- 2. To develop an understanding of the trends, issues and challenges faced by contemporary education in India.
- 3. To appreciate the developments in Indian education in the post independence era.

Paj May (Acad.)

1 AIPUR (Acad.)

4. To understand the Commissions and committees on education constituted from time to time.

en damadice

er abd (mei mei mal e

- 5. To understand issues and challenges of education and concern for the underprivileged section of the society.
- 6. To develop awareness about various innovation practices in education.
- 7. To develop and understanding of self teaching technical devices.
- 8. To understand the constitutional values and provisions for education.

Course Content

Unit I Education as an Evolving Concept

- Education: Meaning, concept and nature, Ancient to present education as an organized and institutionalized form, formal and state sponsored activities.
- Aims of Education: Historicity of aims of Education, changing aims of education in the context of globalization, sources of aims of Education, influence of aims of education on the curriculum and transactional strategies. Idea of educational thinkers such as Aurobindo, Krishnamurthy, Friere and Illich.

Unit - II: Issues and Challenges 3rd and the art

- Diversity, Inequality, Marginalization: Meaning, Concept, Levels with special reference to Individual, Region, Language, Caste, Gender.
- Role of education in multicultural and multilingual society for Equalization and Improvement of Marginalization groups.
- Hindrances of Education in India: Quality, Facilities, Access, Cost, Political unwillingness, Youth unsatisfaction, Moral Crisis.

Unit - III: Constitution and Education

- Study of the Preamble, fundamental rights and duties of citizens, Directive Principles for state and constitutional values of Indian Constitution.
- Constitutional provisions for education and role of education in fulfillment of the constitutional promise of Freedom, Equality Justice, Fraternity.
- Education and politics, Constitutional vision related to aims of education, Peace Education, Role of Education, School and Teachers as agents for Imparting Culture, Education and Development. Education and Industrialization.

Unit - IV: Programme and Policies

Poj (Acad.)
(Acad.)
(Acad.)
(Acad.)
(Acad.)
(Acad.)

Overview the development of education system in India from 1948 to 2010University
 Education Commission-1946-48, Secondary Education Commission-1952-53, Indian
 Education Commission-1964-66, National Education Policy-1986

ing the second second

- Rammurthy Committee (1990), Yashpal Committee Report (1993)Revised National Education Policy (1992) NCF-2005, NKC-2006, NCFTE-2009, RTE-2010.
- SSA, MLL, RMSA, CCE, Navodaya Vidyalaya, Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya, Model School.

Unit - V: Innovative Practices

- Concept, Need of innovation in view of technological and social change, Obstacles in innovation, Role of Education in bringing innovations,
- Education through interactive mode of teaching: Computer, Internet, Tally and Video-Conferencing, Edu-set Smart Class Room
- Yoga Education, Life Skill Education, Education and Competence in life regarding Social inclusion.

SVC THE FULLERS

don in Alician aidir

Test and Assignments:

1. Class Test

10 marks

10 marks

- Debate or Organize a one day discussion on the topic related to the subject and submit a report.
- Critical appraisal on the report or recommendations of any commission and committee.
- Organize collage, Poster Making activity in your respective institution.
- Collection of at least three handouts of related topics of the subject.

REFERENCES:-

- Agnihotri, R. (1994) Adhunik Bhartiya Shiksha Samasyaye Aur Samadhan, Jaipur: Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy
- 2. Agrawal, J.C: Land Marks in the History of Modern Indian Education, New Delhi 2. Brubecher, John.S: A History of the Problems of Education
- 3. Altekar, A. S.(1992) Education in Ancient India, Varanasi: Manohar Prakashan
- 4. Dev, A., Dev, T.A., Das, S. (1996) Human Rights a Source Book, New Delhi, NCERT, Pp. 233.

Man 26

Uni JAIP

- 5. Dubey, S.C. (1994) Indian Society, New Delhi, NBT, Pp.
- 6. Education and National Development: Report of the Kothari Commission on Education, New Delhi, 1966.
- 7. अग्निहोत्री, रवीन्द्र : आधुनिक भारतीय शिक्षा समस्याएँ और समाधान, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी।

er graph and and and

ing was promi

a hác á ag im ga

- 8. Gore. M. S. (1982) Education and Modernization in India, Jaipur: Rawat Publications
- 9. Ghosh, S.C. (1995) The History of Education in Modern India (1757-1986), New Delhi: Orient Longman Ltd.
- 10. J.F. Brown: Educational Sociology
- 11. Kabir, H. (1982) Education in New India, London: George Allen an Unwin.
- 12. Kashyap Subhash C., Our constitution: An Introduction to India's constitution and constitutional laws, National Book Trust India, 2011.
- 13. Keay, F.E: Indian Education in Ancient and later Times
- 14. M.N. Srinivas: Social Change in Modern India
- 15. Mookerji, R. K. (1947) Ancient Indian Education (Brahmanical and Buddhist), London: Mac Milan and Co. Ltd.
- 16. Mookerji, R.S: Ancient Indian Education
- 17. Naik, J. P., Nurullah, S.(1974) A Student's History of Education in India, (1800-1973), New Delhi: Orient Longman Ltd.
- 18. Nayar, P. R. Dave, P.N. Arora, K. (1983) The Teacher and Education in Emerging Indian Society, New Delhi: Orient Longman Ltd
- 19. National Curriculum Framework. (2005).
- 20. National curriculum Framework for teacher education (2004).
- 21. Rama Jois, M. (1998) Human Rights and Indian Values, New Delhi: N.C.T.E.
- 22. Rusk, R. R. (Scotland, J. Revised) (1979) Doctrines of the Great Educators, Delhi, Dublin, New York: The Mac Milan Press Ltd.,
- 23. Saiyidain. K.G. (1966) The Humanist Tradition in Indian Education Thought, New Delhi: Aria Publishing House
- Shukla, R.P. (2005). Value Education and Human Rights, New Delhi: Samp &
 Sons.
- 25. Varghese, A. (2000) Education for the Third Millennium, Indore: Satprachar Press
- 26. अल्तेकर, अ.स. : प्राचीन भारतीय शिक्षा पद्वति।

- ्री कार्यक्षित कर कि । 27. ओड, एल. के. : शिक्षा के नूतन आयाम, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर।
- 28. गुप्ता, एस. पी एवं अलका गुप्ता : भारत में शिक्षा प्रणाली का विकास, शारदा पुस्तक प्रकाशन, इलाहाबाद।

មកៅជាស្រាស់ (មា »

وطاريو بيد فيعرفون علا

- 29. रावत, प्यारे लाल : भारतीय शिक्षा को इतिहास, आगरा।
- 30. जोशी, सुषमा : भारत में शिक्षा प्रणाली का विकास एवं समस्याएं, शारदा पुस्तक भवन, इलाहाबाद।
- 31. लाल रमन बिहारी : भारतीय शिक्षा और उसकी समस्याएं, रस्तोगी पब्लिकेशन्स, मेरठ।
- 32. साथिन संदर्भ सामग्री पुस्तिका : महिला एवं बाल विकास विभाग, राज, सरकार, जयपुर।

B.Sc.B.EdPART-I -04

INSTRUCTIONAL SYSTEM AND EDUCATIONAL EVALUATION

Objectives:

Marks: 100

This course will enable the student teacher to:

• Explain the need, importance and characteristics of educational evaluation.

16 18 64

- Describe the approaches to educational evaluation.
- Discuss the role of educational evaluation in Teaching Learning Process.
- Explain the nature of tools and techniques of educational evaluation.
- Describe the need and importance of psychological testing,
 - Explain the nature of learners' evaluation and need for continuous comprehensive educational evaluation in schools.

Unit I: Instructional System

- Educational Objectives and instructional objectives.
- Relationship between educational objectives and instructional objectives
- Classification of educational objectives (Cognitive, affective and psycho motor)
- Functioning of educational objectives
- Usefulness of the taxonomical classification.

Unit II: Need, importance and characteristics

- Teaching Learning process and role of evaluation
- Need and importance of Evaluation
- Definition of Evaluation
- Evaluation, Assessment and Measurement.
- Characteristics of good evaluation.

Pay Mai (Acad.)28

Dy Total of Rajasthan

University of Rajasthan

Unit III: Approaches to Evaluation

- Formative evaluation and summative evaluation
- Difference between summative and formative evaluation
- External evaluation and internal evaluation, advantages and disadvantages,

certify: If the period

- Norm referenced evaluation
- Criterion referenced evaluation.

Unit IV: Role of Evaluation in Teaching-Learning Process.

- The relationship between instructional objectives, entering behavior, learning experiences and Performance assessment.
- · Diagnosis to over come deficiency in learning.
- Importance of results of evaluation to students, teachers, institutions with special reference to help in determining the effectiveness of a course, programme and functioning of a school.

Unit V: Nature of tools and techniques of evaluation

- Nature of test and Purposes of testing with reference to:
- Instructional purpose b) Guidance purpose c) Administrative purpose
- Administration of Test and Interpreting test result.
- Meaning of Norms, types of Norms, age, Grade, Percentile and standard score. 4. Norms and interpretation of test scores.
- Concept of grade system. Absolute grading, comparative grading and its advantages and disadvantages.

Test and Assignments - 20 marks

One class Test - 10 marks

Practical (any one) 10 marks

- 1. Develop a portfolio for assessment of 2 school students
- 2. Prepare an advanced tool for evaluation
- 3. Develop a tool for self-assessment.
- 4. Develop an achievement test and its blue print.

References:

 Anastasi, Anne, (1976), Psychological Testing, 4m ed., New York; Macmiflan Publishing Co. Inc.

29

Dy. R. Estrar (Acad.)

Tiniversity of Rajasthan

Tiniversity AIPAIR

- 2. Bertrand, Arthur and Cebula, Joseph P., (1980): Tests, Measurement and Evaluation, A Developmental Approach, Addision-Wesley, U.S.A.
 - 3. Bloom, Benjamin S., Et.al., (1971): Handbook on formative and Summatice Evaluation in Student Learning, McGraw Hill, USA.
- 4. Ebel, Robert, L. (1996): Measuring Educational Achievement, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi. 27
- 5. Ferguson, G A (1974), "Statistical Analysis in Psychology and Education", McGraw Hill Book Co., New York,
- 6. Freeman, Frank S.,(1962), Theory and Practice of Psychoiogical Testing, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
- Guilford, J.P.(1965), Fundamental Statistics in Psychology and Education, Me Graw Hill Book Company, New York.
- 8. Khan, Mohd, Arif, (1995): School Evaluation, Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 9. Noll, V .C (1957). Introduction to Educational Measurement, Houghton Miffline Company, Boston.
- 10. Nunnally, Jume, (1964), Educational Measurement & Evaluation, New York; McGraw Hill Book Company.





Scheme:

Max Marks: 150 Min. Pass Marks Duration (hrs.) Max. Marks 33 Paper I 33 36 Paper-II 34 Paper-III 18 50 Paratical

Note: Ten (10) questions are to be set taking two (02) questions from each unit. Candidates have to answer any 5 questions selecting at least one question from each unit.

CH-101 Paper I: Inorganic Chemistry (2 hrs or 3 periods/ week)

Unit-I

Ionic Solids: Ionic structures, radius ratio effect and coordination number, lim ratio rule, lattice defects, semiconductors, lattice energy and Born Haber cycle and solubility of ionic solids, polarizing power and polarisability of ions, Fajan

Metallic bond: free electron, valence bond and band theories.

Weak Interactions: Hydrogen bonding, vander Waals forces.

Unit-II

Covalent Bond: Valence bond theory and its limitations, directional and shapes of simple inorganic molecules and ions. Valence shell electron pair repulsion (VSEPR) theory to NH1. H₃O* SF₄, CIF₃, ICl₂, H₂O.

Molecular Orbital Theory: homonuclear and heteronuclear (CO and NO) diatomic molecules. Multicenter bonding in electron deficient moiecules, bond strength and bond energy, percentage ionic character from dipole moment and electronegativity difference.

Unit-III

s-Block Elements: Comparative study, diagonal relationships, salient features, of hydrides, solvation and complexation tendencies including their function in biosystems, an introduction to alkyls and aryls.

Periodicity of p-block elements: Periodicity in properties of p-block elemen reference to atomic and ionic radii, ionization energy, electron affinity, electron diagonal relationship, catenation.

UNIT-IV

Some Important Compounds of p-block Elements: Hydrides of boron, dihoranc and higher boranes, borazine, borohydrides, fullerenes, carbides, fluorocarbons, silicates (strilchiral principle), tetrasulphur tetranitride, basic properties of halogens, interhalogens and polyhalides.

Childstry of Noble Gases: Chemical properties of the noble gases, charitity of interion, structure and bonding in Xenon compounds.

Unit- V

Nuclear Chemistry: Fundamental particles of nucleus (nucleons); Concept of nuclides and its representation; Isotopes, Isobars and Isotones (with specific examples). Forces operating between nucleons (n-n, p-p, & n-p); Qualitative idea of stability of nucleus (nvp ratio).

Radiochemistry: Natural and artificial radioactivity; Radioactive disintegration series; Radioactive discount law; Radioactivity decay rates; Half life and average life; Nuclear binding energy, mass defect and calculation of defect and binding energy; Nuclear reactions, Spallation, Nuclear fission and fusion.

CH-102 Paper II : Organic Chemistry (2 hrs or 3 periods / week)

Unit-I

Mechanism of Organic Reactions: Homolytic and heterolytic bond cleavege thresholders, electrophiles and nucleophiles. Reactive intermediates—carbocations, includes of determination of reaction mechanism (procure said lists intermediates, isotope effects, kinetic and stereochemical studies).

Unit-II

Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: Concept of isomerism, Types of isomerism, Difference between configuration and conformation, Flying wedge and Fischer projection formulae.

Optical Isomerism: Elements of symmetry, molecular chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic centre, optical activity. Properties of enantiomers, chiral and achiral molecules with two stereogenic centres. Diastereomers, threo and erythro isomers, meso compounds. Resolution of enantiomers. Inversion, retention and racemization (with examples).

Relative and absolute configuration, sequence rules, D/L and R/S systems of nomenclature. Geometric Isomerism: Determination of configuration of geometric isomers - cis/trans and E/Z systems of nomenclature. Geometric isomerism in oximes and alicyclic compounds.

Conformational Isomerism: Newman projection and Sawhorse formulae, Conformational analysis of ethane, n-butane, cyclohexane.

Unit-11

Alkanes and Cyclealkanes: IUPAC nomenclature of branched and unbranched alkyl printer classification of carbon atoms in alkanes. Methods of formation (with special reference of the reaction, Kolbe reaction, Corey-House reaction and decarboxylation of carbonyles compressed properties and chemical reactions of alkanes. Mechanism of free radical flagor properties and selectivity. Cycloalkanes - nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions. Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations. Theory of strainless rings

Alkenes, Cycloalkenes, Dienes and Alkynes: Methods of formation, mechanisms of dehydration of alcohols and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides. Regioselectivity in alcohol dehydration - the Saytzeff rule, Hoffmann elimination. Physical properties and relative stabilities

Dy. Pegistra (Arad.)

Dy. Pegistra (Arad.)

Airum Airum

and free radical additions. Markownikoff's rule, hydroboration-oxidation, oxymercuration-reduction. Epoxidation, ozonolysis, hydration, hydroxylation and oxidation with KMnO₄. Polymerization of alkenes. Substitution at the allylic and vinylic positions of alkenes.

Classification and Nomenclature of isolated, conjugated and cumulated dienes. Structure of allenes and butadiene. Methods of formation, properties, Chemical reactions - 1,2- and 1,4-additions, Diels-Alder reaction and polymerization.

Structure and bonding in alkynes. Methods of formation. Chemical reactions - acidity of alkynes; mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions; hydroboration-oxidation; metal-ammonia reduction, oxidation and polymerization.

Unit-IV

Arenes and Aromaticity: Nomenclature of benzene derivatives. The aryl group, aromatic nucleus and side chain. Structure of benzene: molecular formula and Kekule structure, Stability and carbon-carbon bond lengths of benzene, resonance structure, MO diagram.

Aromaticity: the Huckei rule, aromaticions – three to eight membered.

Aromatic electrophilic substitution: General pattern of the mechanism, role of the complexes. Mechanism of nitration, halogenation, sulphonation, mercuration is reactions and chioromethylation. Energy profile diagrams. Activating substituents. Directive influence - orientation and ortho/para ratio. Side chain reactions benzene derivatives. Birch reduction.

Unit-Y

Alkyl and Aryl Halides: Methods of formation of alkyl halides, chemical reactions. Mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution reactions of alkyl halides S_N2 and S_N1 reactions with energy profile diagrams.

Polyhalogen compounds: Chloroform, earbon tetrachloride.

Methods of formation of aryl halides, nuclear and side chain reactions. The addition-elimination and the elimination-addition mechanisms of nucleophilic aromatic substitution reactions.

Relative reactivities of alkyl, allyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

CH-103 Paper III: Physical Chemistry (2 hrs. or 3 Periods/week)

UNIT-I

Mathematical Concepts: Logarithmic relations, curve sketching, linear graphs and calculations of slopes, differentiation of functions like k_x, c², x², sinx and log x; maxima and ramination differentiation and reciprocity relations, integration of some useful/relevant singularity permutations and combinations, factorials, probability.

Liquid State: Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (a qualitative description). Sirvictural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Liquid crystals: Difference between liquid crystal, solid and liquid. Classification, structure of nematic and cholestric phases. Thermography and seven segment cell.

33

Dy Registrer Assistant University of Rejerates

Guseous States: Postulates of kinetic theory of gases, deviation from ideal behalf Waals equation of state.

Critical Phenomenon: PV isotherms of real gases, continuity of states, the isotherms of van der Waals equation, relationship between critical constants and van der Waals constants, the law of corresponding states, reduced equation of state.

Moiecular velocities: Root mean square average and most probable velocities. Qualitative discussion of the Maxwell's distribution of molecular velocities, collision number, mean free noth and collision diameter. Liquification of gases (based on Joule-Thomson effect.)

INIT-III

Solid State: Definition of space lauice, unit cell.

Laws of crystallography- (i) Law of constancy of interfacial angles (ii) Law of rationality of indices (iii) Law of symmetry. Symmetry elements in crystals.

Basic concept of X-ray diffraction by crystals. Derivation of Bragg's equation Determination of Crystal structure of NaCl and CsCl (Laue's method and powder method), band incorporations. Defects in solids

Colloidal State: Definition of colloids, classification of colloids.

Solids in liquids (sols) properties-kinetic, optical and electrical, stability of colloids affi action. Hardy-Schulze law, gold number.

Liquids in solids (gels): classification, preparation and properties, inhibition, general applications of colloids.

Liquids in liquids (emulsions): types of emulsions, preparation. Emulsifier

TINIT V

Chemical Kinetics: Chemical kinetics and its scope, rate of a reaction, factors influencing the rate of a reaction, concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst. Concentration dependence of rates, mathematical characteristics of simple chemical reactions - zero order, first order, second order, pseudo order, half-life and mean-life. Determination of the order of reactions - differential method, method of integration, method of half-life period and isolation method.

Radioactive decay as a first order phenomenon.

Experimental methods of chemical kinetics, conductometric, potentiometric, optical methods, polarimetry and spectrophotometry. Theories of chemical kinetics. Effect of temporary of reaction, Arrhenius equation, concept of activation energy,

Simple collision theory based on hard sphere model transition state thec hypothesis). Expression for the rate constant bases on equilibrium constant and aspects.

Practical: CH -104: Laboratory Course -1 (4 hrs or 6 periods / week)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Separation and identification of six radicals (3 cations and 3 anions) in the given inorganic mixture including special combinations.

PREANIC CHEMISTRY

Laboratory Techniques

(a) Determination of melting point (naphthalens, benzoic acid, urea, etc.); boiling point (methanol, ethanol, cyclohexane, etc.); mixed melting point (urea-cinnamic acid, etc.).

(b) Crystallization of phthalic acid and benzoic arid from hot water, acetanilide from boiling water, naphthalene from ethanol etc.; Sublimation of naphthalene, camphor, etc.

Oualitative Analysis

Element Detection (N. S and halogens). Functional group determination (unsaturation, phenolic, alcoholic, carboxylic, carboxyl, ester, carbohydrate, amine, amide, nitro) in simple organic solids and liquids.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

(One of the following experiments should be given in the examination)

(i) Chemical Kinetics:

- (a) To determine the specific reaction rate of the hydrolysis of methyl acetate/ethyl acetate catalyzed by hydrogen ions at room temperature.
- (b) To study the effect of acid strength on the hydrolysis of an ester.
- (c) To compare the strengths of HCl and H₂SQ, by studying the kinetics of hydrolysis ethyl acetate.
- (d) To study kinetically the reaction rate of decomposition of iodide by H₂O₂ (ii) Viscosity, Surface Tension:
 - (a) To determine the viscosity/surface tension of a pure liquid (alcohol etc.) at room temperature. (using the Ostwald viscometer/stylagmometer).
 - (b) To determine the percentage composition of a given binary mixture by surface tension niethod (acetone & ethyl methyl ketone).
 - (c) To determine the percentage composition of $\frac{1}{4}$ given mixture (non-interacting systems) by viscosity method:
 - (d) To determine the viscosity of amyl alcohol in water at different concentration and calculate the excess viscosity of these solutions.

(Instructions to the Examiners) CHY 104: Chemistry Practical (Pass course)

	Marks: 50	Duration of Exam: 5 hrs.	Minimum	Pasc 1 ks: 18
	anic Chemistry			
Lx.1	Separation and ider	ntification of 3 cations and 3 anions in the	he mixture	3511
	nic Chemistry		3	
Ex.2	Laboratory Technic	ques	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Ex. 3	Qualitative Analysi	S		
	Detection of elemen	nt and detection of functional group	1 .	10
Physic	cal Chemistry			1,32
Ex. 4	Perform one of the	experiments mentioned in the syllabus.		12
Ex. 5	Viva-voce			5
Ex. 6	Record		. <u>.</u>	5
	Total			50

Dy Rossell Rajanhan

BOTANY

Scheme

Min. Pass Marks: 36 Paper I

Paper II

Paper III
Practical Min. Marks: 18.

3 hrs. Duration

3 hrs. Duration 3 hrs. Duration

4 hrs, duration

Duration of examination of each theory paper-Duration of examination of practical'sMax Marks: 100 Max Marks: 33 Max. Marks: 33 Max. Marks: 34 Max. Marks: 50 3 hours

4 hours

Note:

- 1. There will be 5 questions in each paper. All questions are compulsory. Candicate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.
- 2. Q. No. 1 will have 18 very short answer type Questions (not more than 20 words) of half marks each covering entire syllabus.
- 3. Each paper is divided into four units. There will be one question from each unit. These Q. No. 2 to 5 will have internal choice.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rejesther
JAIPUR

Paper-I Cell Biology, Genetics and Plant Breeding (2 hrs /week) Unit-1

Cell conselles and Nuclear material: Ultrastructures and functions of different cell organelles (cell wall, plasma membrane, nucleus, mitochondria, chloroplast, ribosome, peroxisomes, Lysosome, Golgi bodies and Endoplasmic Reticulum). Chromatin structure of Chromosome organization: eukaryotic and prokaryotic. Chromosome morphology; specialized types of chromosomes (Sex chromosomes, lampbrush Chromosome, Polytene observations); transposons.

Unit-2

Cell divisions: Cell cycle, mitosis: stages, structure and functions of spindle apparatus; anaphasic chromosome movement, Meiosis its different stages. Meiosis I, Meiosis II, synaptonemal complex, chiasmata formation and crossing over.

Basis of genetic material: Griffith's transformation experiment and The Hershey and Chase L'ender experiment to demonstrate DNA as the genetic material. Concept of Gene: Neurospora genetics: one gene one enzyme hypothesis;

An idea about Prokaryotic and eukaryotic structure of gene - operon concept, exons and introns,

Extra nuclear genome: mitochondrial and Chloroplast genome, plasmids;

Chromosomal aberrations: Deletion, duplication, translocation, inversion, Aneuploidy and polyploidy.

Unit-3

Genetic inheritance: Mendel's laws of inheritance and their exceptions; allelicities spiele and co-dominance, lethality) and non-allelic interactions (complementary genes) is and distinct genes). Quantitative inheritance: grain color in wheat, corolla length tabacum.

Cytoplesmic inheritance-maternal influence, shell coiling in snails, Kappa paramaecium, Multiple allelism: ABO blood groups in men

Unit-4

Plant Breeding: Introduction and objectives of plant breeding; general methods of plant breeding- in self-pollinated, cross-pollinated and vegetatively propagated crop plants: Introduction and acclimatization, selections, hybridizations, hybrid vigour and inbreeding depression. Role of mutation and polyploidy in plant breeding. Famous Indian and international plant breeders and their contribution. National and International agricultural research institutes.

37

Dy. Registrar (Acadia)

Plant breeding work done on wheat and rice in India, Green revolution

Suggested Laboratory Exercises.

- · Study of cell structure from Onion, Hydrilla and Spirogyra.
- · Study of cyclosis in Tradescantia spp.
- . Study of plastid for pigment distribution in Lycopersicom, Cassia and Capsicity
- Study of electron microphotographs of eukaryotic cells for various cell organe
- Study of electron microphotographs of virus, bacteria and eukaryotic cells for comparative study of cellular organization.
- Study of different stages of mitosis and meiosis in root-tip cells and flower buds respectively of onion.
- To solve genetic problems based upon Mendel's laws of inheritance: Monnhybrid, Dihybrid, Back cross and test cross.
- Permanent slides/photographs of different stages of mitosis and meiosis, sex chromosomes, polytene chromosome and salivary gland chromosomes,
- · Emasculation, bagging & tagging techniques -
- Cross pollination techniques

Suggested Readings:

- Choudhary, H.K. (1989). Elementary Principles of Plant Breeding. Oxford and IBM Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Gupta, P.K. (2009). Cytology. Genetics. Evolution, and Plant Breeding, Rastogi.
 Publications, Meerut.
- Miglani, GS. (2000). Advanced Genetics: Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Russel, Pl. (1998). Genetics. The Benejamins/Cummings Publishikng Co., Inc. U.S.A.
- Shukla, RtS. and Chandel; P.S. (2000). Cytogenetics. Evolution and Plant Breeding, S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Dethi
- · Singh, R.B. (1999). Text Book of Plant Breeding, Kalyani Publishers. Ludhiana
- Dnyansagar, VR (1986) Cytology and Genetics, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Roy SC, and De. KK. (1999). Cell Biology, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd. Calcutta.

Verma, PS, and Agarwal, VK. (2012). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, f. volution and Feology. S. Chand and Co. Ltd. New Delhi.

U

Dy Registrar University of

Paper II

Microbiology. Mycology and Plant Pathology

(2 hrs /week)

Unit-1

Microbiology: Meaning and Scope, history and development in the field of microbiology.

Concept of quorum sensing and biofilm

Eubacteria: general account, occurrence, morphology (structure, shapes), (lagella nutritional types, endospore, reproduction (binary fission, transformation, transduction), economic and biological importance.

Mycoplasma: occurrence, morphology, reproduction and importance.

Unit-2

Virus: General characteristics and importance Structure of TMV and Pox virus, Structure and multiplication of Bacteriophage.

Fungi: General characters, occurrence, thallus organization, reproduction, economic importance. Classification of fungi (Alexopoulos and Ainsworth's).

Plant diseases: Biotic and abiotic diseases, important symptoms caused by fungi, bacteria, viruses and MI Os (blights, mildews-downy and powdery, rusts, smuts, canker, mosaic, little leaf, galls etc.).

Unit-3

Brief account, structure, importance and life history and/or disease cycle and control of the following

Allhugo and white rust; Sclerospora and Downy mildew/Green ear disease of Bajra; Ciawceps and Errot; Peziza.

Unit-4

Brief account, structure, importance and life history and/or disease cycle and control of the following:

Puccinia and Black rust of wheat; Usulago and louse smut of wheat and covered smut of barley; Agaricus. Alternaria and early blight of potato

Suggested Laboratory Exercises:

- 1. Study of hacteria using curd or any other suitable material, Gram's staining of bacteria.
- Study of Mycoplusma, TMV, Poxvirus, bacteriophage (photographs/ 3-D models).
- Surve of symptoms of plant diseases. Downy mildew of Bajra, Green ear of bajra.

 Politics midden mosaic of blinds

Dy Registrat (Acad.)

Dy Registrat (Acad.)

University of Resistance

University IN PUR

- 4. Study of specimen, permanent slides and by making suitable temporary slides: Albugowhite rust; Sclerospora- downy mildew, green ear; Aspergillus; Claviceps- ergot;
 Ustiluxa- loose smut of wheat, covered smut of barley, Puccinia- Black rust of wheat;
 Aguricus; Peziza and Alternaria- early blight of potato y. Visit a total Balancel Charles All
- 5. Media preparation: potato dextrose agar, Nutrient agar of study Offication furies file Agarculture
- 6. Culture techniques of fungi and bacteria.

Suggested Books:

Alexopoulos, C.J. and Mims, C.W.: Introductory Mycology, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2000

Dube, H.C.: Fungi, Rasiogi Publication, Meerut, 1989.

Sarabhai, R. C. and Saxena, R.C.: A text book of Botany, Rastogi Publication, Meerut, 1900.

Sharma, O.P., Fungi, Today and Tomorrow Printers and Publishers, New Delhi, 2000.

Vashihsta, B.R. Botany for Degree Students-Fungi, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2001.

Bilgrami, K.S. and Dube, H.C.: A text book of Modern Plant Pathology, Vikas Publications, New Delhi 2000.

Biswas, S.B. and Biswas, A.: An Introduction to Viruses, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.

Clifton, A.: Introduction of Bacteria, McGraw Hill Co. Ltd., New York, 1985.

Madahar, C.L.: Introduction of Plants Virus, S. Chand and Cu., New Delhi, 1978.

Palzar M.J Jr. Chan, E.C.S. and Krieg, N.R.: Microbiology, McGraw Hill Edu London 2001.

Purohit, S.S.: Microbiology, Agro. Bot. Publication, Jodhpur 2002.

Sharma, P. D.: Microbiology and Pathology, Rastogi Publication, Meerut, 2003.

Singh, V. and Srivastava V.: Introduction of Bacteria, Vikas Publication, 1998.

Cappuccine. J. and Sherman, N.: Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual (10th Ed.), Benjamin Cummings, 2013.

Aneja, K.R.: Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi 2003.

Mehrotra, R.S. and Aggarwal, Ashok: Plant pathology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2003.

10

Dy Registrar (Aceds
Dy Registrar (Aceds
University of Released

Paper III Algae. Lichens and Bryophyta (2 hrs/week)

linif-1

General characters, Classifications (Smith) Diverse Habitat. Range of thallus structure, photosynthetic pigments and food reserves. Reproduction (Vegetative, Asexual, Sexual). Types of the life cycle: Economic importance.

Unit-2

Type Studies

Cyanophyceae - Oscillaioria, Nostoc
Chlorophyceae - Volvox, Chara:
Xanthophyceae - Vaucheria.

Phacophyceae - Ectocarpus
Rhodophyceae - Polysiphonia.

Unit-3

General characters, Origin, and evolution of Bryophtya Classification (Eichler); Habitat, Range of thallus structure, Reproduction (Vegetative and Sexual); Alternation of generations, Economic importance.

Type Studies: Hepaticopsida - Riccia. Marchantia

Unit-4

Type Studies: Anthoccrotopsida-Anthoceros, Bryopsida-Funaria

Lichens- General characters, habitat, Structure, reproduction and economic and Ecological importanted lichens.

Suggested Laboratory Exercises

- 1 Study of class work material by making suitable temporary slides and study of permanent slides of Oscillatoria, Nasyon Latin Chara Vaucheria, Ectocarpus Polysiphonia.
- 2 Study of external morphology and preparation of suitable sections of vegetative/reproductive parts of Riccia, Marchanna, Annae eros. Funaria.
- 3 Study of lichens.

Dy Registrar University Price

Suggested Readings

Bold, H.C. Alexopoulous, C.J. and Delevoryas, T. Morphology of Plant and Fungi (4th Ed.) Harper & Foul Co., New Work, 1980.

Ghemawat, M.S., Kapoor, J.N. and Narayan, H.S., A text book of Algae, Ramesh Book Deport Taipur, 1976.

Gilbart, M.Smith: Crypogamic Botany, Vol. I & II (2nd Ed.) Tata McGraw Hill. Publishing Co. III de New Delhi. 1985.

Kumar, H.D.: Introductory Phycology, Affiliated East—West Press, Ltd. New York, 1983.
Puri. P.: Bryophytes, Atmaram & Sons. Delhi, Lucknow, 1985.

Sarabhai, R.C. and Saxena, R.C.: A text book of Bolany. Vol I & II, Ratan Prakashan Mandir, Meerut, 1980.

Singh, V., Pande, P.C. and Jain, D.K.: A text book of Botany, Rastogi, & Co., Meerut, 2001. Vashista, B.R.: Botany for Degree Students (Algae, Bryophytes) S. Chaud & Co., New Delhi, 2002.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Tuniversity of Resissiban

BOTANY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B. Sc PART-1

SKELLTON PAPER

M.M. 50

			全型指揮 了。
S.No.	Practical	Regular	1 NO
l(a)	Prepare the acetocarmine stained slide of the material "A" provided to you. Draw a well labelled diagram of any one stage of nuclear division. Identify it giving reasons.	5	5 16
1(b)	Comment and solve the problem on Genetics allotted to you along with reasons.	5.	5
2	Make suitably stained glycerine-preparation of any one alga from the given mixture "B". Draw its labelled diagrams; assign it to its systematic position giving reasons.	5	5
3	Make suitable preparation of the reproductive structure of material "C"(Fungi). Draw labelled diagrams, Identify giving reasons.	5	5
4	Make suitable stained preparation of material "D" (Bryophyta (vegetative/ reproductive). Draw labelled diagrams. Identify giving reasons	5	5
3	One Microbiology experiment for comments. Or Gram's staining.	5	3
6	Comment upon spots (1-5)	10	
7	Viva-Voce	5	
8	Practical record	5)	
	TOTAL	50	50

Dy Resistrat Resistant Dy Resistrat Resistant

ZOOLOGY

B.Sc.-B.Ed.(Part-I) 2021

Scheme:

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Pass Marks: 36

Paper I

: 3 Hrs duration

33 Marks

Paper II

: 3 Hrs duration

33 Marks

Paper III

: 3 Hrs duration

34 Marks

Practicals

: 4 Hrs. duration

50 Marks

NOTE:

1. There will be two parts of every theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 (Paper I & II) or 10 (Paper III) very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering the entire syllabus.

Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, *i.e.*, three from each unit /section out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.

2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

PAPER - I: Z-101 DIVERSITY OF ANIMALS

Section - A

Biosystematics and Taxonomy

- 1. General principles of taxonomy, concept of five kingdom scheme, international code of nomenclature, cladistics, molecular taxonomy.
- 2. Concept of Protozoa and Metazoa, and levels of organization.
- 3. Taxonomy and basis of classification of non-chordata and chordata: symmetry, coelom, segmentation and embryogeny.
- 4. Detailed classification of Non- chordata and Chordata (up to suborders with examples).

Section - B

Habitat, Habit, Morphology, Structure, *Locomotion, Organs and Systems (Digestive, Excretory, Respiratory, *Osmoregulation, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, *Affinities and *Adaptations.

Note: * indicates wherever required

442

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur 1. Protozoa

:Amoeba,Entamoeba,Paramaecium,Euglena,Plasmodium,Trypanosoma and Leishmania.

- 2. Porifera: Sycon and Leucosolenia.
- 3. Coelentrata: Obelia and Aurelia.

' Section -C

Habitat, Habit, Morphology, Structure ,*Locomotion, Organs and Systems (Digestive, Excretory, Respiratory, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, *Affinities and *Adaptations.

Note: * indicates wherever required

- 1. Ctenophora: Beroe
- 2. Platyhelminthes; Fasciola hepatica and Taenia solium.
- 3. Aschelminthes: Ascaris, Dracunculus and Wuchereria.
- 4. Annelida: Neries and Leech.

PAPER – II: Z-102 CELL BIOLOGY AND GENETICS

Section - A

Cell Biology

- 1. Introduction to cell: Morphology, size, shape, characteristics and structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic animal cell; basic idea of virus and cell theory.
- 2. Cell membrane: Characteristics of cell membrane molecules, fluid-mosaic model of Singer and Nicholson, concept of unit membrane.
- 3. Cell membrane transport: Passive (diffusion and osmosis, facilitated, mediated) and active transport.
- 4. Cytoplasmic organelles:
 - (i) Structure and biogenesis of mitochondria; electron transport chain and generation of ATP molecules.
 - (ii) Structure and functions of endoplasmic reticulum, ribosome (prokaryotic and eukaryotic) and Golgi complex.
 - (iii) Structure and functions of lysosome, microbodies and centrioles.
 - (iv) Structure and functions of cilia, flagella, microvilli and cytoskeletal elements.

Section - B

1. Nuclear Organization:

- (i) Structure and function of nuclear envelope, nuclear matrix and nucleolus.
- (ii) Chromosomes: Morphology, chromonema, chromomeres, telomeres, primary and secondary constrictions, chromatids, prokaryotic chromosome.
- (iii) Giant chromosome types: Polytene and Lampbrush.
- (iv) Chromosomal organization: Euchromatin, heterochromatin and folded fiber model and nucleosome concept.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

44-[A]

J 2. Nucleic Acids:

- (i) DNA structure, polymorphism (A, B and Z types) and replication (semi conservative mechanism) experiments of Messelson and Stahl: elementary idea about polymerases, topoisomerases, single strand binding proteins, replicating forks (both unidirectional and bidirectional), leading and lagging strands, RNA primers and Okazaki fragments, elementary idea about DNA repair.
- (ii) RNA structure and types (mRNA, rRNA and tRNA) and transcription.
- 3. Genetic code and translation: Triplet code, characteristics of triplet code, protein synthesis (translation).

4. Cell in reproduction:

- (i) Interphase nucleus and cell cycle: S, G-1, G-2 and M phase.
- (ii) Mitosis: Different stages, structure and function of spindle apparatus; anaphasic movement.
- (iii) Meiosis: Different stages, synapses and synaptonemal complex, formation of chiasmata and significance of crossing over.

Section - C

Genetics

- 1. Mendelism: Brief history of genetics and Mendel's work; Mendelian laws, their significance and current status, chromosomal theory of inheritance.
- 2. Chromosomal mutations: Classification, translocation, inversion, deletion and duplication; Variations in chromosome numbers; haploidy diploidy, polyploidy, aneuploidy, euploidy and polysomy.
- 3. Linkage and crossing over, elementary idea of chromosome mapping.
- 4. Genetic interaction: Supplementary genes, complementary genes, duplicate genes, epistasis, inhibitory and polymorphic genes.
- 5. Multiple gene inheritance: ABO blood groups and Rh factor and their significance.
- 6. Cytoplasmic inheritance.
- 7. Sex determination in *Drosophila* and man, pedigree analysis.
- 8. Genetic disorders: Down's, Turner's and Klinefelter's syndromes, color blindness, Hemophilia, Phenylketonuria.
- 9. Concept of gene: Recon, muton and cistron.

PAPER – III: Z-103 GAMETE AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

Section - A

Developmental Biology: Scope and Early Events

- 1. Historical review, types and scope of embryology.
- 2. Gametogenesis:
 - (i) Formation of ova and sperm.
 - (ii) Vitellogenesis.
- 3. Fertilization: Activation of ovum, essence of activation: Changes in the organization of the egg cytoplasm.
- 4. Parthenogenesis.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur 🔉

Section - B

Developmental Biology: Pattern and Processes

- 1. Cleavage: Definition, planes and patterns of cleavage among non chordates and chordates, significance of cleavage, blastulation and morulation.
- 2. Fate maps, morphogenetic cell movements, significance of gastrulation.
- 3. Embryonic induction, primary organizer, differentiation and competence.
- 4. Development of chick up to 96 hours stage.
- 5. Embryonic adaptations:
 - (i) Extra embryonic membranes in chick, their development and functions.
 - (ii) Placentation in Mammals: Definition, types, classification on the basis of morphology and histology, functions of placenta.
 - (iii) Paedogenesis and neoteny.

Section - C

Dimensions in Developmental Biology

- 1. Regeneration.
- 2. Various types of stem cells and their applications.
- 3. Cloning of animals:
 - (i) Nuclear transfer technique.
 - (ii) Embryo transfer technique.
- 4. Teratogenesis (Genetic and Induced).
- 5. Biology of aging.
- 6. Cell death.

B.Sc.-B.Ed.(Part-I) 2021

Practical - Zoology

Min. Marks: 18

4 Hrs. / Week

Max. Marks: 50

- I. Microscopic Techniques:
 - 1. Organization and working of Optical Microscope: Dissecting and compound microscopes.
 - 2. General methods of microscopic slide preparations: Narcotization; fixing and preservation; washing; staining; destaining; dehydration; clearing and mounting.
 - 3. General idea of composition, preparation and use of:
 - (i) Fixatives: Formalin, Bouin's fluid.
 - (ii) Stains: Aceto-carmine, Aceto-orcein, Haematoxylin, Eosin.
 - (iii) Common reagents: Normal saline, Acid water, Acid alcohol and Mayer's albumin.
 - 4. Collection and Culture Methods:
 - (i) Collection of animals from their natural habitat during field trips such as Amoeba, Paramecium, Euglena, Daphiia, Cyclops, etc.
 - (ii) Culture of *Paramecium* in the laboratory and study of its structure, life processes and behavior in live state.

RJ 1000

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

II. Study of Microscopic Slides and Museum Specimens:

Protozoa: Amoeba, Euglena, Trypanosoma, Giardia, Entamoeba, Elphidium (Polystomella), Foraminiferous shells, Monocystis, Plasmodium, Paramecium, leishmania, Paramecium showing binary fission and conjugation, Opalina, Nyctotherus, Balantidium, Vorticella.

Porifera:Leucosolenia, Euplectella, Spongilla, T. S. Sycon, Spicules, Spongin fibers, Gemmules.

Coelenterata: Millepora, Physalia, Velella, Aurelia, Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Pennatula, Sea anemone, Stone corals, Obelia colony and medusa.

Ctennophora: Any Ctenophore

Platyhelminthes: Taenia, Planaria, Fasciola (WM), T. S. body of

Fasciola, Miracidium, Sporocyst, Redia and CercariaLarvae of Fasciola, Scolex, T. S. mature proglottid of Taenia,

gravid proglottid, Cysticercus larva.

Aschelminthes: Ascaris, Wuchereria, Dracunculus

Annelida : Neries, Heteroneries, Arenicola, Aphrodite, Chaetopterus,

Tubifix, Glossiphonia, Pontobdella, Polygordius.

III. Anatomy:

Earthworm: External features, general viscera, alimentary canal, reproductive system and nervous system.

Leech: External features, alimentary canal, reproductive and nervous system.

IV. Study of the Following Through Permanent Slide Preparation: Paramecium, Euglena, Foraminiferous shells, Sponge spicules, Spongin fibres, Gemmule, Hydra, Obelia colony and Medusa; Parapodium of Nereis and Heteronereis.

V. Exercises in Cell Biology:

- 1. Squash preparation for the study of mitosis in onion root tip, permanent slides of mitosis (all stages).
- 2. Squash preparation for the study of meiosis in grasshopper or cockroach testes, permanent slice of meiosis (all stages).
- 3. Study of giant chromosomes in salivary glands of *Chironomous* or *Drosophila* larva.
- 4. Study of cell permeability using mammalian R.B.C.

VI. Exercises in Genetics:

- A. Study of *Drosophila*:
- 1. Life cycle and an idea about its culture
- 2. Identification of male and female
- 3. Identification of wild and mutants (yellow body, ebony, vestigial wing and white eye)
- 4. Study of permanent prepared slides: Sex comb and salivary gland chromosomes.
- B. Numerical problems based on monohybrid and dihybrid cross.
- C. Identification of blood groups (A, B, AB, O & Rh factor)

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur vr

May Marke 50

VII. Developmental Biology:

- 1. Study of development of frog/toad with the help of Charts/Slides/Models:
 - (i) Eggs, cleavage, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail-bud, hatching, mature tadpole larvae, metamorphic stages, toadlet / froglet.
 - (ii) Histological slides: Cleavage, blastula, gastrula, neurula and tail-bud stage.
- 2. Study of development of chick with the help of whole mounts/Charts/Slides/Models
 - (i) 18 hrs, 21 hrs, 24 hrs, 33 hrs, 48 hrs, 72 hrs and 96 hrs of incubation.
 - (ii) Primitive streak stage in living embryo, if possible, after removal of the blastoderm from the egg.
 - (iii) Study of the embryo at various stages of incubation *in vivo* by making a window in the egg-shell may also be demonstrated.
 - (iv) Study of various foetal membranes in a 10-12 day old chick embryo.

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part - I Scheme of Practical Examination and Distribution of Marks

Min Pace Market 18

I II	HC. 4 III S. 17.	III 1 455 WEEKS, 10		ivida, itini no. Jv		
			Regular	Ex. /N.C. Students		
1.	Anatomy (any system)		6	5		
2.	Permanent Preparation		4	7		
3.	Cell Biology and Genetics		4+4	6+6		
4.	Developmental Biology		6	5		
5.	Identification and comments on	Spots (1 to 8)	16	16		
6.	Viva Voce		5	5		
7.	Class Record		5	-		
•			50	50		
			 -			

Notes:

Time d Hre

- 1. Anatomy: Study of systems of the prescribed types with the help of dissection.
- 2. With reference to microscopic slides, in case of non-availability, the exercise should be substituted with diagrams / photographs.
- 3. Candidates must keep a record of all work done in the practical class and submit the same for inspection at the time of the practical examination.
- 4. The candidates may be asked to write detailed methodology wherever necessary and separate marks may be allocated for the same.
- 5. Mounting material for permanent preparations would be as per the syllabus or as available through collection and culture methods.
- 6. It should be ensured that animals used in the practical exercises are not covered under the wild life act 1972 and amendments made subsequently

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
'Jaipur

B.Sc. Part I (Pass Course)

1. PHYSICS

seneme :

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Pass Ma	rky: "M		
Parent I	3 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 33	Min. Pasa murks 12
Paper II	3 hrs. duration	 Max Marka: 33	Min. Pass marks 12
Paper III	3 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 34	Min. Pass marks 12
Practical	5 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 50	Min. Pass marks 18

Paper-1: Mechanics & Oscillations

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of at the of short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to lifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

Unit - i:

Physical Law and frame of Reference

- (a) Inertial and non-inertial frames. Transformation of displacement, velocity, acceleration between different frames of reference involving translation.

 Galilean transformation and invariance of Newton's laws.
- (b) Coriolis Force: Transformation of displacement, velocity and acceleration between rotating frame, Pseudo forces, Coriolis force, Motion relative to earth, Focult's pendulum.
- (c) Conservative Forces: Introduction about conservative and non-conservative forces. Rectilinear motion under conservative forces, I scussion of potential curvand motion of a particle.

Unit -II:

Centre of Mass

Introduction about Centre of Mass, Centre of Mass Frame: Collision of two particles in one and two dimensions (elastic and inelastic), Slowing down of neutrons in a moderator, Motion of a system with varying mass, Angular momentum concept, conservation and charge particle scattering by a nucleus.

Rigid body

Dy. Registrar
University of Rajasthan
(AIPUR

I quantum of a motion of a rotating body, Inertial coefficient, Case of J not parallel to enkasetic energy of rotation and idea of principal uses. Processional motion of highly minutop.

1.4 - 111:

Introduction about Central Forces, Motion under central forces, Gravitational interaction, incrine and gravitational mass, General solution under gravitational interaction, Keplers Laws, Discussion of trajectories, Cases of elliptical and circular orbits, Rutherford scattering.

Damped Harmonic Oscillations
Introduction about oscillations in a potential well, Damped force and motion under damping. Damped Simple Harmonic Oscillator, Power dissipation, Annarmonic oscillator and simple pendulum as an example.

Unit - IV:

Driven Harmonic Oscillations
Driven harmonic oscillator with damping, Frequency response, Phase factor, Resonance, Series and parallel of UCR circuit, Electromechanics Galvanometer.

Coupled Oscillations

Equation of motion of two coupled Simple Harmonic Oscillators, Normal modes; motion in mixed modes, Transpent behavior, Dynamics of a number of oscillators with neighbor interactions.

Text books:

- . Mechanics (SIE). Charles Mincl.
- . Introduction to Classical mechanics, TMH
- . The Physics of Waves & Cacillations, Bajaj
- . H. Goldstein. Classical mechanics.
- . L.N. Hand, J.D. Finch. Amilytical mechanics (Cambridge, 1998).
- . Linden, E. Lifshitz, Metamica.

Paper - II (Electromagnetism)

Work Load: 2 him Letiure /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six parts of short answer type with an wer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

Dy. Registra:
(Academic)
crity of Rajasthan

50

W

UnitEsaluand Vector Fields

Concept of Field, Scalar and Vector Fields, Gradient of scalar field. Physical significance and formalism of Gradient, Divergence and Curl of a vector field Cartesian co-ordinates system, Problems based on Gradient, Divergence and curl operators. Concept of Solid angle, Gauss divergence and Stoke's theorem. Gauss law from inverse square law. Differential form of Gauss law,

Electric Field and Potential Energy ..

Invariance of Charge, Potential energy of system of (i) Discrete N-charges (ii) Continuous charge distribution. Energy equired to built a uniformly charged sphere, classical radius of electron, Electric field due to a short electric dipole, Interaction of electric dipole with external uniform and non uniform electric field, potential due to a uniformly charged sphericl shell.

Toissen's and Laplace equations in Cartesian co-ordinates and their applications to solve the problems of electrostatics.

Electric field measured in moving frames, Electric field of a point charge moving with constant velocity.

Unit II: Electric field in matter

Multipole expansion, defination of moments of charge distribution, Dielectrics, Induced dipole moments, polar non polar molecules, Free and bound charges, Polarization, Atomic polarizabilty, electric displacement vector, electric susceptibility, dielectric constant, relation between them,

Electric potential and electric field due to a uniformly polarized sohere (i) out side the sphere (ii) at the surface of the sphere (iii) inside the sphere, Electric field due to a dielectric sphere placed in a uniform electric field (a) out side the sphere (b) inside the sphere, Electric field-due to a charge placed in dielectric medium and Gauss law, Clausius-Mossotti relation in dielectrics.

Unit EI: Magnetostatics and Magnetic field in matter

Lorentz force, properties of magnetic field, Ampere's law, field due to a current carrying solid conducting cylinder (a) out side (b) at the surface and (ii) inside the cylinder. Ampere's law in differential form, Introduction of Magnetic Vector potential, Poisson's equation for vector potential, Peduction of Bio-Savart iaw using Magnetic Vector potentials, Differential form of Ampere's law.

Atomic magnet, Gyromagnetic ratio, Bohr-magneton, Larmor frequency, induced mangnentic moment and dia-magnetism, spin magnetic moment, para and ferromagnetism, Intensity of Magnetization, Magnetic permeability and Susceptibility, free and bound current dencities, Magnetic field due to a uniformly magnetized material and Non-uniformly magnetized material.

Unit IV: Maxwell's Equations and Electromagnetic waves,

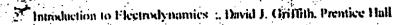
Displacement current, Maxwell's Equations, Electromagnetic waves, Electromagnetic waves in an Isotropic medium, Properties of electromagnetic waves, Energy density of Electromagnetic waves, Pointing vector, Radiation pressure of free space, Electromagnetic waves in Dispersive medium, Spectrum of Electromagnetic waves.

References:

- 1. Electricity & Magnetism; A.S. Mahajan & Abbas A. Rangwala, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Introduction to Electrodynamics; David J. Griffith, Prentice Hall
- 3. Berkley Physics Course, Vol. II

4. Fundamental University Physics Vol II: Fields and Waves; M. Alonso and E.J. Finn: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company,

m~



- Berkley Physics Course . Vol. 11
- 4. Fundamental University Physics Vol II: Fields and Waves; M. Alonso and E.F. Finn; Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.

Paper III OPTICS

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of air particular short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to lifting action will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to lifting question shall be computed and Part (B) of these questions will have internal Partics.

Unit - 1 interference:

Concept of Spatial and Temporal Coherence, coherence length, coherence time, Definition and propagation of a wave front Huygen's principle of secondary wavelets, Young's Double slit experiment. Types of interference, interference by division of wavefronts: Fresnel's Biprism. Measurement of wavelength λ and thickness of a thin transparent sheet, Interference by division of amplitude: Interference in thin films of constant thickness in transmitted and reflected waves. Interference produced by a wedge shaped film, Newton's rings, Determination of wavelength λ and refractive index μ by Newton's Rings: fringes of equal inclination (Haidinger fringes) and equal thickness (Fizeau fringes), Michelson's Interferometer, shape of fringes, Measurement of wavelength, difference between two spectral lines and thickness of a thin transparent sheet.

Unit - 2 Diffraction:

Fresnel's diffraction, Half period zones, Fresnel's diffraction at a circular aperture, strice to and a rectangular slit. Zone plate, Multiple foci of zone plate, comparison between the and convex lens, Fraunhofer diffraction by single slit and a circular aperture frau diffraction by N parallel slits with two slits as a special case, Missing order, Plane diffraction grating and its use in determining wavelength, Dispersion by a grating, Rayleigh's church of resolution. Resolving power of a Telescope and a Grating.

t nit - 3 Polarization:

Polarization. (i) Plane polarized light (ii) Circularly polarized light and (iii) Ellipsically Polarized light. Production of Plane polarized light: (i) by reflection (iii) by refraction (iii) by

Dy. Registrar
(Academic)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

double refraction and (iv) by dicaroism (Polaroid), Identification of polarized high, Quarter-theory of double retraction, Production of Circularly and Elliptically Polarized light, Quarter-wave and half wave plates. Analysis of polarized light, Optical activity. I awardisoptical Activity, Fresnel's explanation of optical activity, Experimental verification of Fresnel's theory. Specific rotation, Polarimeter, Types of Polarimeter: (i) Laurent's half shade polarimeter and (ii) Biquartz polarimeter.

Unit - 4: Quantum Optics & Photonics

- (i) Lancer Spontaneous and stimulated emission, Einstein's A & B coefficients, Energy density of radiation as a result of stimulated emission and absorption, population inversion, Methods of optical pumping, energy level schemes, He-Ne, Ruby, co. lasers.
- (ii) Holography: Basic concepts of Holography, principle of holography. Theory, construction and reconstruction of image, application of holography.
- (iii) Fiber Optics: Introduction of Optical Fiber, Necessity of Cladding, Optical fiber system, optical fiber cable. Total internal Reflection, Explanation of Propagation in light through an optical fiber.

Roference:

- 1. Optics by Brij Lai & Subramanium, S. Chand.
- 2. Optics by D. P. Khandelwal.
- 3. Principles of optics by B. K. Mathur.
- 4. Introduction to Modern Optics by A. K. Ghatak.
- 5. An introduction to Modern Optics by G. R. Fowels.
- 6. Essentials of Lasers by Allen.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Resistan

Work Load: Four hours laboratory work per week

Examination Duration: Four hours

Minimum Experiments: Total sixteen taking eight from each section.

The colleges are free to set new experiments of equivalent standard. This should be intimated and approved by the Convener, Board of Studies before the start of academic session. It is binding on the college to have experimental set up of at least sixteen experiments listed below (8 from each section). In case number of experiment performed by the student is less than sixteen, his marks shall be scaled down in final examination on pro rate basis. Laboratory examination paper will be set by the external examiner by making pairs of experiments taking one from each section out of sixteen or more experiments available at the center. Different combinations shall be given for different batch.

Section A

- 1. To study the variation of power transfer by two different loads by a Description of verify maximum power transfer theorem.
- 2. To study the variation of charge and current in a RC circuit with a different time constant (using a DC source).
- 3. To study the behavior of a RC circuit with varying resistance and capacitance using AC mains as a power source and also to determine the impedance and phase relations.
- 4. To study the rise and decay of current in an LR circuit with a source of constant emf.
- 5. To study the voltage and current behavior of an LR circuit with an AC power source.

 Also determine power factor, impedance and phase relations:
- 6. To study the characteristics of a semi-conductor junction diode and determine ferward and reverse resistances.
- 7. To study the magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil. Plot the necessary graph and nence find radius of the circular coil.
- 8. To determine the specific resistance of a material and determine difference between two small resistance using Carey Fosters Bridge.
- 9. To convert a galvanometer into a ammeter of a given range
- 10. To convert a galvanometer into a volumeter of a given range.

Section B

- I To study the random decay and determine the decay constant using the statistical board.
- Using compound pendulum study the variation of time period with amplitude in large angle oscillations.
- To study the damping using compound pendulum.

P.J. (iscad.)

5-4

- study the excitation of normal modes and measure frequency spiriting is in a two coupled oscillators.
- 5. To study the frequency of energy transfer as a function of coupling strength using coupled oscillators.
- 6. To study the viscous fluid damping of a compound pendulum and determining damping coefficient and Q of the oscillator.
- 7. To study the electromagnetic damping of a compound pendulum and to find the variation of damping and efficients with the assistance of a conducting lamina.
- 8. To find J by Callender and Barne's Method.
- 9. To determine Young's modulus by bending of beam.
- 10. To determine Y, o and n by Searle's method.
- 11. To ensure Curie temperature of Monel alloy.
- 12. To determine modulus of rigidity of a wire using Maxwell's needle.
- 13. Study of normal modes of a coupled pendulum system. Study of oscillations in mixed modes and find the period of energy exchange between the two oscillators.
- 14. To study variation of surface tension with temperature using Jaegger's
- 15. To study the specific-rotation of sugar sultion by polarimeter.

Dy. Kegistrar (Acad.)

Dy. Kegistrar (Acad.)

Indiversity of Rejeathen

MATHEMATICS

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part-I Examination-2024

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week per Theory Paper.

2 Hours per Week per Batch for Practical
(20 candidates in each batch)

Examination	Scheme:	Min.Pass Marks	Max. Marks
Science –	•	54	150
Arts -		72	200
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Duration	Max.Marks
Paper - I	Discrete Mathematics	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 53 (Arts)
Paper – II	Calculus	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 53 (Arts)
Paper – III	Analytic Geometry and		•
	Optimization Theory	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 54 (Arts)
Practical	Optimization Technique	s 2 hrs.	30 (Science) 40 (Arts)

Note:

- 1. Common paper will be set for both the Faculties of Social Science and Science. However, the marks obtained by the candidate in the case of Faculty of Social Science will be converted according to the ratio of the maximum marks of the papers in the two Faculties.
- 2. Each candidate is required to appear in the Practical examination to be conducted by internal and external examiners. External examiner will be appointed by the University and internal examiner will be appointed by the Principal in consultation with Local Head/Head, Department of Mathematics in the college.
- 3. An Internal/external examiner can conduct Practical Examination of not more than 100 (Hundred) Candidates.
- 4. Each candidate has to pass in Theory and Practical examinations separately.

Paper – I: Discrete Mathematics

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

53 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

5%

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

Unit 1: Sets, Cardinality, Principal of inclusion and exclusion, Mathematical induction, Relations and Functions, Binary relations, Equivalence relations and partitions, Partial order relations and Lattices, Chains and Anti-chains. Pigeon hole principle.

Unit 2: Boolean Algebra- Lattices and Algebraic structure, Duality, Distributive and Complemented Lattices, Boolean Lattices, Boolean functions and Boolean expression. Fundamental theorem of arithmetic, Divisibility in Z, Congruence's, Chinese reminder theorem, Euler's functions, Primitive roots.

Unit 3: Logic and propositional calculus, Simple and compound propositions, Basic logical operations, Truth tables, Tautologies and contradictions, Propositional functions, Quantifiers. Discrete numeric functions, Generating functions, Recurrence relations and Recurrence algorithms, Linear recurrence relation with constant coefficients and their solutions, Total solutions, Solution by the method of generating functions.

Unit 4: Basic concepts of graph theory, Types of graph (Connected Graphs, Regular graphs, Planar graphs), walk, Paths & Circuits, Shortest path problem. Operations on graphs (union, join, products)

Unit 5: Matrix representation of graphs, Adjacency matrices, Incidences matrices, Tree, Spanning tree, Minimumm spanning tree, Distance between vertices, Center of tree, Binary tree, Rooted tree. Hamiltonian and Eulerian graphs

Reference Books:

- 1. K.H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and it's Applications, McGraw Hill, 1999.
- 2. N.L. Biggs, Discrete Mathematics, Oxford Science Publication, 1985.
- 3. C.L. Liu and D.P. Mohapatra, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 4. T. Koshy, Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Academic Press, 2005.
- 5. N. Deo, Graph Theory, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

Paper- II: Calculus

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

53 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Series – Infinite series and Convergent series. Tests for convergence of a series – Comparison test, D'Alembert's ratio test, Cauchy's n-th root test, Raabe's test, De-Morgan-Bertrand's test, Cauchy's condensation test, Gauss's test, (Derivation of tests is not required). Alternating series. Absolute convergence. Taylor's theorem. Maclaurin's theorem. Power series expansion of a function. Power series expansion of sinx, $\cos x$, \cos

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

- ¹Un:t 2: Derivative of the length of an arc. Pedal equations. Curvature Various formulae, Centre of curvature and Chord of curvature. Partial differentiation. Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions. Chain rule of partial differentiation. Total differentiation, Differentiation of implicit functions.
- Unit 3: Envelopes and evolutes, Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables. Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers. Asymptotes. Multiple points. Curve tracing of standard curves (Cartesian and Polar curves).

Unit 4: Beta and Gamma functions, Reduction formulae (simple standard formulae), Double integrals in Cartesian and Polar Coordinates, Change of order of integration. Triple integrals. Dirichlet's integral.

Unit 5: Areas, Rectification, Volumes and Surfaces of solids of revolution.

Reference Books:

- 1. M. J. Strauss, G. L. Bradley and K. J. Smith, Calculus (3rd Edition), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education), Delhi, 2007.
- 2. H. Anton, I. Bivens and S. Davis, Calculus (7th Edition), John Wiley and sons (Asia), Pt Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
- 3. G.B. Thomas, R. L. Finney, M. D. Weir, Calculus and Analytic Geometry, Pearson Education Ltd, 2003.

Paper-III: Analytic Geometry and Optimization Theory

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

54 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Polar equation of conics, Polar equation of tangent, normal and asymptotes, chord of contact, auxiliary circle, director circle of conics

Unit 2: Sphere, Cone.

Unit 3: Cylinder, Central Conicoids – Ellipsoid, Hyperboloid of one and two sheets, tangent lines and tangent planes, Direct sphere, Normals.

Unit 4: Generating lines of hyperboloid of one sheet and its properties. Reduction of a general equation of second degree in three-dimensions to standard forms.

Unit 5: The linear programming problem. Basic solution. Some basic properties and theorems on convex sets. Fundamental theorem of L.P.P. Theory of simplex method only Duality. Fundamental theorem of duality, properties and elementary theorems on duality only.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)

'Iniversity of Rajasthan

Jaipur

Reference Books:

- 1. Hamdy A. Taha, Operations Research, An Introduction (9th edition), Prentice-Hall, 2010.
- 2. G. Hadley, Linear Programming, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. R.J.T. Bell, Elementary Treatise on Co-ordinate geometry of three dimensions, Macmillan India Ltd., 1994.

Practical

Teaching: 2 hours per week per batch not more than 20 students

Examination:				Duration: 2 Hours
Scheme		Science	Arts	
Max.Marks		30	40	•
Min.Pass Marks		11	15	
Distribution of Marks:			•	
Two Practicals one from	ea ch gi	roup	•	•
10 Marks each	=	20 Marks	(13 Marks each)	26
Practical Record	= .	05 Marks		07
Viva-voce	=	05 Marks		07
Total Marks	=	30 Marks	•	40

The paper will contain TWO practicals. The candidates are required to attempt both practicals.

Group A: Modelling of industrial and engineering problems into Assignment Problems and Transportation Problems and their solutions.

Group B: List of problems (with free and open source software tool Scilab)

- Plotting the graphs of the following functions: ax, $\sqrt{ax+b}$, |ax+b|, $c\pm |ax+b|$, $x^{\pm n}, x^{1/n}$ (n $\in \mathbb{Z}$), e^{ax+b} , $\log(ax+b)$, $\sin(ax+b)$, $\cos(ax+b)$, $|\sin(ax+b)|$, $|\cos(ax + b)|$. Observe and discuss the effects of change in the real constant a, b and c on the graphs.
- Graphs of hyperbolic functions and inverse trigonometric functions.
- (iii) Plotting and analyzing the graphs of polynomials and their derivatives.
- (iv) Complex numbers: Operations like addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, Modulus and inbuilt functions conj, imag, imult, isreal, real.
- (v) Matrix operations: Addition, Multiplication, Inverse, Transpose, Determinant, Rank and inbuilt functions eye, ones, zeros. Solving the system of linear equations.
- (vi) Solution of linear programming problems by using inbuilt functions of Scilab.

Note:

- 1. For Group A: Problems will be solved by using Scientific Calculators (non-Programmable)
- 2. Each Candidate (Regular/non-Collegiate) has to prepare his/her practical record.
- 3. Each Candidate has to pass in Practical and Theory examination separately.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur 🎷



UNIVERSITY OF RAJASTHAN JAIPUR

FACULTY OF EDUCATION

SYLLABUS

INTEGRATED PROGRAMME OF

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree (Four Year)

Annual Scheme

Academic Session 2020-21 Examination B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part – II (2021)

NOTICE

- 1. Change in syllabate to time, be made by amendment or remaking and a candidate shall, accept in so far as the university determines otherwise comply with any change that applies to years he/she has not completed at time of change.
- 2. All court cases shall be subject to the jurisdiction of Rajasthan Univeristy head quarter Jaipur only and not any other place.

diction line

conting and a

the todays a

charge than

the innext of Ca

and as only a Asyland da Dv. Registrar (Acad.)

Dv. Registrar (Acad.)

B.Sc B.Ed PART - II CONTENTS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SYLLABUS

- 1. GENERAL HINDI (COMPULSORY PAPER)*
- 2. KNOWLEDGE AND CURRICULUM(COMPULSORY PAPER)
- 3. LEARNING AND TEACHING (COMPULSORY PAPER)
- 4. PEACE EDUCATION (GROUP A)
- 5. OPTIONAL PAPERGROUP (GROUP B)
 - I. CHEMISTRY
 - II. BOTANY
 - III. ZOOLOGY
 - IV. PHYSICS
 - V. MATHEMATICS

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan

Ordinance and Regulations related to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree

01. The Objective and the Learning outcomes of the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree are-

alla karan eng disam

umi equi mitted tea evenpion ioni sa c

Objectives:

- To promote capabilities for inculcating national values and goals as mentioned in the constitution of India.
- To act as agents of modernization and social change.
- To promote social cohesion, international understanding and protection of human rights and right of the child.
- To acquire competencies and skills needed for teacher.
- To use competencies and skills needed for becoming an effective teacher.
- To become competent and committed teacher.
- To be sensitive about emerging issues such as environment, population general equality, legal literacy etc.
- To inculcate logical, rational thinking and scientific temper among the students.
- To develop critical awareness about the social issues & realities among the students.
- To use managerial organizational and information & technological skills.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Competence to teach effectively two school subjects at the Elementary & secondary levels.
- 2. Ability to translate objectives of secondary education in terms of specific Programmes and activities in relation to the curriculum.
- 3. Ability to understand children's needs, motives, growth pattern and the process of learning to stimulate learning and creative thinking to faster growth and development.
- 4. Ability to use-
- 5. Individualized instruction
- 6. Dynamic methods in large classes.
- 7. Ability to examine pupil's progress and effectiveness of their own teaching through the use of proper evaluation techniques.

(Acad.)

University of Raje

- 8. Equipment for diagnosing pupil progress and effectiveness of their own teachings through the use of proper evaluation techniques.
- 9. Readiness to spot talented and gifted children and capacity to meet their needs.
- 10. Ability to organize various school programmes, activities for pupil.

But the decade grown

Stanff Same proces

- 11. Developing guidance point of view in educational, personal and vocational matters.
- 12. Ability to access the all round development of pupils and to maintain a cumulative record.
- 13. Developing certain practical skill such as:
 - a. Black board work
 - b. Preparing improvised apparatus
 - c. Preparing teaching aids and ICT.
- 14. Interest and competence in the development of the teaching profession and education.

 Readiness to participate in activities of professional organizations.

Integrated Programme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree Shall Consist of

ers all jects

- i) First Year B.Sc.B.Ed. (1991)
- ii) Second Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iii) Third Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iv) Final Year B.Sc.B.Ed.

Duration of the Course - Four Years

Examinination after each session in theory papers

Scheme of Examination against each subject separately.

Compulsory Papers:

Year	Paper	
	Gen. English	
	Gen. Hindi	
III rd Year	Elementry Computer Application (ICT)	
IV th Year	Environmental Studies	

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Instructional System &
	Educational
II nd Year	Peace Education
III rd Year	Guidance and Counselling in
	School
IV th Year	Physical Education & Yoga

Group-B: Content of Science Subject: - A Student has to opt any three optional subject (papers) from group B which two must be the school teaching subjects.

Chemistry		I, II & III
Botany		I, II & III
Zoology	An age	I, II & III
Physics	<u> </u>	I, II & III
Mathematics		I, II & III

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III&part-IV).

Pedagogy of Chemistry
Pedagogy of Biology
Pedagogy of Physics
Pedagogy of Mathematics
Pedagogy of General Science

Direstrar (Acad.)
Of Rajasiden
Valve Strar Alpun

❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in Ist year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).

STAGEN BANK

❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B) will carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc.B.Ed Courses

Details of course and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Course are provided in Tables given below:-

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Ist Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	Paper Evaluation			
Paper	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Tota
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gen. English(Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
•	01	11000 2.682 () 4				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Childhood and Growing Up	80	20	-	100
	02					
Ш	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Contemporary India and Education	80	20	•	100
	03					
VIII	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Instructional System & Educational	80	20	-	100
•	04	Evaluation				
	(G-A)					
V	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content		 		
VI	05,	(Select any Three)				
	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34	1	50	150
&	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
			·	·	<u> </u>	750

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

De Acou.)

Aley Rashen

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IInd Year

watigy t

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	יטג	valuation			
Paper	Code	STANDA AND THE STANDARD STANDA	External	Internal	Practical	Tota	
Ī	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gen. Hindi (Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100	
	01	istande in eice et			!		
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Knowledge and curriculum	80	20	-	100	
	02	ories .					
III	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Learning and Teaching	80	20	-	100	
	03	5 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6			l		
īV	B.Sc.B.Ed	Peace Education	80	20	-	100	
	04						
	(G-A)						
V VI	B.Sc.B.Ed 05,	Content (Select any Three)					
&	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150	
	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150	
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150	
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150	
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150	
VIII	B.Sc.B.Ed	OPEN AIR / SUPW CAMP 1. Community Service 2. Survey (Based on social and educational events) 3. Co-Curricular Activities 4. Health and Social awareness programme (DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND		25 25 25 25		100	
		CLEANINESS)				850	

^{*}ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Day Taly (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IIIrd Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	E	valuation		
Paper	Code	sethical tract	External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Elementary Computer	60	-	40	100
	01	Application (ICT)			(30+10)	
		(Compulsory)*				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Language Across the Curriculum	80	20	-	100
	02	'		i		
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed-	Guidance and Counseling	80	20	-	100
	04	in School				
	(G-A)	rat Solla por				
V	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content				
VI	05,	(Select any Three)				
&	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
VIII	08(a,b)	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20		100
		(Candidate should opt any two			ļ	
:		school subject from the				
	!	following i.e. one school subject				
•		for part - 3 and other school				
		subject for Part - 4)				
		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics				
		4. Mathematics				ļ
		5. General Science				
Practicum		Special Training Programme				
		Micro Teaching				
		Practice Lesson			10	100
		Observation Lesson			50	
-		Technology Based			05	
		- recimology based			05	



LessonCriticism LessonAttendance/Seminar/ Workshop		20 10	
Final Lesson (property 2000)	100		100
Back Same To			950

Edge Charles Care

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IVth Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	Evaluation			_
Paper	Code	14 of Copart Const.	External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Environmental Studies (Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	01	sta _{nd} e,				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Creating and inclusive school	80	20	-	100
	02	ű.				
III	B.Sc. B.Ed.	Understanding Disciplines and Subject	80	20	-	100
	03					
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Physical Education & Yoga	80	20	-	100
•	04(G-A)					
V	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gender, School and Society	80	20	-	100
	05					
VI	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Assessment for Learning	80	20	-	100
	06					
VIII	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20	-	100
	08(a,b)	(Candidate should opt any two school	 			
i		subject from the following i.e. one				
		school subject for part - 3 and other				
		school subject for Part - 4)				
		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics				
		4. Mathematics				<u> </u>

Dy Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rejasthan
University of Rejasthan

	5. General Science			
Practicum	1. Practice teaching		50	
	2. Block Teaching (Participation in		20	
	School Activities Social Participation in			
	Group)		10	
	3. Report of any feature of school / case study/action research		20	100
	4. Criticism Lesson			
	Final Lesson	100		100
	'yo siga firj			800
	ere ; and			

A Month to the

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed.

Compulsory Papers*

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Gen. English
II Year	Gen. Hindi
III Year	Elementary Computer Application (ICT)
IV Year	Environmental Studies

Compulsory Paper

Year	Paper
I st Year	Childhood and Growing Up Contemporary India and
II nd Year	3. Knowledge and curriculum 4. Learning and Teaching
III rd Year	5. Language Across the Curriculum
IV th Year	 Creating and inclusive school Understanding Disciplines and Subject Gender, School and Society Assessment for Learning

Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Politar (Acad.)

Resistan

Of Rajasthan

University of Re University of Re

Year	Paper	
Ist Year	Instructional System &	
	Educational	
II nd Year	Peace Education	
III rd Year	Guidance and Counselling in	
	School	
IV th Year	Physical Education & Yoga	

Group B: (PCB and PCM Group) (Select any three)

- 1. Chemistry (I, II, III)
- 2. Botany (I, II, III)
- 3. Zoology (I, II, III)
- 4. Mathematics (I, II, III)
- 5. Physics (I, II, III)

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III & part-IV).

om Stroper (2007) Into the William (1007)

Pedagogy of Chemistry	10 00 00 00 to	, di-1
Pedagogy of Biology	و الما الما الما	7. 2. 14
Pedagogy of Physics		
Pedagogy of Mathematics		,
Pedagogy of General Science	ce	

- ❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in Ist year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).
- ❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B) will carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc. B.Ed Courses

Details of courses and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc-.B.Ed Courses are provided in Tables given below:-

< 12

Years	Papers	Marks
l Year	12Paper +Practical 18 Deal Person 19	600 +150= 750
II Year	12Paper +Practical +Practicum · ·	600 +150+100= 850
III Year	12Paper +Practical + Practicum +Final Lesson	600 +150+ 100 +100 = 950
IV Year	7 Paper + Practicum +Final Lesson	600+ 100 +100= 800
Total	43 Papers Figure 4 of the section	2400 +550+200 +200= 3350

ការជ្រឹក្សា ស្ថា (ស្រាស់) ស្រាស្រី ទៅស្រាស់ (សេស)

O. 321 The objectives of the practical work prescribed for the Integrated Programme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree (Four Year) are follows:

PART II

Practical Work

Objectives:

To develop the ability and self-confidence of pupil teachers:

- 1. To be conscious of sense of values and need for their inculcation in children through all available means including one's own personal life.
- 2. Possess a high sense of professional responsibility.
- 3. Develop resourcefulness, so as to make the best use of the situation available.
- 4. Appreciate and respect each child's individuality and treat him as independent and integrated personality.
- 5. Arouse the curiosity and interest of the pupils and secure their active participation in the educative process.
- 6. Develop in the pupil's capacity for thinking and working independently and guide the pupils to that end.
- 7. Organize and manage the class for teaching learning.
- 8. Appreciate the dynamic nature of the class situation and teaching techniques.
- 9. Define objectives of particular lessons and plan for their achievements.
- 10. Organize the prescribed subject- matter in relation to the needs, interest and abilities of the pupils.
- 11. Use the appropriate teaching methods and techniques.
- 12. Prepare and use appropriate teaching aids, use of the black board and other apparatus and material properly.

13. Convey ideas in clear and concise language and in a logical manner for effective learning.

the other process for the tight

Contract to the Action

ing an early and fine

- 14. Undertake action research.
- 15. Give proper opportunity to gifted pupils and take proper care of the back-ward pupils.
- 16. Co-relate knowledge of the subject being taught with other subjects and with real life situations as and when possible.
- 17. Prepare and use assignments.
- 18. Evaluate pupil's progress.
- 19. Plan and organize co curricular activities and participate in them.
- 20. Co-operates with school teachers and administrators and learns to maintain school records and registers.

Practical skill to teach the two school subjects offered under Theory papers VIII A/B and the following:

- 1. Observation of lesson delivered by experienced teachers and staff of the college.
- 2. Planning units and lessons.
- 3. Discussion of lesson plans, unit plans and lessons given (including criticism lesson)
- 4. Organization and participation in co-curricular activities.
- 5. Setting follows up assignment.
- 6. Evaluation in terms of educational objectives use of teachers made tests & administration of standardized tests.
- 7. Black-board work.
- 8. Practical work connected with school subjects.
- 9. Preparation and use of audio visual aids related to methods of teaching.
- 10. Experimental and laboratory work in chemistry, botany, zoology, physics, and mathematics subjects of experimental and practical nature.
- 11. Study of the organization of work and activities in the school.
- 12. Observation and assistance in the health education programme.
- 13. Observation and assistance in the guidance programme.
- 14. Maintenance of cumulative records.
- 15. Techniques of teaching in large classes.

Polytrasinan 14

O. 322 A candidate has to deliver at least 40 lessons (20 Lessons of one teaching subject in 3rd year & 20 Lessons of other teaching subject in 4th year) in a recognized school under the supervision of the staff of the college shall be eligible for admission to the examination for the degree of B.Sc.B.Ed.

all be glown by

wife & weetle, a

Notes :-

- i. Teaching subject means a subject offered by the candidate at his/her running B.Sc-B.Ed. course either as a compulsory subject or as an optional subject provided that the candidate studied it for at least two years. Thus the qualifying subjects like General English, General Hindi, Education and Environment Education. Prescribed for running B.Sc.B.Ed. Course of the University or a subject dropped by candidates at the part I stage of the degree course shall not be treated as teaching subjects.
- ii. Only such candidate shall be allowed to offer General Science for the B.Sc B.Ed Examination who had studied Chemistry and any one subject of life science i.e. Biology, Botany or Zoology.
- iii. To maintain same sequence of papers (G.A. IVth, G.B. 05/06/07 papers (Ist, IInd & IIIrd year) and 8 a/b IIIrd year and IVth year) in the four years B.Sc.B.Ed itegrated course, paper no IIIrd in B.Sc.B.Ed IIIrd year and paper no VIIth in B.Sc.B.Ed IVth year were skipped.
- O.323 No candidate shall be allowed to appear in the Integrated B.Sc/B.Ed examination I,II,III & IV Year unless he/she has attended (80% for all course work & practicum, and 90% for school internship)
- O.324 The examination for Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. for Four Year shall be in two parts-part 1st comprising theory papers & part 2 practice of teaching in accordance with the scheme of examination laid down from time to time.
- O.325 Candidates who fail in Integrated B.ScB.Ed examination in part 1 or/ part 2 the theory of education may present themselves for re-examination there in at a subsequent examination without attending a further course at an affiliated training college.

Provided that a candidate who fails in any one of the theory papers and secures at least 48% marks in the aggregate of the remaining theory papers may be allowed to reappear in the examination in the immediately following year in the paper in which he/she fails only. He/she shall be declared to have passed if he secures minimum

Polyton ar (Acad.)
On Review of Rajasthan
On Art U.

passing marks prescribed for the paper in which he appeared and shall be deemed to have secured minimum passing marks only prescribed for the paper (irrespective of the marks actually obtained by him) for the purpose of determining his division in accordance with the scheme of examination. The candidate shall have to repeat the whole examination in subsequent year in case he fails to clear the paper in which he failed.

to the confirm of

Market Company

administration is sta

- O.326 Candidates who fail in the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. examination part 1 and part 2 only in the practice of teaching may appear in the practical examination in the subsequent year provided that they keep regular terms for four calendar months per year and give at-least 40 lessons(20 in part 1& 20 in part 2) supervised lessons.
- O.326 A: A candidate who complete a regular course of study in accordance with the provision laid down in the ordinance, at an affiliated teacher's training college for four academic year but for good reasons fails to appear at the Integrated B.ScB.Ed. examination may be admitted to a subsequent examination as an Ex-student as defined in O.325 or O.326 Above.
- O.326 B: No candidate shall be permitted to appear as an Ex-student at more than one subsequent examination. The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed programme shall be of duration of four academic years, which can be completed in a maximum of five years from the date of admission to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree.

Regulation 42:-

Scheme of Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed Four Year Examination

The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. (Four years) will consist of the following components;

Part I- Main theory papers at B.Sc.B.Ed. II, In Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed II Paper nos. are 02, 03 & 04 in each session are of three hours carrying 100 marks (80 for theory + 20 for sessional) each. Compulsory paper* 01 of 100 marks and optional Paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B). in each session are three hours carrying 150 marks (100 marks theory 50 marks practical). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7. VIIIth paper practicum carrying 100 marks.

Part II- Practice Teaching - Micro Teaching, Internship, Practice Teaching of 20 weeks (10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year III & 10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year IV) Block Teaching, Criticism and Final Lesson in III & IV Year per teaching subject.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Only of Rejustion

A the Million Horald

Organization evaluation of practice teaching:

- 1. Every candidate will teach at-least 40 lessons (20 in III Year & 20 in IV Year) during practice teaching session. At least ten lessons in each subject should be supervised.
- 2. 40 (20+20) lessons as desired in the syllabus should be completed as full period class room lesson. Micro teaching lesson to be used in addition to those 40 lessons for developing certain teaching skills.
- A minimum of ten lessons in each subject will be supervised evaluated by the subject specialist or a team of specialists of the subjects.
- 4. By and large, the evaluation of the performance in the practical teaching will be based on the last ten lessons in the subject when the student has acquired some competence and skills of teaching.
- 5. The internal assessment in practice of teaching will be finalized by the principal with the help of members of the teaching staff and the same will be communicated to the university before the commencement of the practical each year.
- 6. At Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed III Year each candidate should be prepared to teach one lessons at the final practical examination. At the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year exam candidate should be prepared to teach two lessons (one in each subject). The external examiners may select at-least 10% of the candidates to deliver two lessons in Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year.
- 7. There will be a board of Examiners for the external examination for each college which will examine each candidate in at-least one lesson and a minimum of 15% in two lessons (one in each of the two subjects).
- 8. The board of Examination will consist of:
 - (a) The principal of the college concerned.

(b) A principal or a senior and experienced member of the teaching staff of another training college, affiliated to University of Rajasthan.

as by car der are re-

- (c) An external examiner from outside the University of Rajasthan or a senior member of the teaching staff of an affiliated training college.
- (d) The board as far as possible will represent Social science, language and science.
- 9. Approximately 50 lessons will be examined by the board each day.

Working out the result and awarding the division:

- (1) A candidate in order to be declared successful at the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. I, II, III & IV Year Examination shall be required to pass separately in Part I (Theory) and Part II (Practice of Teaching). White the base of the second of th
- (2) For a passing in Part I (Theory) a candidate shall be required to obtain at-least (a) 30 percent marks in each theory paper and sessionals (24 marks out of 80 and 6 marks out of 20); (b) 30% marks in each theory paper and sessional (11 marks out of 35 & 4 marks out of 15) (c) 36 percent marks in the aggregate of all the theory papers.
- (3) For passing in Part II (school internship Practice of Teaching) a candidate shall be required to obtain separately at-least-
 - ❖ 40 percent marks in the external examination.
 - ❖ 40 percent marks in internal assessment.
- (4) The successful candidates at Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed Four Year Examination obtaining total marks will be classified in three divisions and shall be assigned separately in theory and school internship Practice of teaching as follows:

Division	Theory	Practice of Teaching
I	60%	60%

II	48%	48%
Pass	36%	40%

The practical work record shall be properly maintained by the college and may be made available for work satisfaction of external examiner in school internship (practice teaching), those are expected to submit a report regarding this separately.

Dy Recistrat (Acad.)

Dy Resistan of Rajasthan

Universital PUR

B.Sc.B.Ed Part - II

型付命支持 "自己先行为"

ាស៊ីត្រាយា នា ម៉ា សុស

海绵 医水肿 化二氯

बी.एससी.,बी.एड.--01 त्ति हिंद्य ज़िला कामा

सामान्य हिन्दी

पूर्णाक-100

न्यूनतम उत्तीर्णांक-36

नोटः 36 से कम अंकलानेपरछात्रोंकोउस्तीर्णनहींकियाजायेगा।इसप्रश्न-पत्र मेंप्राप्तअंकोंकोश्रेणी निर्धारणहेतुनहींजोडाजायेगा। កក្រីឡៃ បង្អាចជ

ਲੁਸਿਕਲੀ ਹੋਈ ਜਨਮ अंकविभाजन-प्रश्नपत्र मेंदोभागहोंगे- 1. साहित्य खण्ड 2. व्याकरण खण्ड। साहित्य खण्डमेंदोभागहोंगे- गद्य भाग एवंपूद्य भाग ।प्रत्येक खण्ड के लिए 50 अंकनिर्धारितहै।

- दोव्याख्या पद्य से (प्रत्येक मैविकल्पदेना है) 5x2 = 10 अंक क
- क्षार मेर्ड इतहे हैत चक्र दोव्याख्या गद्य से (प्रत्येक मेविकल्पदेना है) 5×2 = 10 अंक ख
- --प्राप्तक विकास आलोचनात्मकप्रश्नपद्य से (विकल्प देना है) $7\frac{1}{7} \times 2 = 15$ अंक ग ទានមាយទី។
- आलोचनात्मकप्रश्न गद्य से(विकृत्य देना है) $7\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 15$ अंक घ

साहित्य खण्ड- 'क' :- गद्य-पद्य की निर्धारितरचनाएँ

गद्य भाग-

1. कहानी –प्रेमचन्द –बडे. भाईसाहब विजयदानदेथा-सिकंदरऔरकौआ

- –कन्हैयालालिमश्र 'प्रभाकर' –बयालिस के ज्वार की उन लहरोंमें 2. संस्मरण
- 3. रेखाचित्र –रामवृक्ष बेनीपुरी–रजिया
- –गुणाकरमुले– शनिसबसेसुन्दरग्रह विज्ञान
- 5. निबंध –अगरचन्दनाहटा–राजस्थान की सांस्कृतिक धरोहर
- 6. व्यंग्य शरदजोशी—जीपपरसवारइल्लियाँ
- 7. पर्यावरण -अनुपममिश्र-आजभी खरेहैंतालाब

पद्य भाग:- (कबीर ग्रंथावलीसे सं. - श्यामसुंदर दास)

- –साखी सं. –गुरूदेवकोअंग– 7,12,26,30 कंबीर सुमरनकोअंग- 10,17,24,26 विरहकोअंग- 2,6,10,18
- सूरदाससूरसागरसार –सं. डॉ. धीरेन्द्रवर्मा



विनय भिक्त पद संख्या 21,33 न्यान गोकुललीला पद संख्या 55,58 प्रदेश वृन्दावमलीला पद संख्या 10,28 प्रदेश उद्धवसंदेश पद संख्या 77,79

3. तुलसीदास —विनय पत्रिका, गीताप्रेस, गोरखपुर पद सं— 87,88,90,156,158

4. मीरां -पदावली सं. -नरोत्तमस्वामी पद सं. - 1,3,4,5,10

रहीम (दस दोहे) मन्रियहोमग्रंथावतीसंपादकविद्यानिवासिमश्र, गोविन्दरजनीश(दोहावली)

186,191,211,212,,214,218,219,220,223,224

6. मैथिलीशरणगुप्त-मनुष्यता, हमराज्य लिए मरतेहैं (गीत-साकेत के नवमसर्ग से)

7. सुमित्रानंदपन्त

—नौकाविहार

8. सूर्यकान्त त्रिपाठीनिराला कि_{र्मित} (१९०५० के मवहतोडतीपत्थर

9. सच्चिदानंदहीरानन्दवात्स्यायनअज्ञेय –हिरोशिमा

10. रामधारी सिंह दिनकर :

-विपथगा, समर शेषहै।

खण्ड– 'ख'

व्याकरण / व्यावहारिकहिन्दी खण्ड

50 अंक

1. निबन्ध लेखन- शब्दसीमा 300 शब्द

२ अंतर

2. कार्यालयीलेख- शासकीय-अर्द्धशासकीय पत्र,कार्यालय ज्ञापन,

विज्ञप्ति एवंकार्यालय आदेश, अधिसूचना, पृष्टांकन4 🗶 2= ८ अंक

3. संक्षेपण--

4 अंक

4. पल्लवन

५ अंक

5. शब्दिनर्माणप्रविधि — उपसर्ग, प्रत्यय, संधि, समास5 अंक

6. शब्द शुद्धि एवंवाक्य शुद्धि

5 अंक

7. मुहाावरे एवंलोकोक्ति

5 अंक

8. पारिभाषिक शब्दावली

5 अंक 5 अंक

9. शब्द के प्रकार-संज्ञा, सर्वनाम, विशेषण, क्रिया एवंक्रियाविशेषण

Dy Residentar (Acad.)
Dy Residentar (Acad.)
University (Rajasiban
University (Alpur)

B.Sc. B.Ed -02

agrap, Franklik

riche di xigni il.

Hagrey on Paren

Knowledge and Curriculum

Marks-100

Objectives

- 1. To create excellence in the educational system for facing the knowledge of challenges of the twenty first century.
- 2. To encourage the application of knowledge skills in the Indian educational institutions.
- To enhance the quality of pre-service and in-service teacher training.
- .4. To realize the importance of curriculum modification.
- 5. To provide awareness and understanding of social environment.
- 6. To transform teacher- pupils in to a vibrant knowledge-based society.

fert Bug bereich

Unit 1: Concept of knowledge (in the second of a

- Meaning and Nature of knowledge
- Sources of attainment of knowledge in schools with special references of Society, Culture and modernity.
- Distinctions between-Knowledge and Skill, Teaching and Training, Knowledge and information, Reason and belief.

UnitII Facts of Knowledge-

Different facts of knowledge and relationship such as-Local and Universal, Concrete and Abstract, Theoretical and Practical, School and Out of School, (With an emphasis on understanding special attributes of school knowledge)

Unit III: Concept of curriculum

- Meaning, Nature and Objectives of Curriculum, Need for curriculum in schools.
- Philosophical, Psychological, Sociological and Scientific basis of Education with reference of Gandhi, Tagore, Dewey and Plato.
- Difference between curriculum and syllabus.
- Factors Influencing curriculum.
- Various types of curriculum- Subject centered, Experience centered, Activity centered,
 Child centered, and Craft centered.

Unit-IV Child's Construction of Knowledge

• Sources of Knowledge: Empirical knowledge Vs Revealed knowledge

Rose & garage Ja

- Different kinds of knowledge:
- (a) Disciplinary knowledge: Concepts and Alternative Concepts
- (b) Course content knowledge: Criteria of Selection and Concerns
- (c) Indigenous knowledge Vs Global knowledge
- (d) Scientific knowledge Vs Religious knowledge
- Concepts of Belief, Information, Knowledge and Understanding

Unit V Curriculum Planning and Transaction

- Construction of Curriculum
- Models of Curriculum Development given by Franklin Bobbit, Ralph Tyler, Hilda Taba and Philip Jackson
- Curriculum Transaction: Role of a teacher in knowledge Construction through Dialogue, Challenge and Feedback as a Critical Pedagogue.

Tasks and Assignments

- 1. Class Test
- 10 marks
- 2. Any one
- 10 Marks
- How does school knowledge get reflected in the form of curriculum, syllabus and textbooks?
- Review of a text book of any school subject.
- Prepare a children's literature handbook.
- Seminars discussions, movie appraisals, group work, field works

References-

- Aggrawal, J.C. (2008). Knowledge Commission -2006: Major Observation and Recommendations, Educational Reforms in India for the 21st Century. New Delhi, Shipra Publication.
- 2. Balsara, M (1999). Principles of Curriculum Reconstruction. New Delhi, Kanishka Publication.

) n 23 3. Lal, R.B. and Palod S. (2015). Policy Franework and Isasues in Education. NEw Delhi, R.Lal Book Depot.

- 4. Malareddy, M. and Ravishankar, S. (1) Curriculum Development and Educational Technology. New Delhi, Sterling Publisher P. Ltd..
- 5. Mohanty, J. (2003). Modern Trends in Education Technology. (Reprint Addition 2013)
- 6. Prasad, Janardan and Kumar, Vijay (1997), Advanced Curriculum Construction. New Delhi, Kanishka Publication.
- 7. Ramesh Shukla (2005), Dictionary of Education (2005). New Delhi, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation $_{0.7}$. $_{0.7}$. $_{0.7}$ $_{0.8}$ $_{0.8}$ $_{0.8}$ $_{0.8}$ $_{0.8}$
- 8. Soti and Sharma, A. (2014). Eminent Educational Thinkers of India. Agra, R.S.A. International Publisher. Agra, Propagation 1
- 9. www.knowlwdgecommission.gov.in
- 10. www.ncert.nic.in
- 11. www.takingglobal.org/exprest/article.htm1?cid-178

B.Sc. B.Ed -03

13 0 07 007 C

Learning and Teaching

MARKS -100

Objectives:

After completing the course the students will be able:-

- 1. To get acquainted with the concept, principles and nature of teaching and learning.
- 2. To understand the different learning styles based on the difference of learners.
- 3. To study the relationship between teaching and learning and the factors which influence learning
- 4. To make use of modern information and communication technology to improve teaching-learning process.
- 5. To understand learning as a process of communication and be aware of various resources available for making it effective.
- 6. To study and analyze the socio cultural factors influencing cognition and learning.
- 7. To study and understand learning in constructivist perspective.

8. To get acquainted with professional ethics of teaching profession.

Pagelour La group

9. To study the new trends and innovations involved in teaching learning process with professional ethics.

Unit I – Learning and Teaching Process

- Teaching: Meaning, Nature, Principle, Levels, Phases and maxims of teaching.

 Difference of training and instruction from teaching.
- Learning: Meaning, Nature, Factors affecting learning and types of learning
- Relationship between teaching and learning, Resource and their development for promoting teaching learning process.
- Tradition and changes in view of the learning process a shift from teaching and learning.

Unit II - Source of Effective Teaching Learning

- Effective teaching: Meaning, component and parameters of effective teaching, classroom instruction strategies, Teacher behavior and classroom climate. (Flander's interaction analysis system)
- Instructional objectives in terms of bloom's taxonomy.
- Programming Learning: Concept, principles and types of programme learning.
- Concept of micro teaching, various teaching skills.

Unit III - Educational Technology

- Educational Technology: Meaning, Importance and Approaches.
- Model of teaching: Meaning, Assumptions and Fundamental elements of a model of a teaching suchman's inquiry training model.
- Communication: Concept, Elements and Communication skills, Teaching Learning process as the communication.

Unit IV - New Trends in teaching learning due to technological innovation

- Analysis and organization learning in diverse class room: Issues and concerns.
- Team Teaching Cooperative learning and E-learning, E-content, E-magazine, EJournals, E-Library, Issues and concerns with regard to organize teaching, learning
 process in a diverse classroom with respect study habits, ability, giftedness and
 interest of the learner

Unit V Teaching as profession:

25

- Ethics of teaching, professional growth of a teacher
- Teacher as a professional practitioner, identification of the performance, competency and commitment area for teacher.
- Need of Professional enrichment of teachers
- Professional ethics and its development

Test and Assignment:-

1

1. Class Test

10 MARKS

Salama Aliena op i 1

reclianting.

2. Any One

10 MARKS

- Preparation and practical implication of at least two technical learning resources (
 transparencies, Power Point Slides, Animated Videos)
- Identify the learning need of the learner in diverse class room with regard to their abilities, learning styles, socio cultural difference, learning difficulties and their implication for class room teaching.
- Identify the professional skills for teachers and report any two programmes for professional development of teaching organized by the school/ training college/ any other agencies.
- Conduct an Interview of any two students with multilingual background and identify the problems in teaching learning process.

REFERENCES:

- Aggarwal J.C.(2004), "Educational Psychology", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 2. Berk Laura (2007), "Child Development"; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 3. Biehler Robert and Snowman Jack (1991), "psychology Applied to Teaching"; Houghton Mifflin company, Boston.
- 4. Buzan Tony (2003), "Brain Child"; Thorsons, An Imprint of Harper Collins, London.
- 5. Coleman Margaret (1996), "Emotional and Behavioral Disorders"; Allyn and Bacon, Bostan.
- 6. Erickson Marian (1967), "The Metally Retarded Child in the classroom"; The macmillan company
- 7. Goleman Daniel(1995). "Emotional Intelligence"; Bantom Books, N.Y.
- 8. Goleman Daniel (2007), "Social Intelligence"; Arrow Books, London.

26

Dy Registrat Con Property of Raje

- 9. Henson Kenneth (1999), "Educational Psychology For Effective Teaching"; Wadsworth Publishing Co. Belmont, california
- 10. Khandwala Pradip(1988), "Fourth Eye"; A. H. Wheeler, Allahabad.

COSE Harrier Cont

In The Part .

- 11. Mangal S.K. (1993), "Advanced Educational Psychology" Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 12. National Curriculum Framework 2005, N.C.E.R.T, New Delhi.
- 13. Osborn Alex (1971), "Your Creative Power!"; Saint Paul Society, Allahabad, India.
- 14. Pringle M.K. and Varma V.P.(Ed) (1974), "Advances in Educational Psychology" University & London Press, London.
- 15. Shaffer David(1999), "Social and Personality Development" Wadsworth Thomson Learning, U.S.A.
- 16. Sharma Tara Chand (2005), "Reading Problems of Learners"; Sarup and Sons, New Delhi.
- 17. Sousa David (2001), "How The Brain Learns"; Cowin Press, Inc. A Sage Publication Company, California.

B.Sc. B.Ed -04 (G-A)

PEACE EDUCATION

OBJECTIVES:-

MARKS-100

The course will enable the student teachers to –

- to understand the concept of peace education.
- to acquire the knowledge about peaceful mind makes peaceful world.
- To understand the theory and practice of peace education
- To understand the philosophical thoughts for peace.
- To promote awareness about the existence of Conflicting relationships between people, within and between nations and between nature and humanity.
- To create frameworks for achieving Peaceful and Nonviolent societies.

UNIT I Concept of Peace

- Negative peace and Positive peace,
- Negative Peace Peace as absence of war and abolition of war, as the minimization and elimination of violence, as removal of structural violence,

Dy Rossias (Acad.)
University IAIFUR

- Peace with Justice, Peace and Nonviolent liberation technique (Satyagraha) and Disarmament.
- Positive peace: Peace as Love, Mutual Aid, Positive Interpersonal relations, Peaceful resolution of Conflict, Peace and Development, Alternative defense, living with nature and preserving Life and Eco system and Holistic Inner and Outer Peace.

Unit -2: Introduction of Peace Education

• Meaning, Concept and need of Peace Education.

ce dereithe

remaine ag Callen at l Tallande Magazia

- As a universal value
- Aims and Objectives of Peace Education
- Role of Social Agencies: Family, Religion, Mass Media, Community, School, NGO's, Government Agencies in promoting peace education.
- Current Status of Peace Education at Global Scenario.

Unit 3- Bases of Peace Education

- Becoming peace teacher-acquisition of knowledge, values and attitudes.
- Life Skills required for Peace Education (WHO)
- Areas of Peace Education: Conflict management, Conservation of Environment
- Challenges to Peace- Stress; Conflict, Crimes, Terrorism, Violence and Modernization.
- Strategies and Methods of teaching Peace Education- Meditation, Yoga, Dramatization, Debate and etc.

UNIT 4.Effective Teaching of Peace

- Peace Education for Life and Life long education, Peace Education and Removing the Bias towards Violence Correcting Distortions.
- Model of integrated Learning Transactional Modalities Cooperative Learning, Group Discussion, Project Work, Role Play, Story Telling, Rational Analytic Method – Case Analysis and Situation analysis,
- Peace Research, International classroom, International Parliament, Peace Awards, Creating Models for Peace technology development of new tools, techniques, mechanisms and institutions for building up peace and Engaging students in Peace Process.

Unit 5- Transacting Peace Education & Role of Social Agencies:

- Integration of Peace Education through curricular and co-curricular activities
- Role of mass media in Peace Education
- Programmes for Promoting Peace Education -UNESCO

Addressing challenges to peace in Multicultural Society.

All hard bearing

getan to per in

1 of Million Burn

Dr. Sarapil 1

 Role of Religion in propogation of Peace. Nelson Mandela Mother-Theresa, Vivekananda, Gandhian Philosophy in promoting Peace Education. Role of Great personalities in promoting Peace.

Tasks and Assignments

1. Class Test

10 marks

2.Any one

10 Marks

- Prepare a Role Play of Great Personalities who worked/ contributed towards
 Peace.
- Organize an activity in schools to promote Peace.
- Write a report on Gandhi and Peace.
- Write about the contribution of any two Noble prize winners for Peace.
- Prepare an album of Indian Philosophers and write their thoughts on peace.

REFERENCES:-

- 1. Adams.D (Ed) (1997) UNESCO and a culture of Peace: Promoting a Global Movement. Paris UNESCO.
- 2. Aber, J.L. Brown, J.L.A. Henrich, C.C. (1999) Teaching Conflict Resolution: An effective.
- 3. Dr.Haseen Taj (2005) National Concerns and Education, Neelkamal Publications.pvt.Ltd
- 4. Dr.Haseen Taj (2005) Current challeges in Education, Neelkamal Publications.pvt.Ltd
- 5. Mahesh Bhargava and Haseen Taj (2006) Glimpses of Higher Education. Rakhi
- 6. Prakashan, Agra-2 7. Wttp://www.un.org/cyberschoolbus/peace/content.htm.

CHEMISTRY

Scheme:

 Max Marks: 150
 Max. Marks
 Min. Pass Marks

 Paper I
 3
 33

 Paper III
 3
 34

 Paper IIII
 3
 34

 Practical
 5
 50
 18

Note: Ten (10) questions are to be set taking two (02) questions from each unit. Candidates have to answer any 5 questions selecting at least one question from each unit.

CH-201 Paper-1: Inorganic Chemistry (2 his or 3 periods/week)

Unit-

Chemistry of Elements of First Transition Series:

Characteristic properties of d-block elements. Properties of the elements of the first transition series, their binary compounds and complexes illustrating relative stability of their oxidation-states, coordination number and geometry.

Chemistry of Flements of Second and Third Transition Series:

General characteristics, comparative treatment with their 3d-analogues in respect of ionic radii, oxidation states, magnetic behaviour, spectral properties and stereochemistry

l nit-II

Coordination Compounds:

Werner's coordination theory and its experimental verification, effective atomic number concept, chelates, nonnenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds, valetice bond theory of transition metal complexes.

d niedli

Chemistry of Lanthanide and Actinide Elements:

Electronic structure, oxidation states, tonic radii and lanthanide contraction, complex formation, occurrence and isolation of lanthanide compounds.

Cremeral defines rehemistry of separation or Np. Pu and Am from U. electronic configuration, oxidation states magnetic properties, complexation behavior, comparison of lanthanides and actualles, super bency elements.

Al nicely

Oxidation and Reduction:

For for Robis Potential data, malysis of robots elected visitability in water Trotal Latitude and Pontiurs discussion. Application of redox data in the extraction of elements

Dy. Registrar (Acad.) University of Regisshan

30-A

trnit-V

Acids and Bases:

Theories: Amhenius, Bronsted-Lowry, Lux-Flood, Solvent system concept and Lewis concept of acids and bases.

Non-aqueous Solvents:

Physical properties of a solvent, types of solvents and their general characteristics, reactions in non-aqueous solvents with reference to liquid NH3 and liquid SO2

CH-202 Paper-II: Organic Chemistry (2 Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Electromagnetic Spectrum: An Introduction

Absorption Spectroscopy

Ultraviolet (UV) spectroscopy - Absorption laws (Beer-Lambert Law), morar absorptivity, presentation and analysis of ATV spectra, types of electronic transitions, effect of slovents on transitions, effect of conjugation Concept of chromophore and auxochrome. Bathochromic, hyperchromic, hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts. UV spectra of conjugated dienes and enones.

Infrared (IR) spectroscopy - Molecular vibrations, Hook's law, selection rules, intensity and position of IR bands, measurement of IR spectrum, fingerprint region, characteristics absorption of various functional groups and interpretation of IR spectra of simple organic compounds.

linit-II

Alcohols - Classification and nomenclature

Monohydric alcohols - Methods of formation by reduction of aldehydes, kerones, carboxylic acids and esters. Hydrogen bonding. Acidic nature. Reactions of alcohol with mechanism. Dinydric alcohols - methods of formation, chemical reactions of vicinal glycols, oxidative cleavage (Po(OAc), and HIO4] and pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement Trihydric alcohols - methods of formation, chemical reactions of glycerol

Phenols

Nomenclature, structure and bonding Preparation of Phenols, Physical properties and acidic character Comparative acidic strength of alcohols and phenols. Reactions of phenolselectrophilic aromatic substitution, acylation and carboxylation. Mechanisms of Fries rearrangement Clausen rearrangement, Gatterman synthesis, Hauben-Hoeselt reaction, Lederer-Manasse reaction and Reimer-Tiemann reaction

Ethers and Epoxides

Methods of formation, physical properties Chemical reactions, cleavage and autooxidation Zieśęł s method

Synthesis of a poxides. Acid and base candored ring opening of a poxidest orientation of epoxide

30 -B.

eactions of Grignard and organolithium reagents with epoxides.

Unit-III

Aldehydes and Ketones

Structure of the carbonyl group, Syntheses of aldehydes from acid chlorides, synthesis of aldehydes and ketones using 1.3-dithianes, syntheses of ketones from nitriles and from

carboxylic acids. Physical properties.

Mechanism of nucleophilic additions to carbonyl group with particular emphasis on benzoin. aldol, Perkin and Knoevenagel condensations. Condensation with ammonia and its derivatives. Wittig reaction, Mannich reaction. Oxidation of aldehydes, Baever-Villiger oxidation of ketones. Cannizzaro reaction. MPV (Meervein-Pondrof-Verley). Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, Li.AlH. and NaBH, reductions. Halogenation of enolizable ketones. Use of acetals and 1,3-dithiane as protecting group.

Unit-IV

Carboxylic Acids

Structure and bonding, physical properties, acidity of carboxylic acids, effects of substituents on acid strength. Preparation of carboxylic acids. Reactions of carboxylic acids, Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction. Reduction of carboxylic acids, mechanism of decarboxylation.

Methods of forgiation and chemical reactions of halo acids. Hydroxy acids - malic, tartaric and

citric acids.

Dicarboxylic acids methods of formation and effect of heat and dehydrating agents (succinic, glutaric and adipic acids).

Carboxylic Acid Derivatives

Structure, nomenclature and synthesis of acid chlorides, esters, amides and acid anhydrides. Relative stability of acyl derivatives. Physical properties, interconversion of acid derivatives by nucleophilic acyl substitution.

Preparation of carboxylic acid derivatives, chemical reactions, mechanisms of esterification and hydrolysis (acidic and basic).

Unit-V

Organic Compounds of Nitrogen:

Preparation of nitroalkanes and nitroarenes. Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes. Mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution in nitroarenes and their reductions in acidic, neutral and alkaline media. Pieric acid.

Amines: Structure, nomenclature and preparation of alkyl, and aryl amines (reduction of nitro compounds miriles), reductive amination of aldehydic and keronic compounds. Physical properties, stereochemistry of amines. Separation of a mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines Struckiral features effecting basicity of amines. Amine salts as phase-transfer catalysts. Gabriel-philipping reaction and Hoffmann bromamide reaction with mechanism.

Reactions of animest electrophilic aromatic substitution in arvl animes, reactions of amines with nitrous acid. Diazotisation and mechanism. Symbolic transformations of aryl diazonium salts. azo coupling and its applications

(2 Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

UNIT-I

Thermodynamics - I
Definition of Thermodynamic Terms: System, surroundings, etc. Types of systems, intensive and extensive properties. State and path functions and their differentials. Thermodynamic process, concept of heat and work.

First Law of Thermodynamics: Statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy, heat capacity, heat capacities at constant volume and pressure and their relationship. Joule's law, Joule-Thomson coefficient and inversion temperature. Calculation of w, q, dU & dH for the expansion of Ideal gases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible process.

Thermochemistry: Standard state, standard enthalpy of formation, Hess's law of heat summation and its applications. Heat of reaction at constant pressure and at constant volume. Enthalpy of neutralization. Bond dissociation energy and its calculation from thermo-chemical data, temperature dependence of enthalpy. Kirchhoff's equation.

UNIT-II

Thermodynamics -11

Second Law of Thermodynamics: Need for the law different statements of the law. Camot cycle and its efficiency, Carnot-Theorem. Thermodynamic scale of temperature.

Concept of Entropy Entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of V&T, entropy as a function of P&T, entropy change in physical change. Clausius inequality and entropy as a criteria of spontaneity and equilibrium. Entropy change in ideal gases and mixing of gases.

Third Law of Thermodynamics: Nernst heat theorem, statement and concept of residual entropy, evaluation of absolute entropy from heat capacity data. Gibbs and Helmholtz functions: Gibbs function (G) and Helmholtz function (A) as: thermodynamic quantities. A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity, their advantage over entropy change. Variation of G and A with P, V and T.

Chemical Equilibrium:

Equilibrium constant and free energy. Thermodynamic derivation of law of mass action, Le Chatelier's principle Reaction Isotherm and reaction isochore Clapeyron equation and Clausius-Clapeyron equation, applications,

UNIT-III

Phase Equilibrium: Statement and ingaining of the terms phase, component and degree of freedom, derivation of Gibbs phase rule, phase equilibria of one component system - water, CO₂ and sulphur systems

Phase equilibria of two component system - solid-liquid equilibria simple eutectic Bi-Cd, Ph-Ag systems alignifyerization of lead.

Solid solutions recompound tornation with Congruent melting point (Mg-Zn) and incongruent melting point (Not 14160) System Freezing mixtures acctone dry ice.

Liquid-Liquid nixtures Ideal liquid mixtures. Raoult's and Henry's law. Non ideal system of azeotropes, HC 1/H-O and ethanol-system systems. Partially ansorble liquids: phenol-water tower and upper consolute temperature, effect of impurity on consolute temperature. Seriest distribution lays the massly marine derivation, application.

Academic

of Rajasthan, Jaipur

Electrical transport-conduction in metals and in electrolyte solutions, specific conductance and equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance, variation of equivalent and

specific conductance with dilution.

Afigration of ions and Kohlrausch law, Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limitations, weak and strong electrolytes. Ostwald's dilution law, its uses and limitations. Debyefluckel-Onsager's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only). Transport number, definition and determination by Hittorf's method and moving boundary method.

Applications of conductivity measurements:

Determination of degree of dissociation, determination of Ka of acids, determination of solubility product of a sparingly soluble salt, conductometric titrations.

UNIT-V

Electrochemistry -II

Types of reversible electrodes: Gas-metal-ion, metal-metal ion, metal-insoluble salt anion and redox electrodes, electrode reactions. Nemst equation, derivation of cell E.M.F. and single electrode potential, standard hydrogen electrode, reference electrodes, standard electrode potential, sign conventions, electrochemical series and its significance.

Electrolyticiand Galyanic cells - reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of

electrochemical cells.

EMF of a cellaridits measurements. Computation of cells EMF. Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reactions (AG, AH and K), polarization, over potential and hydrogen

Concentration cell with and without transport, liquid junction potential, application of concentration cells. Valency of ions, solubility product and activity coefficient, potentiometric

Definition of pH and pK_a, determination of pH using hydrogen quinhydrone and glass electrodes, by potentiometric methods.

Suggested Books:

- Principles of Physical Chemistry: B. R. Puri, Sharma and M. S. Pathania,
 - A Text Book of Physical Chemistry, V.S. Negrand, S. C. Anand.
- A Text Book of Physical Chemistry: Kunduland Jain.
- The elements of Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, Oxford,
- University General Chemistry, C.N.R Rao, Mac Millan,

CH-204 Chemistry Practical (Pass course), Laboratory Course-II (4 hrs or 6 periods / week)

Inorganic Chemistry

- (i) Preparation of Standard Solutions Dilution - 0.1 M to 0.001 M solutions
- (ii) Volumetric Analysis
 - (a) Determination of acetic acid in commercial vinegar using NaOH
 - (b) Determination of alkali content in amacid tablet using HCl
 - (i) I stimulion of calcium conjent in chalk (calcaim oxalate by permangaoonich)

Dr. Rogistrar Academic

University of Rajasthan, Laipur

(d) Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA

(e) Estimation of terrous and terric by dichromate method

(f) Edination of copper using thiosulphate

Gravimetric Analysis

(a) Cu as CuSCN

(b) Ni as Ni (dimethylglyoxime)

Organic Chemistry:

(i) Laboratory Techniques

A: Thin Layer Chromatography Determination of R_f values and identification of organic compounds.

(a) Separation of green leaf pigments (spinach leaves may be used).

- (b) Preparation and separation of 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazones of acetone, 2-butanone, hexan-2-one and hexan-3-one using toluene and light petroleum (40-60) solvent
- (c) Separation of a mixture of dyes using cyclohexane and ethyl acetate (8.5: 1.5)

B. Paper Chromatography: Ascending and Circular

Determination of R_f values and identification of organic compounds.

Separation of mixture of phenylalanine and glycine. Alanine and aspartic acid, leucine and glutamic acid. Spray reagent + ninhydrin.

Separation of a mixture of DL - alanine, glycine and L-Leucine using n-butanol: acetic acid: water (4:1.5), Spray reagent-ninhydrin.

Separation of monosaccharides a mixture of D- galactose and D-Fructose Using n-butanol: acetone: water (4:5:1) Spray reagent -aniline hydrogen phthalate.

(ii) Qualitative Analysis

Identification of two organic compounds (one solid and one liquid) through the functional group analysis, determination of melting point, boiling point and preparation of suitable derivatives.

Physical Chemistry

(i) Transition Temperature

a) Determination of the transition temperature of the given substance by thermometric dialonictric method re.g. MnCb,4H₂O / SrBr₂,2H₂O₂

(ii) Thermochemisus

a). To determine the solubility of benzoic acid at different temperatures and to determine ΔH of the dissolution process.

b) To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of a weak acid/ weak base versus strong hase? strong acid and determine the enthalpy of innization of the weak acid? weak

determine the enthalpy of solution of solid calcium chloride and calculate the lating energy of calcium obloride from its enthalpy data using Bom-Haber cycle;

(iii)Phase Equilibrium 🕟

a) To study the effect of a solute (e.g. NaCl, succinic herd) on the critical solution temperature of two portially miscible liquids to g. phenot-water system) and to determine the concentration of that solute in the given phenol water system.

> d. Registre -crecmic of Rajasthan, laipur

b) To construct the phase diagram of two components (e.g. diphenylamineberr ophenone) system by cooling curve method.

(iv) Distribution law
a) To study the distribution of iodine between water and CCI4.

b) To study the distribution of benzoic acid between benzene and water.

(Instructions to the Examiner) B.Sc. Part II CH- 204 Chemistry Practical (Pass course)

Minimum Pass Marks:18 Duration of Exam:5 hrs. Max: Marks: 50 Inorganic Chemistry Ex. 1. Volumetric, Analysis. Gravimetric Analysis as mentioned in the syllabus 16 Organic Chemistry Ex. 2 identification of two organic compounds (one solid and one liquid) through the functional graffy antilysis, determination of melting point, boiling point and preparation of suitable de Alafives. Perform one experiment out of the experiments on thin layer and paper chromatography given in syllabus. 12 Physical Chemistry Ex. 3 Perform one of the physical chemistry experiments as mentioned in the syllabus. 12. Ex. 4 Viva-voce Record. Books Suggested (Theory Course) Basic Imaganic Chemistry L.A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson and P.L. Caus, Wiley 2. . Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J.D. Lee. ELBS -Concepts of Models of Inorganic Chemistry B. Douglas, D. McDaniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley Indigaple Chemistry, D.E. Shriver P.W. Aikins and C.H. Langford, Oxford, Indianal Chemistry, W.W. Porterfield Addison-Wesley ĵ Inorganic Chemistry, A.G. Sharpe, El BS 6. ... 7 Inorgame Chemistry, G.L. Aliessler and D.A. Tarr. Prentice Hall. 8 Organic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Premice Hall, Organic Chemistry, J. G. Wade Jr Prentice Hall. Land its said sof Organic Chambers, Solienners, John Willes

University of Rajasthza, faipur-

Organic Chemistry Vol. 1, 11, III S.M. Mukherji, S.P. Singh and R.P. Kapoor, Wiley Easkern Ltd. (New Age International)

- Organia Chemistry, F.A. Carey, McGraw Hill, Inc. Introduction to Organic Chemistry, Streitwicser, Heathcock and Kosover, Macmilan. 13.
- Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, International Student Edition, McGraw Hill. 14.
- Basic Programming with Application, V.K. Jain. Tata McGraw H ill. 15.
- Computers and Common Sense, R. Hunt and Shelly, Prentice Hall. 16.
- University General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao, Macmillan. 17.
- Physical Chemistry, R.A. Alberty, Wiley Eastern Ltd. 18.
- The Elements of Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, Oxford. 19.
- Fhysical Chemistry Through problems, S.K. Dogra and S. Dogra. Wiley Eastern Ltd. 20.

Books Suggested (Laboratory Courses)

Vogel's Qualitative inorganic Analysis, revised. Svehla. Orient Longman.

- Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (revised), J. Bassett, R.C. Dene0v. G.H. Jeffers and J. Mendham. ELBS.
- Standard Methods of Chemical Analysis, W.W. Scott, The Technical Press. 3.

4. Experimental Inorganic Chemistry, W.G. Palmer, Cambridge.

5. Handbook of preparative Inoganic Chemistry, Vol [& II, Braver, Academic Press.

6. Inorganic Synthesis, McGraw Hill,

7. Experimental Organic Vol 1 & II, P.R. Singh, D.S. Gupta and K.S. Bajpai, 'rata McGraw

8. Laboratory manual in Organic Chemistry, R.K. Bansal, Wiley Eastern.

- Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, RS. Furniss, Hannaford, V. Rogers, P.W.G. Smith and A.R. Tatchell, ELBS.
- Experiments in General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao and U.C. Agarwal, East-West Press. 10.
- Experiments in Physical Chemistry, R.C.Das and B. Behra, Tata McGraw Hill 11.

Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, J.13. Yadav, Goel Publishing House. 12.

- Advanced Experimental Chemistry, Vol. 1-Physical, J.N. Gurtir and R. Kapoor, S. Chand 13. & Co
- Selected Lyperiments in Physical Chemistry, N.G. Mukerjee, J.N. Ghjose& Sons. 14

Experiments in Physical Chemistry, J.C. Ghosh, Bharati Bhavan,

Dr. Kezikirst Acr demic

Unive

Rajasthan, Jaipur

BOTANY

Scheme

Min Pas Mess Page !

Paper

Paper iii Practical Min Marks: 18 3 hrs. duration 3 hrs. duration 3 hrs. duration

4 hrs. duration

Max Marks: 100

Max. Marks 33

Max. Marks 33 Max. Marks 34

Max. Marks 50

3 hours
4 hours

Duration of each theory paper-Duration of practicals

Note

- There will be 5 questions in each paper. All questions are
- 2. (1 No. 1 will have 18 very short answer type Questions (not more than 20 words) of half marks each covering entire syllabus.
- 3. Each caper is divided into four units. There will be one question from each unit. These ONE 2 to 5 will have internal choice

.37

Dr. Rogistrar Academic Universit, a. Rajasthan, Jaipur

~ (i)~

PAPER-I Molecular Bestings and Biotechnology nrs week)

t nit-l

Genetic Material: Biological, cher. Co. and physical nature of heredity material. Structure of DNA and RNA improved the Control of DNA. Nucleosome model.

DNA replication: Meseison - Stant experiment of semiconservative replication of DNA; RNA Primers, Okazaki-fragments, polymerases, DNA-Protein interactions.

Preliminary scrountrof DNA damage and repair.

Unit-2

Central dogma of life. Transcription in eukaryotes: role of promoter, gene, pre mRNA synthesis, pre mRNA processing, capping, splicing and polyadenylation.

Translation genetic code (codon), bianation, elongation and termination,

Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: Negative and positive control, attenuation and antitermination. Reverse transcriptase and its application.

Unit-3

Biotechnology, insular a definition Basic aspects of Plant tissue culture, basal medium, media preparation and asoptic confure technique. Concept of cellular totipotency: Callisting: Differentiation and morphogenesis, Micropropagation; Tissue culture and its applications. Basic concept of Protoplast culture. Araber culture, Embryo culture and their applications.

Unit-4

Recombinant DNA technology, Tools and techniques used in rDNA technology - Restriction enzymes. Vectors for you transfer Bacteriophage, plasmids, cosmids and Artificial chromosome. CDNA technology, gene amplification, Polymerase chain reaction, Application of PCR technique. DNA tingerprinting and its uses. Application of Biotechnology and Transgenis plants.

Prastičai Exerc

Lie Biementory for the at principles and uses at aronas instruments in moneration budges of the control of the form of the new and those secretages threefast framework specifically and the control of t

- Special Control of the Control of

Acrdemic

· elasthan, Jaipur

2. Media preparation

3. Aseptic culture technique

4. Explant culture-shoot tip. nodal segment

5. DNA isolation from plant parts

6. Gel electrophoresis technique

ested borns

- Gupta PK (2012), C.1: and Mulecular Biology Rassogi Publicatios, Meerut.
- 2. Gamborg Ob. and Philips Gt. 11995). Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ cultue
- 3. Dayansagar, VR. (1986). Cytology and Genetics, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Verma, PS. and Agarwal. VK. (2012). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology. S. Chand and Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. Alberts, B., Bray, DJ. Raff, M. Roberts, K. and Wasson, LD. (2001). Molecular Biology of Cell, Garland Publishing Co., Inc., New York.
- 6. Micklos, DA. Freyer, GA, and Crouts. DA. (2003). DNA Science a first course (Second Ed.), Cold Spring Harbor Lagoratory Press, NY, USA.
- Razdan, MK (11993). An Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 8. Mascirenhas, AF. (1988). Handbook of Plant tissue culture. Publication & Information Diverge R. New Delhi.
- Purohit, SS. and Meihur, SK (1996). Biotechnology fundamentals and applications.
 Agro Botanical Publishers, Bikaner
- 10. Rana, SVS. (2012). Biotechniques theory & practice (Third Ed.). Rastogi Publicatios, Meerot

Hy ITan

University of Rajasthan, Jaipur



Paper-II PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMINTRY (2 hrs /week)

L'nit-l'

Water Structure, physico-chemical properties, importance to plant 517, concept of water potential. Absorption and Transport of water: Ascent of sap: franspiration, Gestation, stomatal movement, factors affecting transpiration of the nation.

Mineral Nutrition: Essential micro and macro nutrients; their uptake, hydroponics-and nutrient requirement deficiency and texicity symptoms.

Transport of organic substances. Mechanisms of phloem transport, factors regulating the translocations of nutrients.

Unit-2

Photosynthesis: Pigments, Photosynthetic apparatus, light reaction, photo system I & II. Z scheme; photophosphorylation, C₃ (Calvin cycle), C₄ cycle, and factors affecting the photosynthesis.

Respiration: Aerobic and anaerobic respiration; RQ (Respiratory Quotient), Kreb's cycle, electron transport system, exidative phosphorylation, and factors affecting the process. Fermentation.

Unit-J

Cartivity drates. Introduction, importance, nomenclature, classification, molecular structure & function of mono, di and polymechanides, their propentes, glycosidic linkages and glycoprofein.

Proteins: Amino acids-structure, electrochemical properties, 'poptide fronds, chemical bonds and nomenches, tructure and classification of proteins, physical and chemical properties.

Luzymes: Smeture, nomenclature & classification of enzyme. Characteristics of enzymes mechanism of action, multi-enzyme system, regulation of enzyme activity.

I ipids importance of faity acids (saturated and unsaturated). Alpha and Beta oxidation. Brief introduction and application of secondary metabolities.

Lnit-4

Physics of growth and development. Seed dormancy and germination, plant movement, Biological clock their regulatory factors.

Photoperiods in & vernalisation, physiologic and mechanism of action, concept of florigen and photochrome

Planchormones auxins, gibberellins, evickionis, etc sine and ABA; discovery & physiological effects.

Suggested Readings:

option and by Salarian Company, 1999

Dr. Rogistrar

University of Rejasthan, Jaipur

- Parashar, A. N. and Bhatia, K. N.: Plant physiology Trueman Book t ompany, 1985.
- Tain. V. K.: Fundamentals of plant physiology. S. Chand & Company Ltd.,
- Verma, S. K. and Verma, Mr. A textbook of plant physiology, biochemistry and bretechnology, S. Chand Ltd., 2000.
- Nerma N. Textbook of plant physiology. ANE Books india, 2007.
- Marik C. P. and Srivastica, A. K.: Textbook of plant physiology. Kalyani rustiyaradə 1982

Practical Exergises:

- In determine the osmotic potential of vacuolar sap by plasmolytic method.
- 24.5 Its study the permeability of plusma membrane using different concentrations of prennic solvents.
- Bre kishidy the effect of temperature of permeability of plasma membrane.
 - To separate chloroplast pigments by solvent method.
 - To separate chloroplast pigments using paper chromatography.
 - 6 Le separate amino acids in a mixture by paper chromatography.
 - to prepare the standard curve of protein.
 - to demonstrate the tests for proteins in the unknown samples.
 - To demonstrate the enzyme activity . Catalase, peroxidase and amy lase.
 - 10. Le demonstrate the tests for différent types of carbohydrates and lipids.
 - 11. Broassay of growth hormone fauxin, cytokinin, cibberelling
 - 12 Demonstration of phenomenon of osmosis by use of potato osmometer
 - in demonstrate root pressure.
 - 14. To demonstrate rate of transpiration by use of potentiers?
 - 15. Photosynthesis by inverted funnel method, Moll's experiment
 - 16. To demonstrate anaerobic and aerobic respiration
 - 17. R.Q. by Ganong's respirometer
 - 18 Measurement of growth using auxanometer.

Academic University of Pajasthan, Jaipus

Paper III Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms & Palaeobotany (2 hrs./week) Unit-1

General characters of Pteridophytes, Classification (G.M. Smith). Distribution and alternation of generation. Stellar system in Pteridophytes. Eusporangiate and leptosporangiate development of Sperangia. Apogamy, and Apospory, Economic importance of Pteridophytes.

Unit-2

Merphology, anatomy and reproduction of Poliotum, Selaginella, Equisetum and Marsilea,

Characteristics of Gymnosperms, distribution and classification (K.R.Sporne).

Unit-3

Morphology, anatomy, reproduction and life cycle of Cycus. Pinus and Ephedra. Economic importance of Gymnosperms.

Unit-4

Process of fossifization, types of fossis, techniques of study of fossils. Geological time scale. Primitive land plant: Rhyma, Fossil Pteridophytes: reconstructed plants-Lepidodendron and Caranness Fossil Gymnosperm-Williamsania.

Suggested Laboratory Exercises:

- F. Study of external morphology, anatomy of vegetative and reproductive parts of Psilotum, Scloginella, Equisetum and Marxilea.
- 2.1 Study of external morphology, anatomy of vegetative and reproductive parts of Cycas.

 Pinks and Ephedra
- 5. Study of fossils and studes of fossils.
- Preparation of charts of Geological time scale

Suggested Readings

Bord, H.C. McNopolous, C. F. and Dekssorya. J. 1987 Morphology of Plant and Fungi (5th).

Hoper and Four Co. New York.

Gill and J. M. and Lorder, A.S. 1988. Morphology and Lee ones of Viscolar Plants, W.H. (1994), and C. orop. 545, New York.

15

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

University of Rejasthan

University of Rejasthan

Sharma O.J. Pieridophytes, 2000, Today and Fomorrow Publications.

Sarabhai, R. C. and Saxena, R. C. 1990. A to a book of Botany. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.

Sporne, K.R. 2002. The Morphology of Gymnosperins. B.I. Pub. Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai, Kolkata. Dellii.

Vasnishta, P.C. 2002. Pteridophytes: S. Chand & Co.New Delhi

Wisson, N.S. and Robics alt. G.W. 1993. Paraeolsotany and Evolution of Plants. (2nd Ed.). Cambridge University Press, U.K.

Singh, V. Pandey, P.C. & Jain, D.K.2013. V Text book of Botany (IV Ed), Rastogi Publications, Megrut.

Dr. kelytetal Academic University of Rajasthan, Isipur

BOTANY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B. Sc PART-II

SKELETON PAPER

M.M. 50

S. No.	Practical	Regular	Ex NO
l(a)	Comment on the Tissue culture or Biotechnology	3	5
l(b)	Exercise based on molecular biology	5	5
2	Perform the given physiological experiment and write the principle, procedure, results based on observations and brecautions involved.	7	7
3 1.0	observation giving reasons.	3	3
4	Make a suitable preparation of material "A" (Pteridophyte) (vegetative/reproductive part). Draw a labelled sketch. Identify giving reasons.	5	5
5	Make a suitable preparation of material "B" (Gymnosperm) (vegetaive/reproductive part). Draw a labelled sketch, identify giving passons.	5	5
6	Comment upon spots (1-5)	10	15
7	Viva-Vuce	5	5
8	Practical record		
	TOTAL	50	50

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University Of Rajasthan

TIME: 4 Hours

ZOOLOGY

B. Sc.-B.Ed. (Part II) - 202

Scheme:

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 36

Paper I	: 3 Hrs duration	33 Marks
Paper II	: 3 Hrs duration	33 Marks
Paper III	: 3 Hrs duration	34 Marks
Practical	: A Hrs duration	50 Marks

NOTE:

NOTE:

1. There will be two parts of every theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 (Paper I & II) or 10 (Paper III) very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus.

Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, i.e., three from each unit /section out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.

2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

PAPER – 1: Z-201 STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF INVERTEBRATE TYPES

- 1. There will be two parts of this theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus. Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, i.e., three from each unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.
- 2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur

Section - A

Habit, Habitat, Morphology, Structure, Organs and Systems (Locomotion, Digestive, Circulatory, Respiratory, Excretory, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, *Affinities and *Adaptations.

Note: * indicates whenever required.

Arthropoda: Palaemon (Indian Fresh water Prawn), Scorpion, Periplaneta, Grasshopper, Apis. Onychophora: Peripatus.

Section - B

Habit, Habitat, Morphology, Structure, Organs and Systems (Locomotion, Digestive, Circulatory, Respiratory, Excretory, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, *Affinities and *Adaptations.

Note: * indicates whenever required.

Mollusca: Pila, Unio, Sepia

Echinodermata: Asterias, Echinus, Cucumaria.

Hemichordata: Balanglossus and its phylogenetic significance

Section - C

Invertebrate Adaptations

- 1. Salient features of Hemichordata.
- 2. Evolution of canal system of sponges.
- 3. Parasitic adaptations in Helminthes.
- 4. Social organization in termites and honey bees.
- 5. Direct and indirect development in insects.
- 6. Water vascular system of starfish.
- 7. Crustacean larvae & mouth parts of insects.
- 8. Parasitism in Crustacea.

PAPER – II: Z-202 ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

NOTE:

- 1. There will be two parts of this theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus. Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, i.e., three from each unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.
- 2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan

Jaipur

km

Section - A

Animal Physiology with special reference to mammals

- 1. Physiology of digestion: Various types of digestive enzymes and their digestive action in the alimentary canal.
- 2. Physiology of blood circulation: Composition and functions of blood; mechanism of blood clotting; heart beat; cardiac cycle; blood pressure; body temperature regulation.
- 3. Physiology of respiration: Mechanism of breathing; exchange of gases: transportation of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood; regulation of respiration.
- 4. Physiology of excretion: Kinds of nitrogenous excretory end products (ammonotelic, uricotelic and ureotelic); role of liver in the formation of these end products. Functional architecture of mammalian kidney tubule and formation of urine; hormonal regulation of water and electrolyte balance (Homeostasis).

Section-B

Regulatory aspects of Animal Physiclogy

- 1. Physiology of nerve impulse and reflex action: Functional architecture of a neuron, origin and propagation of nerve impulse, synaptic transmission, reflex arc.
- 2. Physiology of muscle contraction: Functional architecture of skeletal muscles; chemical and biophysical events during contraction and relaxation of muscle fibers.
- 3. Types of endocrine glands, their secretions and functions: Pituitary, adrenal, thyroid, pancreas, testis and ovary.
- 4. Physiology of Reproduction: Hormonal control of male and female reproduction, implantation, parturition and lactation in mammals.
- 5. Preliminary idea of neurosecretion, hypothalamic control of pituitary function.

Section-C

Biochemistry

- 1. Carbohydrates: Structure, function and significance; oxidation of glucose through glycolysis, Kreb's cycle and oxidative phosphorylation; interconversion of glycogen and glucose in liver; role of insulin and glucagon.
- 2. Proteins: Structure, function and significance, essential and non-essential amino acids, transformation of amino acids: deamination, transmination, decarboxylation. Synthesis of protein and urea, fate of ammonia (Ornithine cycle), fate of carbon skeleton.
- 3. Lipids: Structure, function and significance; Beta-oxidative pathway of fatty acids; brief account of biosynthesis of triglycerides. Cholesterol and its metabolism.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

to.

Paper - III: Z-203 Immunology, Microbiology & Biotechnology

NOTE:

There will be two parts of this theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 10 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus. Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, i.e., three from each unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.

2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Section - A

Immunology....

Immunology: Definition, types of immunity: innate and acquired; humoral and cell mediated, Organs of immune system.

2. Antigen and antibody: Antigenicity of molecules, haptens, antibody types.

3. Antigen-Antibody reactions: Precipitation reaction, agglutination reaction, neutralizing reaction, complement and lytic reactions and phagocytosis.

Immunity Regulating Cells: Macrophages, lymphocytes (B and T-Types) T-helper 4.

cells, T-Killer cells, plasma cells and memory cells.

Mechanism of humoral or antibody mediated immunity and cell mediated immunity. 5.

Section - B

Microbiology

- Brief introduction to the History of Microbiology: Work of Anatony Van Leeuwenhoek, theory of spontaneous generation, germ theory of fermentation and disease: Works of Louis Pasteur, John Tyndall, Robert Koch and Edward Jenner.
- 2. The Prokaryota (Bacteria): Structural organization:

Size, shapes and patterns of arrangement.

(ii) Structural organization: Slime layer (capsule), cell envelopes: cytoplasmic membrane (inner membrane). Cell wall (outer membrane) of Gram- negative and Gram-positive bacteria; mesosmes; cytoplasmic organization; cell projections: flagella and cilia.

3. Genetic material of Bacteria: Chromosome, replication of bacterial DNA.

4. Reproduction in Bacteria: Asexual reproduction, binary fission, budding, endospore formation, exospores and cys. formation; sexual reproduction, conjugation.

> Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan

Jaipur

- 5. Microbial Nutrition: Culture of bacteria
 - a. Carbon and energy source
 - b. Nitrogen and minerals
 - c. Organic growth factors
 - d. Environmental factors: Temperature and pH
- 6. Bacteria of Medical Importance:
 - (i) Gram-Positive
 - a. Cocci: Staphylococci, Streptococci
 - b. Bacilli: Diptheria, Tetanus.
 - (ii) Gram-Negative
 - a. Cocci: Gonnorhea, Meningitis
 - b. Bacilli: Diamhoea
 - (iii) Mycobacteria: Tuberculosis, Leprosy

Section - C

Biotechnology---

7

- 1. Definition, history, scope and application of biotechnology, major areas of biotechnology (microbial, plant and animal biotechnology).
- 2. Vectors for gene transfer.
- 3. Basic concepts of animal cell, tissue, organ and embryo culture.
- 4. Genetic engineering (outline idea only): Applications of genetic engineering, hazards and regulations.
- 5. Protoplast fusion in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- 6. Recombinant DNA technology; hybridomas and their applications, PCR. DNA finger printing, DNA foot printing, RFLP, RAPD & AFLP, Human genome project.
- 7. Monoclonal antibodies and their applications.
- 8. Brief account of cloning: its advantages and disadvantages.
- 9. Biotechnology in medicine (outline idea only), antibiotics, vaccines, enzymes, vitamins, artificial blood.
- 10. Environmental Biotechnology (outline idea only): Metal and petroleum recovery, pest control, waste water treatment.
- 11. Food, drink and dairy biotechnology (outline idea only): Fermented food production; dairy products, wine, beer, vinegar and food preservation.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

Practical - Zoology

Min. Marks: 18

4 Hrs. / Week

Max. Marks: 50

I. Study of Museum Specimens:

Cnychophora

Peripatus'

Arthropoda

Limulus, Spider, Scorpion, Centipede, Millipede,

Lepas, Balanus, Squilla, Eupagurus, Crab, Mantis, Honey-bee, (queen, king, worker) Locust,

Silkworm Moth, Beetle, White grub.

Mollusca

Chiton, Aplysia, Cypraea, Mytilus, PearlOyster,

Dentalium, Loligo, Nautilus.

Echinodermata

Pentaceros.

Echinus.

Ophiothrix,

Cucumaria, Antendon.

Hemichordata

Balanoglossus.

II. Study of Microscopic Slides:

Arthropoda

V.S. of integument (cuticle): Pediculus, Bedbug,

Termite and its castes, *Cyciops, Daphnia*, crustacean larvae (Nauplius, Metanauplius, Zoea, Mysis, Megalopa, Phyllosoma), statocyst of prawn.

110 0 1 11 10 0

Mollusca

V.S. of shell, T.S. gill of Pila, T.S of sill of

Unio, Glochidium larva.

Echinodermata

Larval forms

III. Anatomy:

Prawn/Squilla

External features, appendages, alimentary canal and

nervous system; Hastate Plate

Pila

External features, pallial organs and nervous

system; osphradium, radula.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan

Jaipur

IV. Study of the Following Through Permanent Slide Preparation:

- (i) Study of different cell types -Blood smear (Wrights or Leishman stain).
- (ii) Ospharadium, gill lamella and radula of pila.
- (iii) Statocyst and Hastate plate of Prawn/Squilla

V. Microbiology Immunology and Biotechnology:

- 1. Preparation and use of culture media for microbes.
- 2. Study of microbes in food materials like curd, etc (Gram +ve& Gram-ve bacteria, Aspergillus, Mucor, Rhizopus, Penicillium, Alternaria and Fusarium).
- 3. Educational tour to any Microbiology laboratory/ Dairy/ Food processing factory/ Distillery. Collection of material may also be encouraged wherever possible. Candidates are required to submit a detailed report of the visit.
- 4. Antigen-antibody reactions-precipitation, agglutination.

VI. Animal Physiology:

- 1. Counting of red and white blood cells in the given blood sample.
- 2. Estimation of hemoglobin in the given blood sample.
- 3. Estimation of haematocrit value (PCV) in the given blood sample.
- 4. Demonstration of enzyme activity (catalase) in liver.
- 5. Study of salivary digestion of starch and the effect of heat and alcohol on salivary digestion of starch.
- 6. Study of histological structure of major endocrine glands of mammals.

VII. Biochemistry:

- 1. Detection of protein, carbohydrate and lipid in the animal tissue/food samples.
- 2. Identification of different kinds of mono-, di- and poly-saccharides in the given food samples.
- 3. Circular Paper chromatography of dyes/amino acids.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan

aihai 🏖

B.Sc.-B.Ed. (Part – II) Scheme of Practical Examination Distribution of Marks

Time: 4 Hrs.

Min. Pass Marks.: 18

Max. Marks: 50

		Regular	Ex. /N.C. Students
1.	Anatomy (any system)	6	5
2.	Permanent Preparation	4	6
3.	Exercise in Microbiology/immunology/Biotechnology	4	6
4.	Exercise in Animal Physiology	5	6
5.	Exercise in Biochemistry .	5	6
6.	Identification and comments on Spots (1 to 8)	16	. 16
7.	Viva Voce	5	5
8.	Class Record	5	- ,
		50	50

Notes:

- 1. Anatomy: Study of systems of the prescribed types with the help of dissection.
- 2. With reference tomicroscopic slides, in case of non-availability, the exercise should be substituted with diagrams/photographs.
- 3. Candidates must keep a record of all work done in the practical class and submit the same for inspection at the time of the practical examination.
- 4. Mounting material for permanent preparations would be as per the syllabus or as available through collection and culture methods.
- 5. It should be ensured that animals used in the practical exercises are not covered under the villd life act 1972 and amendments made subsequently.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan

Jaipur

Recommended Books:

1. Barnes R. D: Invertebrate Zoology, W. B. Saunders, 1969.

- 2. Barrington EJW: Invertebrate Structure and Function. 2nd edition John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1978.
- 3. Barrington EJW: The Biology of Hemichordata and Protochordata, Oliver & Boyd, London 1965.
- 4. Barrett KE, Barman SM, Boctano, S and Brooks HL. Ganongs: Review of Medical Physiology. 24th edition McGraw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., 2012.

5. Berril NJ: The Tunicates. The Roy Society, London.

- 6. Brusca RG and Brusca GJ: Invertebrates. 2nd edition Sinauer/Panima Books, 2003.
- 7. Cooper GM and Hausman RE: The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 6th edition ASM Press Washington, DC/ Sinauer/Panima Books, 2013.
- 8. Conn EE, Stumpf PK, Bruening G, Doi, RH: Outline of Biochemistry. 5th edition. John Wiley & Sons, 1987.
- 9. De Robertis EDP and De RobertisJr EMF: Cell and Molecular Biology. 8th edition Lippincot Williams & Wilkins, 2006.
- 10. David R, Burggren Wand French K: Eckert Animal Physiology. 5th edition W H Freeman & Company, New York, 2001.
- 11. Eckert R, Randail D. J. Burggen W, French K: Eckert Animal Physiology and Burggren WW & Co. Ltd., 1997.
- 12. Fox SI: Human Physiology. 8th edition McGraw Hill Education 2003:
- 13. Gardner EL, Simmons MJ and Snustad DP: Principles of Genetics 8th edition John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2006.
- 14. Giese A. C: Cell Physiology. 4th Edition, Saunders, 1973.
- 15. Glick BR., Paeternak JJ: Molecular Biotechnology, 4th edition ASM Press, 2010.
- 16. Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ and Osborne BA: Kuby Immunology. WH Freeman and Co., New York, 2002.
- 17. Grant: Biology of Developmental System
- 18. Gupta PK. Genetics: Classical to Modern. Rastogi Publications. 2007.
- 19. Hall JE: Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology. 12th edition Saunders Publications, 2010.
- 20. Hill RW, Wyse GA, Anderson M: Animal Physiology. 3rd edition Sinauer Associates Inc.USA, 2012.
- 21. Hyman LH: The Invertebrates, Vol. 6, McGraw Hill.
- 22. Jordan EL and Verma PS: Invertebrate Zoology.S. Chand & Company Ltd., 2012.
- 23. Karp G: Cell & Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments.7th editionJohn Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2013.
- 24. Kotpal RL: Modern Text Book of Zoology:Invertebrates.Rastogi Publications, 2012.
- 25. Lal SS: Practical Zoology Invertebrate. 11th revised editionRastogi Publications, 2014.
- 26. Lehninger AL: Biochemistry. 2nd edition Kalyani Publishers, 1991.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur

- 27. Lal SS: Practical Zoology Invertebrate. 11th revised edition, Rastogi Publications, 2014.
- 28. Lehninger AL: Biochemistry. Kalyani Publisher, 2008.
- 29. Lodish H, Berk A, Kaiser CA, Krieger M, Bertscher A, Ploegh H, Amon A, Scott M P. Molecular Cell Biology. 7th edition. Mac Millian High Education (International edition) England, 2013.
- 30. Meyers R. A: Molecular Biology and Biotechnology (A comprehensive Desk References John Wiley & Sons, 1995.
- 31. Murphy K: Janeway's Immunology. Garland Science; 8th edition, 2011.
- 32. Nelson DL and Cox MM: Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. 5th edition W. H. Freeman, 2008.
- 33. Nelson DL and Cox MM: Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. 6th edition W. H. Freeman, 2013.
- 34. Owen J, Punt J, Stranford S: Kuby Immunology. 7th edition WH Freeman & Co. Ltd., 2013.
- 35. Old RW and Primrose SB: Principles of Gene Manipulation: An Introduction to Genetic Engineering, University of California, 1980.
- 36. Sastry KV: Animal Physiology and Biochemistry. 2nd edition Rastogi Publications, 2014-15.
- 37. Vander AJ, Sheerman J, Liciano D: Human Physiology: The Mechanics of Body Function. McGraw Hill Cc., New York, 1998.
- 38. Verma PS and Jordan EL: Invertebrate Zoology. S Chand &Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 2001.
- 39. Verma PS, Tyagi BS, Agarwal VK: Animal Physiology. 6th edition S. Chand& Co., 2004.
- 40. Voet D and Voet JG: Biochemistry, 4th edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2011.
- 41. Voet D and Voet JG: Biochemistry. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1990.
- 42. Verma PS: A Manual of Practical Zoology: Invertebrates. S.Chand &Co. Ltd.New Delhi, 1971.
- 43. Voet D and Voet JG: Biochemistry, 4th edition, John Wiley & SonsInc., 2011.
- 44. Wake MH: Hyman's Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy. 3rdedition University of Chicago Press Ltd., London, 1992.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan

Jaipur

I. PHYSICS

Scheme :			Max, Marks: 100
Min. Pass Ma			mater than according \$9.
Paper I	3 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 33	Min. Pusa murks 12
Paper II	3 hrs. duration.	Max. Marke: 33	Min, Pasa murks 12
Paper III	3 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 34	Min. Pass marks 12
Practicul	5 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 50	Min. Pasa marka 18

Paper-1: Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Framination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six parts of short answer live with answer not exceeding baif a page. Remaining four questions will be set with the from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (D) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

Unit-1

Therms! and adiabatic interactions: Thermal interaction; Zeroth law of thermodynamics; System in thermal contact with a heat reservoir (canonical distribution); Energy fluctuations: Entropy of a system in a heat bath: Helmholtz free energy; Adiabatic interaction and enthalpy; General interaction and first law of thermodynamics; Infinitesimal general interaction; Gibb's free energy: Phase transitions; Clausius Clapeyron equation; Vapour pressure curve; Heat engine and officiency of engine. Carnot's Cycle; Thermodynamic scale as an absolute scale; Maxwell relations and their applications.

Unit-2

Production of law temperatures and applications: Joule Thomson expansion and J t coefficients for ideal as well as Vander Waal's gas, porous plug experiment, temperature inversion, Regenerative cooling, Cooling by adiabatic expansion and demagnetization; Liquid Helium, He I and He II superfludity, Refrigeration through Helium dilution, Quest for absolute zero, Nernst heat theorem.

The distribution of molecular velocities: Distribution law of molecular velocities, most probable having and t.m.s. velocities; Energy distribution function; effection and molecular beam Experimental verification of the Maxwell velocity distribution; The principle of equipartition of energy.

Transport phenomena: Mean free path, distribution of free paths, coefficients of viscosity, thermal conductivity, diffusion and their interaction.

Unit-3

Classical Statistics: Validity of Classical approximation; Phase space, micro and macro states. Thermodynamic probability, relation between entropy and thermodynamic probability; Monoatomic ideal gas. Barometric equation; Specific heat capacity of diatomic gas, from expective of solids.

Dy. Registrar
(Academic)
University of Rajasthan
(BUAIPUR

Quantum Statistics: Black body radiation and failure of classical statistics; Postulates of quantum statistics, inclistinguishibility, wave function and exchange degeneracy, a priori-probability; Bose-Finstein statistics and its distribution function; Planck distribution function and radiation formula, Termi-Dirac statistics and its distribution function, contact potential, thermionic emission; Specific heat anomaly of metals; Nuclear spin statistics (pura- and ortho-hydrogen).

Puper- II: Mathematical Physics and Special Theory of Relativity

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six parts of abort animer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts increase (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

UNIT-1

Orthogonal curvilinear coordinate system, scale factors, expression for gradient, divergence, curl and their application to Cartesian, circular cylindrical and spherical polar coordinate.

Coordinate transformation and Jacobian, transformation of covariant, contra-variant and mixed tensor: Addition, multiplication and contraction of tensors; Metric tensor and its use in transformation of tensors.

Dirac delta function and its properties.

UNIT-2

Lorentz transformation, Length Contraction, Time Dilation, Mass variation, rotation in space-time like and space like vector, world line, macro-causality.

Four vector formulation, energy momentum four vector, relativistic equation of motion, invariance of rest mass, orthogonality of four force and four velocity. Lorentz force as an example of four force, transformation of four frequency vector, tongitudinal and transverse Dogs ler's effect.

Fransformation between laboratory and center of mass system, four momentum conservation, kinematics of decay products of unstable particles and reaction thresholds: Pair production, irrelastic collision of two particles. Compton effect.

UNIT-3

(a) Transformation of electric and magnetic fields between two inertial frames. Electric field measured in moving frames. Electric field of a point charge moving with constant velocity.

(b) The second order linear differential equation with variable coefficient and singular points, series solution method and its application to the Hermite's, Legendre's and Laguerre's differential equations: Basic properties like orthogonality, recurrence relation, graphical representation and generating function of Hermite, Lagendre and Leguerre functions (simple applications)

Dy. Registrar
(Acad mic)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

m

feelinques of separation of variables and its application to following boundary value problems (i) I aplace equation in three dimensional Cartesian coordinate system-line charge between two earthed parallel plates (ii) Helinlichz equation in circular cylindrical coordinates-cylindrical resonant cavity. (iii) Wave equation in spherical polar coordinates the vibrations of a circular membrane. (iv) Diffusion equation in two dimensional Cartesian coordinate system heat conduction in a thin rectangular plate. (v) Laplace equation in spherical coordinate system-electric potential around a spherical surface.

Paper III: Electronics and Solid State Devices

Work Loud: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of ten marks comprising of five parts of short answer in the parts of short answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

Unit 1: Circuit analysis and PN junctions

Circuit analysis: Networks- some important definitions, loop and nodal equation based on D.C. and A.C. circuits (Kirchhoffs Laws). Four terminal network: Ampere volt conventions, open, close and hybrid parameters of any four terminal network, input, output and mutual impendence for an active four terminal network. Various circuit theorems: Superposition. Thevenin. Norton, reciprocity, compensation, maximum power transfer and Miller theorems.

PN junction: Charge densities in N and P materials: Conduction by drift and diffusion of charge carriers. PN diode equation: capacitance effects.

Unit 2: Rectifiers and trausistors

Rectifiers: Busic idea of Half-wave, full wave and bridge rectifier: calculation of ripple factor, efficiency and regulation: Filters: series inductor, shunt capacitor. L section and n-section filters. Voltage regulation and voltage stabilization by Zener diode, voltage multiplier.

Transisters: Notations and volt-ampere characteristics for bipolar Linctions transistor. Concept of load line and operating point Hybrid parameters. CB, CE, CC configurations. Junction field effect transistor (MOSFET). Circuit symbols, blasing and volt-ampere characteristics, source follower operation of FET as variable voltage resister.

Unit 3: Transistor bissing and amplifiers

Transistor biasing: Need of bias and stability of Q point, stability factors, and various types of bias circuits for thermal bias stability: fixed bias, collector to base feedback bias and four resistor bias

Dy. Registrar
(Academic)
Jaiversity of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

็นถึ

Amplifiers: Analysis of transistor amplifiers using hybrid parameters and its gain-frequency response, basis identify ascade amplifiers, direct coupled and R.C complet amplifiers, Amplifier with feedback. Concept of feedback, positive and negative feedback, voltage and current feedback circuits. Advantage of negative feedback: Stabilization of gam; effect of negative feedback on corput and input resistance, reduction of nonlinear distortion, effect on gain frequency response

linit 4: Oscillators and Logic Circuits

Oscillators criteria for self-excited and self-sustained oscillation, circuit requirement for buildup of oscillation, thisic transistor oscillator circuit and its analysis, Culpitt's and Hartely oscillators, R.C.Oscillators

Logic circultar Logic fundamentals. AND, OR, NOT, NOR, NAND, XOR gates, Boolean algebra. De Morgan's theorem, positive and negative logic, logic gates circuit realization using DTI and HI logic, simplification of Boolean expressions. ...

Reference Books:-

- 1. John D. Ryder, Electronic Fundamentals and Application, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. 11d. New Delhi.
- Here and Christose Haikles, Integrated Electronics, Analog and Digital Cleuits and systems: McGraw-Hill Ltd. (1972).
- 4. Albert Paul Malvino, Digital Computer Electronics, Tata McCiraw-Hili Pub, Co. Ltd., New Delhi (1983).
- Kumar & Gupta, Hand book of Electronics.
- G K. Mithal, Hand Book of Electronics.
- G.K. Mithal, Electronics Devices and Applications.
- R.P. Jain, Digital Electronics.

Dy. Registrar (Academic) ly of Rajasthan JAIPUR

University of Refestions

7. G.K. Mithal, Electronics Devices and Applications:

8. R.P. Jain, Digital Electronics.

PRACTICAL

Teaching: 4 hrs/week

Fractical One Paper

S'lus, durâtion

and the second

Min Pass Marks: 18

· Max: Marks : 50

Note: Total number of experiments to be performed by the state of students during the session should be 16 selecting any 8 from each section.

Section-A .

Study of dependence of velocity of wave propagation on line parameter using torsional wave apparatus.

- 2. Study of variation of reflection coefficient of nature of fermina and the study of variation of reflection coefficient of mature of the study of
- 3. Using platinum resistance thermometer find the melting point of agiven substance.
- 4. Using Newton's sings method find out the wave length of a monochromatic source and find the refractive index of liquid.
- 5. Using Micheleson's interferometer find out the wavelength of discourse (Sodium Light)
- 6. To determine dispersive power of prism.
- 7. To determine wave length of sodium light using grating.
- 8. To determine wave length of sodium light using Biprism?
- 9. Determine the thermodynamic constant $Y = \frac{C_y}{C_y}$ rusing Clomicants & Desorme's method.
- 10. To determine thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee's' method.
- Determination of ballistic constant of a ballistic galvariometer.
- 1. Plot thermo emf versus temperature graph and find the neutral temperature (Use sand both).
- 2. Study of power supply using two diodes/bridge rectifier with various filter circuits.

Dr. Registrar

University of Rajasthan, Jaipur

••

(7

Syllabus: B.Sc. Part II

- 3. Study of half wave recidier using single diode and application? of L and n section-filters.
- 4. To study characteristics of a given transistor PNP/NPN (common emitter, common base and common collector configuriainos).
- 5. Determination of band gap using a junction diode.
- , 6. Determinations of power factor (costs) of a given coil using
- 37. Study of single stage transistors and amplificit (variation of the stage) But the transfer grain-with-frequency). The transfer whom the agrees
- 3. To determine selve by Thomson somethod.
- 9. Determination of welocity of sound in air by stabiling wave method using speaker, microphone and GRO.
- \$10. Weasurement of codoctance of actiliby Atilierson's Dridge.
- 11. Measurement of capacitance and dielectric constitute of a liquid and gang condensor by de Sauty bridge.

Dr. Registrar Academic

University of Rajasthan, Jaipur

ALIATHEMATICS

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part-II 2021

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week per Theory Paper.

2 Hours per Week per Batch for Practical

Examination Scheme:

•	Min.Pass Marks	•	Max. Marks
	Science – 54 Arts – 72		150 200
Paper – I	Real Analysis	Duration 3 hrs.	Max. Marks 40 (Science) 53 (Arts)
Paper-II	Differential Equations	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 53 (Arts)
Paper – III	Numerical Analysis	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 54 (Arts)
Practical		2 hrs.	30 (Science) 40 (Arts)

Note:

- 1. Common paper will be set for both the Faculties of Social Science and Science. However, the marks obtained by the candidate in the case of Faculty of Social Science will be converted according to the ratio of the maximum marks of the papers in the two Faculties.
- 2. Each candidate is required to appear in the Practical examination to be conducted by internal and external examiners. External examiner will be appointed by the University and internal examiner will be appointed by the Principal in consultation with Local Head/Head, Department of Mathematics in the college.
- 3. An Internal/external examiner can conduct Practical Examination of not more than 100 (Hundred) Candidates.
- 4. Each candidate has to pass in Theory and Practical examinations separately.

U

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

Paper – I: Real Analysis

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Max. Marks:

40 (Science)

53 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Real numbers as complete ordered field, Limit point, Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem, closed and Open sets. Concept of compactness and connectedness. Heine-Borel theorem. Holder inequality & Minkowski inequality, Metric space – Definition and examples, Open and Closed sets, Interior and Closure of a set, Limit point of a set in metric space.

Unit 2: Real sequences- Limit and Convergence of a sequence, Monotonic sequences. Cauchy's sequences, Subsequences, Cauchy's general principle of convergence. Properties of continuous functions on closed intervals.

Unit 3: Properties of derivable functions, Darboux's and Rolle's theorem. Notion of limit, continuity and differentiability for functions of several variables. The directional derivative, the total derivative, expression of total derivative in terms of partial derivatives.

Unit 4: Riemann integration — Lower and Upper Riemann integrals, Riemann integrability, Mean value theorem of integral calculus, Fundamental theorem of integral calculus. Functions of bounded variations, total variation.

Unit 5: Sequence and series of functions — Pointwise and Uniform convergence, Cauchy's criterion, Weierstrass M-test, Abel's test, Dirichlet's test for uniform convergence of series of functions, Uniform convergence and Continuity of series of functions, Term by term differentiation and integration.

Reference Books:

- 1. K.A. Ross, Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus, Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer (SIE), Indian reprint, 2004.
- 2. R.G. Bartle D.R. Sherbert, Introduction to Real Analysis (3rd edition), John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd.., Singapore, 2002.
- 3. Charles G. Denlinger, Elements of Real Analysis, Jones and Bartlett (Student Edition), 2011.
- 4. S. Kumaresan, Topology of Metric Spaces, Narosa Publishing House, Second Edition 2011
- 5. G. F. Simmons, Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, Mcgraw-Hill, Edition 2004.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan

ipur

Paper - II: Differential Equations

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Max. Marks:

40 (Science)

53 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Degree and order of a differential equation. Equations of first order and first degree. Equations in which the variables are separable. Homogeneous equations and equations reducible to homogeneous form. Linear equations and equations reducible to linear form. Exact differential equations and equations which can be made exact.

Unit 2: First order but higher degree differential equations solvable for x,y and p. Clairaut's form and singular solutions with Extraneous Loci. Linear differential equations with constant coefficients, Complimentary function and Particular integral.

Unit 3: Homogeneous linear differential equations, Simultaneous differential equations. Exact linear differential equations of nth order. Existence and uniqueness theorem.

Unit 4: Linear differential equations of second order. Linear independence of solutions. Solution by transformation of the equation by changing the dependent variable/the independent variable, Factorization of operators, Method of variation of parameters, Method of undetermined coefficients.

Unit 5: Partial differential equations of the first order. Lagrange's linear equation. Charpit's general method of solution. Homogeneous and non-homogeneous linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients. Equations reducible to equations with constant coefficients.

Reference Books:

- 1. R.S. Senger, Ordinary Differential Equations with Integration, Prayal Publ. 2000.
- 2. D.A. Murray, Introductory Course in Differential Equations, Orient Longman (India), 1967.
- 3. E.A. Codington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall of India, 1961.

PJ 150

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur

J. P. CI

Paper - III: Numerical Analysis and Vector Calculus

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Max. Marks:

40 (Science)

54 (Arts)

Note: (i) This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

(ii) Non-Programmable Scientific Calculators are allowed.

Unit 1: Differences. Relation between differences and derivatives. Differences of a polynomial. Newton's formulae for forward and backward interpolation. Divided differences. Newton's divided difference, Lagrange's interpolation formula.

Unit 2: Central differences. Gauss's, Stirling's and Bessel's interpolation formulae. Numerical Differentiation. Derivatives from interpolation formulae. Numerical integration, Derivations of general quadrature formulas, Trapazoidal rule. Simpson's one-third, Simpson's three-eighth and Gauss's quadrature formulae.

Unit 3: Relation between the roots and coefficients of general polynomial equation in one variable, transformation of equations, Descarte's rule of signs, solution of cubic equations by Cardon's method, biquadratic equations by Ferari's method.

Numerical solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations, Bisection method, Secant method, Regula-Falsi method, Iteration method, Newton-Raphson Method (derivation of formulae and rate of convergence only).

Unit 4: Gauss elimination and Iterative methods (Jacobi and Gauss Seidal) for solving system of linear algebraic equations. Partial Pivoting method, ill conditioned systems, Numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations of first order with initial condition using Picard's, Euler and modified Euler's method.

Unit 5: Scalar and Vector point functions. Differentiation and integration of vector point functions. Directional derivative. Differential operators. Gradient, Divergence and Curl. Theorems of Gauss, Green, Stokes (without proof) and problems based on these theorems.

Reference Books:

- 1. B. Bradie, A Friendly Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Pearson Education, India, 2007.
- 2. C. F. Gerald and P. O. Wheatley, App; ied Numerical Analysis, Pearson Education, India,7th edition, 2008.
- 3. C.F. Gerald, P.O. Wheatley, Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1998.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan

Jaipur ~

Practical

Teaching: 2 hours per week per batch not more than 20 students.

Examination Scheme	:		Duration: 2 Ho
	Science	Arts	
Max.Marks	30	40	
Min.Pass Marks	11	15	
Distribution of Marks:			

Two Practicals one from each group

10 Marks each	<u></u>	20 Marks	(13 Marks each) 26
Practical Record	==	05 Marks	07
Viva-voce	=	05 Marks	07
Total Marks	=	30 Marks	40

The paper will contain TWO practical. The candidates are required to attempt both practical.

Practicals with Computer Programming in C Language.

Programming languages and problem solving on computers, Algorithm, Flow chart, Programming in C- Constants, Variables, Arithmetic and logical expressions, Input-Output, Conditional statements, Implementing loops in Programs, Defining and manipulation arrays and functions.

Group A:

- 1. Printing n terms of Fibonacci sequence.
- 2. Finding n!, $\sum n$, $\sum n^2$ etc.
- 3. Defining a function and finding sum of n terms of a series/sequence whose general term is given (e.g. $a_n = \frac{n^2+3}{n+1}$).
- 4. Printing Pascal's triangle.
- 5. Finding god and lem of two numbers by Euclid's algorithm.
- 6. Checking prime/composite number.
- 7. Finding number of primes less than $n, n \in \mathbb{Z}$.
- 8. Finding mean, standard deviation and ${}^{n}P_{r}$, ${}^{n}C_{r}$ for different n and r.

Group B:

1. Numerical integration using Trapezoidal, Simpson's 1/3, 3/8 and Waddle rules.

Note:

- 1. Each Candidate (Regular/non-Collegiate) has to prepare his/her practical record.
- 2. Each Candidate has to pass in Practical and Theory examinations separately.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur



UNIVERSITY OF RAJASTHAN JAIPUR

FACULTY OF EDUCATION

SYLLABUS

INTEGRATED PROGRAMME OF

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree (Four Year)

Annual Scheme

Academic Session 2020-21 Examination B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part – III (2021)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan

NOTICE

1. Change in syllabus/ordinance/rules/regulations/ syllabi and books may from time to time, be made by amendment or remaking and a candidate shall, accept in so far as the university determines otherwise comply with any change that applies to years he/she has not completed at time of change.

Post of the

2. All court cases shall be subject to the jurisdiction of Rajasthan University head quarter Jaipur only and not any other place.

Dy Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
IAIPUR

B.Sc. B.Ed PART - III

CONTENTS

受进等等 机流流

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SYLLABUS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION SYLLABUS

- 1. ELEMENTARY COMPUTER APPLICATION (ICT) (COMPULSORY PAPER)*
- 2. LANGUAGE ACROSS THE CURRICULUM (COMPULSORY PAPER)
- 4. GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING IN SCHOOL (G-A)
- 5. CONTENT (SELECT ANY THREE) 05, 06 & 07 (G-B)
 - CHEMISTRY (I, II, III)
 - BOTANY (I, II, III)
 - ZOOLOGY (I, II, III)
 - PHYSICS (I, II, III)
 - MATHEMATICS (I, II, III)
- 8. PEDAGOGY OF A SCHOOL SUBJECT (PART 3) Ist AND IInd YEAR (CANDIDATE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO OFFER ANY TWO PAPERS FROM THE FOLLOWING FOR PART 3 AND OTHER FOR PART 4) 08 (a/b)
 - CHEMISTRY
 - BIOLOGY
 - PHYSICS
 - MATHEMATICS
 - GENERAL SCIENCE

Dy Registry of Rajesthan
University of Rajesthan

Ordinance and Regulations related to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree

01. The Objective and the Learning outcomes of the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree are-

Objectives:

- To promote capabilities for inculcating national values and goals as mentioned in the constitution of India.
- To act as agents of modernization and social change.
- To promote social cohesion, international understanding and protection of human rights and right of the child.
- To acquire competencies and skills needed for teacher.
- To use competencies and skills needed for becoming an effective teacher.
- To become competent and committed teacher.
- To be sensitive about emerging issues such as environment, population general equality, legal literacy etc.
- To inculcate logical, rational thinking and scientific temper among the students.
- To develop critical awareness about the social issues & realities among the students.
- To use managerial organizational and information & technological skills.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Competence to teach effectively two school subjects at the Elementary & secondary levels.
- 2. Ability to translate objectives of secondary education in terms of specific Programmes and activities in relation to the curriculum.
- 3. Ability to understand children's needs, motives, growth pattern and the process of learning to stimulate learning and creative thinking to faster growth and development.
- 4. Ability to use-
- 5. Individualized instruction
- 6. Dynamic methods in large classes.
- 7. Ability to examine pupil's progress and effectiveness of their own teaching through the use of proper evaluation techniques.

Poj Teu 4

10 poj Teu 4

10 poj Teu 4

10 poj Teu 10 poj Pajasinan

10 poj

- 8. Equipment for diagnosing pupil progress and effectiveness of their own teachings through the use of proper evaluation techniques.
- 9. Readiness to spot talented and gifted children and capacity to meet their needs.
- 10. Ability to organize various school programmes, activities for pupil.
- 11. Developing guidance point of view in educational, personal and vocational matters.
- 12. Ability to access the all round development of pupils and to maintain a cumulative record.
- 13. Developing certain practical skill such as:
 - a. Black board work
 - b. Preparing improvised apparatus
 - c. Preparing teaching aids and ICT.
- 14. Interest and competence in the development of the teaching profession and education.
 Readiness to participate in activities of professional organizations.

Integrated Programme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree Shall Consist of

- i) First Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- ii) Second Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iii) Third Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iv) Final Year B.Sc.B.Ed.

Duration of the Course - Four Years .

Examinination after each session in theory papers

Scheme of Examination against each subject separately.

Compulsory Papers:

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Gen. English
II nd Year	Gen. Hindi
III rd Year	Elementary Computer Application (ICT)
IV th Year	Environmental Studies

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

Group – A: - Subject Specialisation:

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Instructional System &
	Educational
II nd Year	Peace Education
III rd Year	Guidance and Counselling in
	School
IV th Year	Physical Education & Yoga

Group-B: Content of Science Subject: - A Student has to opt any three optional subject (papers) from group B which two must be the school teaching subjects.

Chemistry	I, II & III	
Botany	I, II & III	
Zoology	I, II & III	
Physics	I, II & III	
Mathematics	I, II & III	

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III&part-IV).

Pedagogy of Chemistry
Pedagogy of Biology
Pedagogy of Physics
Pedagogy of Mathematics
Pedagogy of General Science

- ❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in 1st year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).
- ❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B) will carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc. B.Ed Courses

Details of course and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Course are provided in Tables given below:

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Ist Year

10033

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	Evaluation			
Paper	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Tota
I	B.Sc. B.Ed.	Gen. English(Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	01	TOTAL MARKING MINING				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Childhood and Growing Up	80	20	-	100
	02					
III	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Contemporary India and Education	80	20	-	100
•	03					
VIII	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Instructional System & Educationa!	80	20		100
	04	Evaluation		}	j	100
	(G-A)]		
V	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content				
VI	05,	(Select any Three)		l i	}	
&	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34]	50	150
J	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34]	50	150
VII	.07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34].	50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
. <u></u> <u>.</u>		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40	1	30	150
						750

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

1 1 1 1

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan

AIPUR

7

اسرلأ

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IInd Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	E	valuation		
Paper	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gen. Hindi (Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	01	the confidence of the				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Knowledge and curriculum	80	20	-	100
	02				}	
ПІ	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Learning and Teaching	80	20	•	100
	03				·	
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed	Peace Education (1997)	80	20	-	100
	04			, 1		
	(G-A)					
V	B.Sc.B.Ed 05,	Content (Select any Three)				
i	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
&	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
. AII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34	. [50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34	1 1	50	150
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
VIII	B.Sc B.Ed	OPEN AIR / SUPW CAMP 1. Community Service 2. Survey (Based on social and educational events) 3. Co-Curricular Activities 4. Health and Social awareness programme (DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND CLEANINESS)		25 25 25 25		100
				·		850

^{*}ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.) 8
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IIIrd Year

The sign of the same

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	Evaluation			
Paper	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Elementary Computer	60	-	40	100
	01	Application (ICT)			(30+10)	
		(Compulsory)*				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Language Across the Curriculum	80	20	-	100
	02					
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed-	Guidance and Counseling	80	20	-	100
	04	in School				
	(G-A)	in school				
V	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content	. <u>.</u> .			
VI	05,	(Select any Three)				
	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
&	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)			50	150
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)			50	150
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
VIII	08(a,b)	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20		100
		(Candidate should opt any two				
		school subject from the				
		following i.e. one school subject		ļ		
		for part - 3 and other school				
		subject for Part - 4)				
		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics				
		4. Mathematics				
		5. General Science				
Practicum		Special Training Programme				
		Micro Teaching				
		Practice Lesson			10	100
		Observation Lesson			50	
		Technology Based			05	
		- reciniology based			05	

Dy Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajusthan
University of Rajusthan

Criticism Lesson Attendance /Seminar/ Workshop		20	
Final Lesson Gention (Approximately 1997)	100		100
Karland Sorah			950

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IVth Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper		Evaluation		
Paper	Code	distribution of the state of th	External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Environmental Studies (Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	01	't				
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Creating and inclusive school	80	20		100
	02	:	,			
III	B.Sc. B.Ed.	Understanding Disciplines and Subject	80	20	-	100
	03					
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Physical Education & Yoga	80	20	-	100
	04(G-A)					
V	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gender, School and Society	80	20	-	100
	05					
VI	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Assessment for Learning	80	20	-	100
	06					
VIII	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20	-	100
	08(a,b)	(Candidate should opt any two school				
ļ		subject from the following i.e. one	1			
		school subject for part - 3 and other				
	ļ	school subject for Part - 4)				
İ		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics				
		4. Mathematics				

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Paragraphics
University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of Paragraphics

University of

	15 (12 L)			800
	Final Lesson	100		100
	4. Criticism Lesson			
	case study/action research		20	100
	3. Report of any feature of school /			100
	Group)		10	
	School Activities Social Participation in			
	2. Block Teaching (Participation in		20	
Practicum	1. Practice teaching		50	
	5. General Science			

Granish Cardination

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed.

Compulsory Papers*

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Gen. English
II Year	Gen. Hindi
III Year	Elementary Computer Application (ICT)
IV Year	Environmental Studies

t callet gring

Compulsory Paper

Year	Paper	
Ist Year	1. Childhood and Growing Up	
	2.	Contemporary India and
		Education
II nd Year	3.	Knowledge and curriculum
	4.	Learning and Teaching
III rd Year	5.	Language Across the Curriculum
IV th Year	6.	Creating and inclusive school
1	7. Understanding Disciplines an	
		Subject
	8.	Gender, School and Society
	9.	Assessment for Learning

Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

II nd Year	Peace Education	
III rd Year	Guidance and Counselling in	
	School	
IV th Year	Physical Education & Yoga	

Group B: (PCB and PCM Group) (Select any three)

- 1. Chemistry (I, II, III)
- 2. Botany (I, II, III)
- 3. Zoology (I, II, III)
- 4. Mathematics (I, II, III)
- 5. Physics (I, II, III)

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year (candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III & part-IV).

tor forger of a

Pedagogy of Chemistry	15 3-1 3 2
Pedagogy of Biology	10.500
Pedagogy of Physics	
Pedagogy of Mathematics	
Pedagogy of General Science	

- ❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in Ist year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).
- ❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B) will carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc. B.Ed Courses

Details of courses and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Courses are provided in Tables given below:-

Years	Papers	Marks
I Year	12Paper +Practical	600 +150= 750
		·

II Year	12Paper +Practical +Practicum	600 +150+100= 850
III Year	12Paper +Practical + Practicum +Final Lesson	600 +150+ 100 +100 = 950
IV Year	7 Paper + Practicum +Final Lesson	600+100+100=800
Total	43Papers	2400 +550+200 +200= 3350

naming of the Constitution

freguesa (jijos vijaje s^{ist}

O. 321 The objectives of the practical work prescribed for the Integrated Programme of B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree (Four Year) are follows:

PART II

Practical Work

Objectives:

To develop the ability and self-confidence of pupil teachers:

- 1. To be conscious of sense of values and need for their inculcation in children through all available means including one's own personal life.
- 2. Possess a high sense of professional responsibility.
- 3. Develop resourcefulness, so as to make the best use of the situation available.
- 4. Appreciate and respect each child's individuality and treat him as independent and integrated personality.
- 5. Arouse the curiosity and interest of the pupils and secure their active participation in the educative process.
- 6. Develop in the pupil's capacity for thinking and working independently and guide the pupils to that end.
- 7. Organize and manage the class for teaching learning.
- 8. Appreciate the dynamic nature of the class situation and teaching techniques.
- 9. Define objectives of particular lessons and plan for their achievements.
- 10. Organize the prescribed subject- matter in relation to the needs, interest and abilities of the pupils.
- 11. Use the appropriate teaching methods and techniques.
- 12. Prepare and use appropriate teaching aids, use of the black board and other apparatus and material properly.
- 13. Convey ideas in clear and concise language and in a logical manner for effective learning.

Paj Tai (Acad.)

Page Rajasihan

Rajasihan

- 14. Undertake action research.
- 15. Give proper opportunity to gifted pupils and take proper care of the back-ward pupils.

English and the s

- 16. Co-relate knowledge of the subject being taught with other subjects and with real life situations as and when possible.
- 17. Prepare and use assignments.
- 18. Evaluate pupil's progress.
- 19. Plan and organize co curricular activities and participate in them.
- 20. Co-operates with school teachers and administrators and learns to maintain school records and registers.

Practical skill to teach the two school subjects offered under Theory papers VIII A/B and the following:

- 1. Observation of lesson delivered by experienced teachers and staff of the college.
- 2. Planning units and lessons.
- 3. Discussion of lesson plans, unit plans and lessons given (including criticism lesson)
- 4. Organization and participation in co-curricular activities.
- 5. Setting follows up assignment.
- 6. Evaluation in terms of educational objectives use of teachers made tests & administration of standardized tests.
- 7. Black-board work.
- 8. Practical work connected with school subjects.
- 9. Preparation and use of audio visual aids related to methods of teaching.
- 10. Experimental and laboratory work in chemistry, botany, zoology, physics, and mathematics subjects of experimental and practical nature.
- 11. Study of the organization of work and activities in the school.
- 12. Observation and assistance in the health education programme.
- 13. Observation and assistance in the guidance programme.
- 14. Maintenance of cumulative records.
- 15. Techniques of teaching in large classes.
- O. 322 A candidate has to deliver at least 40 lessons (20 Lessons of one teaching subject in 3rd year & 20 Lessons of other teaching subject in 4th year) in a recognized school under the

14

Dy Registrar (Acad.

of Rajasia

supervision of the staff of the college shall be eligible for admission to the examination for the degree of B.Sc.B.Ed.

Notes :-

- Teaching subject means a subject offered by the candidate at his/her running B.Sc i. B.Ed. course either as a compulsory subject or as an optional subject provided that the candidate studied it for at least two years. Thus the qualifying subjects like General English, General Hindi, Education and Environment Education. Prescribed for running B.Sc.B.Ed. course of the University or a subject dropped by candidates at the part I stage of the degree course shall not be treated as teaching subjects.
- Only such candidate shall be allowed to offer General Science for the B.Sc B.Ed ii. Examination who had studied Chemistry and any one subject of life science i.e. Biology, Botany or Zoology.
- To maintain same sequence of papers (G.A. IVth, G.B. 05/06/07 papers (Ist, IInd & iii. IIIrd year) and 8 a/b IIIrd year and IVth year) in the four years B.Sc.B.Ed itegrated course, paper no IIIrd in B.Sc.B.Ed IIIrd year and paper no VIIth in B.Sc.B.Ed IVth year were skipped.
- O.323 No candidate shall be allowed to appear in the Integrated B.Sc/B.Ed examination I, II, III & IV Year unless he/she has attended (80% for all course work & practicum, and 90% for school internship)
- 0.324 The examination for Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. for Four Year shall be in two parts-part 1st comprising theory papers & part 2 practice of teaching in accordance with the scheme of examination laid down from time to time.
- 0.325 Candidates who fail in Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed examination in part 1 or/ part 2 the theory of education may present themselves for re-examination there in at a subsequent examination without attending a further course at an affiliated training college.

Provided that a candidate who fails in any one of the theory papers and secures at least 48% marks in the aggregate of the remaining theory papers may be allowed to reappear in the examination in the immediately following year in the paper in which he/she fails only. He/she shall be declared to have passed if he secures minimum passing marks prescribed for the paper in which he appeared and shall be deemed to

have secured minimum passing marks only prescribed for the paper (irrespective of the marks actually obtained by him) for the purpose of determining his division in accordance with the scheme of examination. The candidate shall have to repeat the whole examination in subsequent year in case he fails to clear the paper in which he failed.

- O.326 Candidates who fail in the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. examination part 1 and part 2 only in the practice of teaching may appear in the practical examination in the subsequent year provided that they keep regular terms for four calendar months per year and give at-least 40 lessons(20 in part 1& 20 in part 2) supervised lessons.
- O.326 A: A candidate who complete a regular course of study in accordance with the provision laid down in the ordinance, at an affiliated teacher's training college for four academic year but for good reasons fails to appear at the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. examination may be admitted to a subsequent examination as an Ex-student as defined in O.325 or O.326 Above.
- O.326 B: No candidate shall be permitted to appear as an Ex-student at more than one subsequent examination. The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed programme shall be of duration of four academic years, which can be completed in a maximum of five years from the date of admission to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree.

Regulation 42:-

Scheme of Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed Four Year Examination

The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. (Four years) will consist of the following components;

Part I- Main theory papers at B.Sc.B.Ed. I, In Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed I Paper nos. are 02, 03 & 04 in each session are of three hours carrying 100 marks (80 for theory + 20 for sessional) each. Compulsory paper* 01 of 100 marks and optional Paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B). in each session are three hours carrying 150 marks (100 marks theory + 50 marks practical). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Part II- Practice Teaching - Micro Teaching, Internship, Practice Teaching of 20 weeks (10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year III & 10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year IV) Block Teaching, Criticism and Final Lesson in III & IV Year per teaching subject.

Organization evaluation of practice teaching:

1. Every candidate will teach at-least 40 lessons (20 in III Year & 20 in IV Year) during practice teaching session. At least ten lessons in each subject should be supervised.

2. 40 (20+20) lessons as desired in the syllabus should be completed as full period class room lesson. Micro teaching lesson to be used in addition to those 40 lessons for developing certain teaching skills.

 A minimum of ten lessons in each subject will be supervised evaluated by the subject specialist or a team of specialists of the subjects.

4. By and large, the evaluation of the performance in the practical teaching will be based on the last ten lessons in the subject when the student has acquired some competence and skills of teaching.

5. The internal assessment in practice of teaching will be finalized by the principal with the help of members of the teaching staff and the same will be communicated to the university before the commencement of the practical each year.

6. At Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed III Year each candidate should be prepared to teach one lessons at the final practical examination. At the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year exam candidate should be prepared to teach two lessons (one in each subject). The external examiners may select at-least 10% of the candidates to deliver two lessons in Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year.

7. There will be a board of Examiners for the external examination for each college which will examine each candidate in at-least one lesson and a minimum of 15% in two lessons (one in each of the two subjects).

8. The board of Examination will consist of:

(a) The principal of the college concerned.

ad.) 17

- (b) A principal or a senior and experienced member of the teaching staff of another training college, affiliated to University of Rajasthan.
- (c) An external examiner from outside the University of Rajasthan or a senior member of the teaching staff of an affiliated training college.
- (d) The board as far as possible will represent Social science, language and science.
- 9. Approximately 50 lessons will be examined by the board each day.

Working out the result and awarding the division:

- (1) A candidate in order to be declared successful at the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. I, II, III & IV Year Examination shall be required to pass separately in Part I (Theory) and Part II (Practice of Teaching).
- (2) For a passing in Part I (Theory) a candidate shall be required to obtain at-least (a) 30 percent marks in each theory paper and sessionals (24 marks out of 80 and 6 marks out of 20); (b) 30% marks in each theory paper and sessional (11 marks out of 35 & 4 marks out of 15) (c) 36 percent marks in the aggregate of all the theory papers.
- (3) For passing in Part II (school internship Practice of Teaching) a candidate shall be required to obtain separately at-least-
 - ❖ 40 percent marks in the external examination.
 - 40 percent marks in internal assessment.
- (4) The successful candidates at Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed Four Year Examination obtaining total marks will be classified in three divisions and shall be assigned separately in theory and school internship Practice of teaching as follows:

Division	Theory	Practice of Teaching
I .	60%	60%

Pass 36% 40%

The practical work record shall be properly maintained by the college and may be made available for work satisfaction of external examiner in school internship (practice teaching), those are expected to submit a report regarding this separately.

BSC BEd Part III 79

Elementary Computer Applications

Maximum Marks- 100 (Main University Examinations)

Theory : Max. Marks -60 Practical : Max. Marks - 40

Bach Candidate has to pass in Theory and Practical Examinations separately.

Question paper for Elementary Computer Applications, Compulsory paper-common for B.A. / B.Se./ B.Com. Part-I) be so set that it has 120 multiple choice questions (Bilingual) of 1/2 marks each. The question paper will be of duration of 2 hours. The examinees will have to give their answers on OMR Sheet only to be provided by the University whose graduation will be done based on OMR Scanning Technology. Further the practical examination for this paper will be of 40 marks and its duration will be of 2 hours.

Unit - 1

Introduction to information technology: Evolution and generation of computers, type of computers, micro, mini, maintenne and super computer. Architecture of a computer system: CPU, ALU, Memory (Ram, Rom families) cache memory, input fourput devices, pointing devices.

Concept of Operating system, need types of operating systems, batch, single user, multi – processing, distributed and timeshared operating systems, introduction of Unix. Linux. Windows, Window NT. Programming languages Low level and high level languages, generation of languages, 3 GL and 4 GL languages. Graphic User Interfaces.

Unit - II

Word Processing tool: Introduction, Creating, Saving, Copy, Move and Delete. Checking Spelling and Grammer. Page Layout, interface, toolbars, ruler, menus keyboard shortcut, editing. Text Formatting, insert headers and footers. Bullets and Numbering. Find and Replace etc. Insert Table and Picture. Macro, Mail Merge.

Power Point: Creating and viewing a presentation, managing slide shows navigating through a presentation using hyperlinks, advanced navigation with action setting and action buttons. Organizing formats with Master Slides applying and modifying designs adding graphics, multimedia and special effects.

Unit - III

Dv. Br.

University of Lagastana

Bisectronic Spreadsheet: Worksheet types of create and open a worksheet. Batering data text numbers and formula in a worksheet inserting and deleting cells, cell formatting, inserting rows and columns in a worksheet formatting worksheets. Using various formula and inbuilt function. Update worksheet using special tooks like spell check and auto correct setup the page.

find margins of worksheets for printing. Format the data in the worksheet globally or selectively creating charts. Enhance worksheets using charts, multiple worksheets-concepts

Dait - IV

The Internet - History and Functions of the Internet, Working with Internet, Web Browsers, World Wide Web, Unitern Resource Locator and Domain Names. Uses of Internet, Search for Information, Email, Chaning, Instant messenger services. News, Group, Teleconferencing, Video Conferencing, E. Commerce and M-Commerce.

Manage an E-mail Account, E-mail Address: configure E-mail Account, log to an E-mail, Receive E-mail, Sending mails, sending files an attachments and Address Book, Downloading Files online form filling, 1 -Services - E-Banking and E-Learning

Unit - V

Social, Ethical and Legal Matters - Effects on the way we: Work Social sc, Operate in other areas. Cyber crime. Prevention of crime, Cyber law: Indian IT Act. Intellectual property, Software piracy, Copyright and Patent, Software liecusing, Proprietary software, Free and Open source software.

Network Security - Risk assessment and security measures, Assets and types (data, applications, system and network). Security threats and attacks (passive, active): types and effects (e.g. Identity theft, denial of services, computer virus etc.). Security issues and security measures (Firewalls encryption/decryption). Prevention.

Question Paper pattern for Main University Practical Examination

Max Marks: 40

Practical

The practical exercises will be designed to help in the understanding of concepts of computer and the utilization in the areas outlined in the theory syllabus. The emphasis should be on practical usage rather than on theoretical concepts only.

The practical examination scheme should be as follows

* Three Practical Exercise (including Attendance & Record performance)

30 marks

Operating system.

MS Word
MS Excel

MS Power Point

Internet

Viva soce

a'n ı

Dy Resistry of Resistan
University Of Resistan

B.Sc.B.Ed-02

A despite of a

Language across the curriculum

Marks-100

Objectives:

This course will enable the pupil teacher to-

- 1. Understand the language background of students as the direct or seen language users.
- 2. Create sensitivity to the language diversity that exists in the class room.
- 3. Understand the nature of classroom discourse and develop strategies for using oral language in classroom.
- 4. Understand the nature of reading comprehension and writing in specific content areas.
- 5. Understand interplay of language and society.
- Understand functions of language.
- 7. Understand language and speech disorder and make remedial measure too.

Unit 1

Meaning, nature, scope, role, importance, functions of language, language background, language and region, language and religion, language and class, role of literature in language Unit - 2

Home language (mother tongue) and school language/second language. 2) Formal and informal language (3) Oral and written language - meaning, principles, objectives. importance, relation, differences

Unit-3

- A)- Oral aptitude in language, theoretical speech of oral aptitude, development of oral expression/speech in pupil teacher, classroom discourse, discussion as a tool of learning. questioning in the class room, developing reading skill through text book, problems and remedies to incorrect pronunciation.
- B) Language skills (LSWR-Listening, speaking, writing, reading,) Meaning, concepts, importance, co-relation, methods and techniques, Language laboratory- Need, Importance, Advantage, Use in teacher's training. Unit-4
- Listening skill Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress, Pitch, Rhythm and Oral aptitude, A)
- Speaking skill Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress, Pitch, Rhythm and Oral aptitude B)

- C) Writing skill Aspects of writing shapes, Sounds, Meanings, Punctuation marks, Word, Sentence, Expression in writing, mechanics of writing, understanding and capacity to write correct logical summarizing and expanding thoughts and experiences, composition essay story letter poetry, incidents, report articles etc
- **D)** Reading skill Consonants, Vowels, Words, Sentences, Recognition, Understanding, Silent reading, Imitation Reading, and Loud reading.

Champleon so a

Unit - 5

Language Text Book - Criteria of selection and critical analysis of language text book, children's literature and teachers handbooks method of evaluation. Understanding the relationship between curriculum, syllabus and textbook; selection of materials; Development of activities and tasks; connecting learning to the world outside; moving away from rote-learning to constructivism; Teacher as a researcher.

Test and Assignment:-

(20 MARKS)

- 1. Class Test (10 marks)
- 2. Any One (10 marks)
- Discuss with students and find out the different language they speak, prepare a plan to use multilingualism as a teaching strategy.
- Identify speech defects of a primary level students and make remedial strategy.
- Organizing an activity based game to motivate students for creative questioning.
- Close and critical reading/discussion in small groups
- Conduct a survey in secondary school to study academic achievement in overall or in specific subject of diverse linguistic students.
- Review of a text book of any language subject

References:

- 1. Agnihotri, r.k. (1995) Multilingualism as a class room resource. In k. heugh, a siegruhn, p. pluddemann (Eds) multilingual education for south Africa 9pp. 3 heinemann educational books.
- Anderson ,R.C.(1984) role of the readers schema in comprehension, learning and memory. In R.C. Anderson, J.aslrom& R.J. Tierney (Edu) learning to read in American schools: based readers and content teats psychology
- Bansal R.K. and harrisson J.B.- (1990) spoken English for Indian orient longman LTD Madras
- 4. Ladson, billings G (1995) toward a theory of cultwally relevant pedagogy American Educational research journal.
- NCERT(2006) position paper national focus group on teaching of Indian language (NCF 2005) New Delhi

Dyniver JAITUR

6. Paliwal Dr. A.K. (2002) communicative language teaching Sumtri publication, Jaipur.

B.Sc.B.Ed-04 (G-A)

GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING

OBJECTIVES: -

MARKS-100

The course will enable the student teachers to —

- Understand the concept, need and meaning of guidance.
- Get acquainted with the principles, issues, problems and procedure of guidance.
- Develop understanding about the role of school in guidance.
- Understand the various areas, tools and techniques in guidance.
- Understand the concept, need and meaning of counseling.
- Get acquainted with the principles and process of counseling.

hardine essabina

• Understand the tools and techniques in counseling.

UNIT-1 GUIDANCE IN SCHOOL

- · Concept, Need and Meaning of Guidance.
- Principles of Guidance.
- Procedure of Guidance (steps)
- · Issues and problems of Guidance.
- Role of school in Guidance.

UNIT 2. AREAS, TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES IN GUIDANCE.

- Personal, Educational and vocational Guidance.
- Tools:- Records of students
- Cumulative Record
- Rating scale
- Psychological tests.
- Q u estionnaire and Inventories
- Techniques in Guidance (a) Observation, (b)Interview,(c)Sociometry

UNIT3. COUNSELLING IN SCHOOL

- Concept, Need and Meaning of counseling.
- Principles of Counseling.
- counseling Process and Role.
- Directive, non-directive and eclectic counseling.

Dy Ragistrar (Acad.) 24
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

• Qualities and role of a school counselor.

UNIT 4. TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES IN COUNSELLING

- · Individual counseling and Group counseling
- Lectures , discussions and Dramatics as techniques in counseling.
- · Importance of follow-up in counseling.
- · Counseling for the children with special needs
- Counseling for parents.

UNIT 5 Guidance and Counseling for Special Needs Population Guidance of children with special needs

3 PER PER 200 1 PER PER

e projekt a regional w

- problems and needs
- guidance of the gifted and creative students
- guidance of under achiever,
- slow learners and first generation learners
- guidance of learning disabled, Drug addicts and alcoholics
- De addiction centers, Career resource centre
- Evaluation of counseling,

Need for research and reforms in guidance and counselling.

Tasks and Assignments

1. Class Test

10 marks

2.Any one

10 Marks

- · Interview of a school counselor.
- Visit to a guidance or counseling centre and write a report.
- · Administration of an individual test and preparing a report.

References:-

- 1. Anastasi A, Differential Psychology, New York: Macmillan Co, 1996
- 2. Arbuckle Dugland, Guidance and Counselling in the classroom, Allyn & Bacon Inco, 1985.
- 3. Baqrki.B.G., Mukhopadhyaya.B., Guidance and Counselling; A Manual, New Delhi: Stanley Publishers, 1990.
- 4. Crow & Crow, An introduction to Guidance, New Delhi: Eurasia Publishing House, 1992.
- 5. Freeman E.S, Theory and Practice of Psychological Testing, New Delhi: Henry Holt 1992.
- 6. Jones.A.J., Principles of Guidance, New Delhi: McGrew Hills Publishers, 1970.
- 7. Kochhar S.K-Educational and vocational Guidance in secondary schools, New Delhi, sterling publishers Pvt. ltd, 1990.

25

Da Regista Rais

8. Kolher. S.K., Educational and Vocational Guidance, New Delhi: Practice Hall India Ltd., 1995. 9. NCERT, Guidance and Counselling in Indian Education, New Delhi: NCERT, 1978

Por Read.)

Read.)

Read.)

Read.)

Read.)

CHEMISTRY

Max Marks:		ration (hrs)	Max.	vlarks	Min	. Pass Marks
Paper 1		3		33		36
Paper-II	. •	3		33	i gabingan	30
Paper-III		3		34	÷i_	
Practical	-	5		50 %		18

Note: Ten (10) questions are to be set taking two (02) questions from each unit. Candidates have to answer any 5 questions selecting at least one question from each unit.

CH-301 Paper-I: Inorganic Chemistry (2 hrs or 3 periods/ week)

Unit-I

Hard and Son Acids and Bases (HSAB):

Classification clied and bases as hard and soft. Pearson's HSAB concept, acid-base strength and hardness and softness. Symbiosis, theoretical basis of hardness and softness, electronegativity and hardness and softness.

Unit-IX

Metal-ligand bonding in Transition Metal complexes:

Limitations of valence bond theory, an elementary idea of crystal-field theory, crystal-field splitting in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes, factors a feeting the crystal-field parameters.

Magnetic properties of Transition Metal Complexes:

Types of magnetic behaviour, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula. L-S coupling, correlation of μ_s , and μ_{eff} values, orbital contribution to magnetic moments, application of magnetic moment data for 3d metal complexes.

Unit-III

Electron spectra of Transition Metal Complexes:

Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, spectrochemical level - Orgel energy level diagram for d' and d' states, discussion of the electronic spectro. (H₂O)₆1³⁺ complex ion.

Thermodynamic and Kinetic Aspects of Metal Complexes:

A brief outline of thermodynamic stability of metal complexes and factors affecting the stability, substitution reactions of square planar complexes.

Unit-IV

Organometallic Chemistry:

Definition, nomenclature and classification of organometallic compounds. Preparation,

Dy Registrat (Acad.) University of Rejesthen

MINE

properties, bonding and applications of alkyls and aryls of Li, Al, Hg, Sn and Ti, a brief account, of mealethylenic complexes and homogeneous hydrogenation, mononuclear carbonyls and the nature of bonding in metal carbonyls.

Unit-V

Bioinorganic Chemistry:

Essential and trace elements to Biological processes, metalloporphytins with special reference to haemoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions with special reference to Ca2+ Nitrogen fixation.

Inorganie Folymers: Silicones and phosphagenes as examples of inorganic polymers, nature of bonding in triphosphazenes.

CH-302 Paper-II: Organic Chemistry (2 hrs or 3 periods/week)

Unit-I

dResonance (NMR) Spectroscopy:

Proton magnetic resonance (IH-NMR) spectroscopy, nuclear shielding and deshielding, chemical shift and melecular structure, spin-spin splitting and coupling constants, areas of signals. Interpretation of NMR spectra of simple organic molecules such as ethyl bromide, ethanol, acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-tribromoethane, ethyl acetate, toluene and acctophenone. Problems pertaining to the structure clucidation of simple organic compounds using NMR data.

Organic Synthesis via Enclates: Acidity of a-hydrogens in reactive methylene compounds. alkylation of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate. Claisen condensation, Ketoenoltautomerism in ethyl acetoacetate. Synthetic applications of ethyl acetoacetate and malonic ester.

Unit-!!

Heterocyclic Compounds

Introduction: Molecular orbital diagram and aromatic characteristics of pyrrole, furan, thiopheneand pyridine. Methods of synthesis and chemical reactions with posticular emphasis on the mechanism of electrophilic substitution. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reactions in pyridine derivatives Comparison of basicity of pyridine, piperidine and pyridle.

five- and six-membered heterocyles. Preparation and reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline with special reference to Fisher-indole synthesis, Skraup synthesis and Bischler-Napieralski synthesis, Mechanism of electrophilic substitution reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline.

Unit-111

Carbohydrates

Classification and nomenclature, Menosaccharides, mechanism of osazone formation. Epimers, arromers and mutarotation Interconversion of glucose and fructose, chain lengthening and chain

Pj Jas (Acad.)

Pasis (Acad.)

Pasis (Acad.)

shortening of altioses. Erythro and threodiastereomers. Conversion of glucose into mannose. Configuration of monosaccharides. Determination of ring size of monosaccharides. Formation of glycades, ethers and esters. Cyclic structure of D(+)-glucose and fructose. Structures of ribose and deoxyribose.

Nomenclature and structure of disaccharides (maltose, sucrose and lactose) and polysaccharides

(starch and cellulose); Glycosidic linkage.

Unit-IV

Amino Acids, Peptides, Proteins and Nucleic Acids
Classification, structure and stereochemistry of amino acids. Acid-base behaviour, isoelectric point and electrophotosis. Preparation and reactions of a-amino acids.

Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins. Classification of proteins. Peptide structure determination, end-group analysis, selective hydrolysis of peptides. Classical peptide synthesis. Solid-phase peptide synthesis.

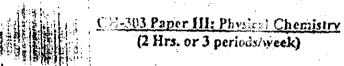
Nucleic acids - introduction, constituents of nucleic acids - nucleosides and nucleotides.

Unit-V

Organosulphur Compounds: Nomenclature, structural features, methods of formation and chemical reactions of thiols, sulphonic acids, sulphonamides and Sulpha drugs: sulphaguanidine, sulphadiazine (sulphapyrimidine), sulphamethoxazole, sulphacetamide.

Synthetic Polymers: Addition or chain-growth polymerization. Free radical and ionic polymerization. Ziegler-Natta Catalyst Condensation or step-growth polymerization. Polyesters, polyamides, phenol-formaldehyde resins, urea-formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polymethanes. Natural and synthetic rubber.

Synthetic Dyes: Colour and constitution (electronic concept). Classification of dyes. Chemistry and synthesis of methyl orange, congo red, malachite green, crystal violet, phenolphthalein, fluorescein, alizarin and indigo.



UNIT-1

Mementary quantum Mechanics:

Black-body, radiation, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, heat capacity of solids, Bohr's mode of hydrogen atom (no derivation) and its defects. Compton effect.

De Broglie hypothesis, the Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Sinusoidal wave equation, Hamiltonian operator, Schrodinger wave equation and its importance, physical interpretation of

Dy. Registrar

Academic

University of Russassian

JAHRIP

te~

the wave function hostulates of quantum mechanics, particle in a one dimensional box.

Schroefiger wave equation for H-atom, separation into three equations (without derivation), quantum numbers and their importance, hydrogen like wave functions, radial wave functions, angular wave functions.

UNIT-II

Molecular orbital theory:

Basic ideas-criteria for forming M.O. from A.O. construction of M.O's by LCAO- H_2 ion calculation of energy level from wave functions, physical picture of bonding and antibonding wave functions, concept of σ , σ , π , π orbitals and their characteristics. Hybrid orbitals - sp, sp, calculation of coefficients of A.O.'s used in these hybrid orbitals. Introduction to valence bond model of H_2 , comparison of M.O. and V.B. models.

UNIT-III

Spectroscopy

Introduction: Electromagnetic radiation, spectrum, basic features of different spectrometers, statement of the Porti-Openheimer approximation, degrees of freedom.

Rotational Specifical Diatomic molecules, Energy levels of a rigid rotator (semi-classical principles), selection distribution (Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution) determination of bond length, qualitative description of non-rigid rotator, isotope effect.

Vibrational Spectrum: Infrared spectrum: Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, selection rules, pure vibrational spectrum, intensity, determination of force constant and qualitative relation of force constant and bond energies, effect of anharmonic motion and isotope on the spectrum, idea of vibrational frequencies of different functional groups.

Ratman Spectrum: Basic principles and applications, concept of polarizability, pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman Spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules.

Electronic Spectrum: Concept of Potential Energy curves for bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals, qualitative description of selection rules and Frank Condon principle. Qualitative description of σ , π and π M.O. their energy levels and the respective transitions.

UNIT-IV

Photochemistry

Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry: Grothus-Drapper law, Stark -Einstein law, Jablonski diagram depicting various processes, decurring in the exited sate, qualitative description of Historescence, phosphorescence land radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield, photosensitized reactions-energy transfer processes (simple examples).

Physical Properties and Molecular Structure

Optical activity, polymerization - (Clausius-Mossotti equation), orientation of dipoles in an electric field, dipole moment, induced dipole moment, measurement of dipole moment temperature method and refractivity method, dipole moment and structure of molecules, magnetic properties-paramagnetism, diamagnetism and ferromagnetic.

Dy. R. (Acad.)
University (C.)

3c

Si Isliens, Dilute Solutions and Colligative Properties:

licial and non-ideal solutions, methods of expressing concentrations of solutions, activity and

activity coefficient.

Dilute solution, colligative properties, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapor pressure. molecular weight determination. Osmosis, law of osmotic pressure and its measurement, determination of molecular weight from osmolic pressure. Elevation of boiling point and depression in freezing point. Thermodynamic derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation of boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods for determining various colligative properties. Abnormal molar mass, degree of dissociation and association of solutes.

Practical: CH-304: Laboratory Course - III (6 hrs/week)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Synthesis and Analysis of:

a) Potassium trioxalatoferrate (III), K₂[Fe(C₂O₄)₃]

b) His (dimethylglyoximato) nickel (II) complex. [Ni(DMG):1

c) Total interesting the copper (II) sulphate, [Cu(NH₃)₄]SO₄
d) 10 15 15 15 15 diaquatis(oxalato)chromate (III) dihydrate, K[cis-Cr(H₂O)₂(C₂O₄)₂].2H₂O

Instrumentation

Calorimetry

(a) Job's

(b) Mole-ration method

Adulteration-Food stuffs

Effluent analysis water analysis

Solvent Extraction

Separation and estimation of Mg (II) and Fe (II)

Ion Exchange Method

Separation and estimation of Mg (II) and Fe (II)

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Laboratory Techniques

Steam Distillation

Naphthalene from its suspension in water

Clove oil from Clove

Suparation of o- and p-nitrophenols

Column Chipmntography

Separation is distorescein and methylene blue

Separation of teal prigments from spinach leaves

Resolution of racemic mixture of (+) mendelic acid

Qualitative Analysis

Analysis of an organic mixture containing two solid components using water, NaHCO3, for separation and preparation of suitable derivatives.

Synthesis of Organic Compounds

(a) Acetylation of salicylic acid, aniline, glucose and hydroquinone,

Benzoylation of aniline and phenol

(36) Aliphatic electrophilic substitution Preparation of iodoform from ethanol and acetone

(c) Aromatic electrophilic substitution

Nitration Preparation of m-dinitrobenzene Preparation of p-nitroacetanilide Halogenation -

Preparation of p - bromoacetanilide Preparation of 2, 4, 6 - tribromophenol

(d) Diszotizatoin / coupling

Preparation of methyl orange and methyl red

(e) Oxidation

Preparation of benzoic acid from toluene

(f) Reduction

Preparation of aniline from nitrobenzene

Prefarition of m-nitroaniline from m-dinitrobenzene.

Stereoche Study of Organic Compounds via Models

Recognifiguration of optical isomers.

E. Z configuration of geometrical isomers.

Conformational analysis of cyclohexanes and substituted cyclohexanes.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Electrochemistry

- (a) To determine the strength of the given acid condeutometrically using standard alkali
- (b) To determine the solubility and solubility product of a sparingly solubic electrolyte conductometrically.
- (c) To study the saponification of ethyl acetate conductometrically.
- (d) To determine the ionization constant of a weak acid conductometrically.
- (e) To titrate potentiometrically the given ferrous ammonium sulphate solution using KMnO₄/K₂Cr₂O₇ as titrant and calculate the redox potential of Fe⁺⁺/Fe⁺⁺⁺ system on the hydrogen scale.

Refractiometry, Polarimetry

- (a) To verify the law of refunction of mixture (e.g. of glycerol and water) using Abbe's refractometer.
- (b) To determine the specific rotation of a given optically active compound.

Molecular ve che Determination

- (a) Determine the first molecular weight of a non-volatile solute by Rast method/Beckmann freezing point method.
- (b) Determination of the apparent degree of dissociation of an electrolyte (e.g. NaCl) in aqueous solution at different concentrations by ebullioscopy.

Colorimetry

(a) To verify Beer-Lambert law KMnO4/K2Cr2O2 and determined the concentration of the given solution of the substance.

Dy Registrar

(Ac. donne) iniversity of Rajasthan

Million of the

(Instructions to the Examiner) CH-304 Chemistry Practical (Pass Course)

Max. Marks: 50

Duration of Exam: 5 hrs.

Minimum marks: 18

Inorganic Chemistry	
Synthesis and Analysis of one of the four syntheses given in the syllabus.	
OR CONTRACTOR OR	
Separation and estimation of Mg (II) and Fe (II) by solvent extraction method.	
Company of the Compan	
Separation and estimation of Mg (II) and Fe (II) by ion exchange method.	10
Organic Chemistry	
1) Synthesis of one of the six organic preparations.	8
(2) Analysis of an organic mixture containing two solid components using water	r / NaHC
NaOH and preparation of suitable derivatives.	-
OR	
Column elle higraphy techniques.	
Personn one phree column chromatography experiments given in syllabus.	10
Physical Chemistry	
Perform one of the physical chemistry experiments given in the syllabus.	12
Viva-voce	5
Record -	
netot a	
	SG

Books Suggested (Theory Course)

- 1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry F.A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson and P.L. Caus, Wiley,
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J.D. Lee, ELBS
- Concepts of Models of Inorganic Chemistry B. Douglas. D. McDaniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley.
- 4. Inorganic Chemistry, D.E. Shriver P.W. Atkins and C.H. Langford, Oxford.
- 5. Inorganic Chemistry, W.W. Forterfield Addison Wesley.
- 6. Imaginic Chemistry, A.G. Sharpe, ELBS
- 7. Inorganic Chemistry, G.L. Miessler and D.A. Tarr, Prentice Hall.
- 8. Organic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prontice Hull.
- 9. Ocarate Chemistry, L.G. Wade Ji. Prentice Hall.
- 10. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Solomons, John Wiley.
- 11. Organic Chemistry Vol. 1, 11, Ill S.M. Mukherji, S.P. Singh and R.P. Kapoor, Wiley Eastern Ltd. (New Age International)
- 12. Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey, McGraw Hill, Inc.
- 13. Introduction to Organic Chemistry. Streitwicser. Heathcock and Kosover. Macmilan.
- 14. Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, International Student Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 15. Basic Programming with Application, V.K. Jain. Tata McGraw Hill.
- 16. Computers and Common Sense. R. Hunt and Shelly, Prentice Hall.

Dy. Registrar

- 17 University General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao, Macmillan.
- Physical Chemistry, R.A. Alberty, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 19. The Elements of Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, Oxford.
- 20. Physical Chemistry Through problems, S.K. Dogra and S. Dogra, Wiley Eastern Ltd.

Books Suggested (Laboratory Courses)

- 1. Vogel's Qualitative inorganic Analysis, revised, Svehla, Orient Longman.
- 2. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis (revised), J. Bassett. R.C. DeneOy, G.H. Joffery and J. Mendham. ELBS.
- 3. Standard Methods of Chemical Analysis. W.W. Scott. The Technical Press.
- 4. Experimental Liorganic Chemistry, W.G. Palmer, Cambridge.
- 5. Handbook of preparative Inorganic Chemistry. Vol [& II, Braver, Academic Press.
- 6. Inorganic Synthesis, McGraw Hill.
- 7. Experimental Organic Vol I & Π, P.R. Singh, D.S. Gupta and K.S. Bajpai, 'rata McGraw Hill. !!
- 8. Laboratory manual in Organic Chemistry, R.K. Bansal, Wiley Eastern.
- 9. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, RS. Furniss, Hannaford, V. Rogers, P.V. G. Smith and A.R. Tatchell, ELBS.
- 10. Example 10. Ex
- 11. Experiments in Physical Chemistry, R.C.Das and B. Pehra, Tata McGraw Hill
- 12. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, J.13. Yadav, Goel Publishing House.
- 13. Advanced Experimental Chemistry, Vol. 1-Physical, J.N. Gurtii and R. Kapoor, S. Chand & Co.
- 14. Selected Experiments in Physical Chemistry, N.G. Mukerjee, J.N. Ghjose& Sons.
- 15. Experiments in Physical Chemistry, J.C. Ghosh, Bharati Bhavan. (Instructions to examiners)

Dy. Resistrar
University of Reginsthan
Vin 1917



Scheme

ASm. Pass Marks 136

· Paper I 🕆

Paparil

Paper III

Practical Min. Marks, 18

3 hrs. duration

3 hrs duration

3 hrs duration

4 hrs, duration

Max Marks: 100

Max. Marks 33

Max. Marks 33

Max, Marks 34

Max. Marks 50

growing the growing and their

1 hours

Diration of examination of each theory paper-Duration of examination of practicals-

Note:

- 1. Therefore 5 questions in each paper. All questions are compulsory Candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only
- 2. Q.No. will have 20 very short answer type Questions(not more than 20 words) of half marks each covering entire syllabus.
- 3. Each paper is divided into four units. There will be one question from each unit. These Q. No. 2 to 5 will have internal choice.

Dy. Registrar

Large of the leading to the large of the leading to the large of the leading to the large of t

Paise 1

PLANT MORPHOLOGY AND ANATOMY

(2 hrs as eek)

Unical

The basic hody plan of flowering plant-modular type of growth. Diversity of Plant form in annuals, biennials and perennials; branching pottern: monopodial and sympodial growth: canopy architecture; monotomaic, simple, complex and secretary tissue, tissue, systems.

Unit-2

The Shoot system: The shoot apient menisem and its histological organization; viscularisation of primary shoot in monocolyledons and discryledons; carrectors and its functions; formation of secondary system; a general account of wood structure growth rings, supposed and heartwood; secondary philoenterization and function, periodical Argonnalous secondary growth.

Unit_3

The Leaft origin, development, arrangement and diversity in size and shape; Stomata-Structure and types, stomatal index, vascularisation of leaf-nodal structure and venation. Sensescence and abscission.

The root system Root apical meristem; differentiation of primary and secondary tissues and their functions; structural modification for storage, respiration, reproduction and root- microbe interaction.

Unitsa

'Morphology and anatomy of seed (monocotylegons and dicotyledons). Significance of seed-suspended animation, dispersal strategies, Vegetative propagation.

Suggested readings :

Currer, E.G. 1969 Part Cents and Tissues, Educard Ansold London.

Cutter, L.G. 1971. Prost Anatomy. Experiment and gramprotation, part-II, organs. I discated Arnold; London.

Estar K. 1977. Anatomy of Seed Plants. 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York

Falm. A 1984 Plant Anatomy Pergamon Press Oxford

Harman Hilliam Red 1976 Plan Pierxinteen Principles and of India Pvi Lid. New Delh-

Manseth, J.D. 1988 Plant Anatomy. The Benjamin Cummings Publishing Co. Inc. Mento Park, California, USA

Rover, P.M. Leat R.F. and Eachhien, S.T. 1989 Biology of Plans, W.H. Freeman and Co. Worth Publishers, New York

Thomas, P. Juno Trees Their National History Cambridge University Press Cambridge

Dy Registrar (Acad.)

Liversity of Rajasthan

٠,

2

Suggested Laboratory Lyercises:

- Study of any commonly occurring the redictionous plant to understand the body plan and modular type of a 19th
- 2. Life forms exhibited by flowering plants the visit to a forest or a garden).
- 3 L.S. of shoot tip to tody the organization of mension and origin of leaf primordial.
- 4. Monopodial and sympodial types of branching in monocots & dicors.
- Anatomy of primary and secondary growth in monocosts and dicost using hand out sections of sunflower, maize, cucurbuta such and roots.
- 6. Anamolous secondary growth in stem Sulvadora, Bignonia, Bougainvillia, Bouhaema, Mycamthes, Leptadema Deucena
- Study of diversity to leaf shape and size Internal shucture of leaf-Dorsiventral and isobilateral leaves; study of stomatol types
- 8 Examination of seed (monocot and dicor) Structure seed viability test.
- 9. Specific and of modifications of plant parts for Vegetative reproduction

Dy. Registrar
(Academic)
University of Rajasthan
IAIPUR



Paper-11 Ecology & Economic Botany (2 hrs week)

Unit-1

Plants and Environment: Atmosphere itsus distinct zone viz, stratosphere, troposphere, mesosphere and thermospheres Adaptation (Morphological, anatomical and physiological responses) of plants to water (li, Jrophyses and Xerophyses). Light (global radiation, photosynthetically active radiation. Zonation in water body: littoral, liminetic and profoundal zones, photoperiodism, heliophyses and sciophyses). Temperature (Raunkier's classification of plants megatherm, mesotherm, microtherm, herkistotherm, the moperiodicity and vernalisation) soil (soil profile, development weathering and maturation). Soil texture, soil types, role of pH, organic matter, soil waters soil fourteents. Interactions among organisms theutralism, amensalism, allocopation petition, predation, parasters, protocooperation, mutualism, Environmental protection at

Lant-2

Community, Ecosystem and Phytogeography Community characteristics: stratification, little forms and biological spectrum, trequency density and cover. Ecological succession types (primary and secondary) mechanism nudation, migration, ecesis, reaction and climax, xerosere, hydrosere. Leosystems: Structure abiotic and biotic components trophic level, food chain, food seb ecological pyragids, energy flow (Box and Pipe model of Odum). Biogeochymical cycles of carbon, and phosphorus, Vegetation types of Rajasthan. Endangered prosper of Rajasthan

Unit-3

Base encept of certer of origin of others. Certain food plants-rice, wheat, maize, possessing the control of th

lann-1

Spices. General account with an implication those cultivated in Ragasthan Bornes of the spicing of the Medicinal plants. Generally of the spice of t

Registrar (Acad.)

-

. 3

(Seuna Silver Saled musli). Fibers Couron and jute. Wood General account of sources or firewood timber and nambnos; Rubber Fibnobolany: a general account

Practical Suepoises:

- 1. Study trequency and density, abundance of plant species of campus vegetation by quadrat method
- Variation in soil moisture in relation to depth
- 3. To estimate bulk density of grassland and woodland soil.
- 4. To estimate the porosity of grassland and woodland soil sample.
- 5 To determine moisture content of grassland and wood land soil.
- 6. To measure dissolved oxygen content in polluted and unpolluted water samples.
- ? louis ant l'emperature of different water bodies.
- A. Water holding capacity of the soil
- 9. find out pH of soil sample by iniversal Indicator method.

10 Find out pH of water sample he pH meter

- If Find our transparency of a waterhody by Sechhidisk
- Study morphology (external and internal) of hydrophytes (Hydrilla stem, Typha leaf and NymphaealEichhornia petiole) and xerophytes (Caloiropis, Capparis and Casaarina stem, Nerium 1821) with special reference to their adaptations.
- 13 Study following specimen with special reference to
 - Betany of the economically important part
 - 2 Processing of any involved
 - A. Specimen of screaks, pulses spices beverage sies & coffee) beans, sugar, see seeds (masterd, groundness).
- 14 Study for herain in polar ind oen Histochemical lest Cellulose, lignin, storeth was made and tannin.
- 15 Subinit 3 specimens of locally impocion recovernal plants

Dy. Registrar
(Academic)
Unity of Rajasiban



Paper-III

Angiosperm · Taxonomy and Imbryology (2 hrs (week)

Ingi-1

* Introduction of Taxonomy, Units of classification. Concept of genus and species, Botanical Nemenolature, Internal and Code of Botanical Nomenclature.

ta- onomic inerature. Figures, Gardens, Helbarra, Monographs, Icones, Library, ...

Types of systems of Classification. Bentham and Hooker's, Engler and Prantle's system.

Diversity of flowering points, illustrated by members and economic importance of the following families: Ranunculaceae, Brassicuceae, Papaveraceae, Matvaceae, Fabaceae, Caryophyllaceae and Apiaceae

Unit-2

Rubiaceae, Asteraceae Apocynaceae Asteradaceae, Convolvulaceae, Solanaceae, Acinthaceae, Lamiaceae Chenopodiaceae Lamiaceae, Liliaceae, Arecaceae and Poaceae,

Unn-J

Omogeny of the flower parts-device power and variations. Structure of anther, microsporogenesis, Experim types and tentants development of male gametophyte, structure religible grains

Types of ovule. Megasperogenesis, accompanient of female gametophyte(Embryosae). Polanation. Pollination types, Fertilization, donbie fertilization, significance of double fertilization.

Development phildicots and monocot end. I transform of embryo types of Embryo. Endosperm Indosperm Indosperm Polyembrony, Induced polyembryony. Participally appropriately and adventise e

Spages of Latiniatory Exercises

Dy. Registrar

The following genera are sair, life for study of fanctes

- Bannol ulaceae Ronuncutus Delphinium.
- Language Person valies um Carria and Acacia
- A. aceas Contandrum
- to the evaluate action of Ipomea, Jacus in corra
- Ac Mossesses Catharanthus, The consi
- b · · · Papiuduceae Calotropis
- i saraceae. Ocimum, Salvia
- S Eughorbiaceae-Euphorbia puicherrima, Ricinus
- eac- Acharoda.
- deraceae-Helianikus
- ivese-Hamelia

13th Visit to a Local Colonical Granden Herbarium National Part / Study of Local Flored is Inflorescence and Fruit bredirmity. (Controlles are expected to submit debited ineport of Euch isit)

is a collaborate to study the wall layers and pollen sat with pollen grains.

So the various types of ovule, draw the diagrams

Year the various types of playentations

the germination of pollen grain or are and observe the gails of pollen tube.

stications stages of embryo Righanus frost;

Surgery alkhadings

劉章 Ungiospermy. U Bu fiether.

v 'r 11995). I Mei Bublishing Company

doct to be no Principles of the

Sections V. V. Securação (1984) Oxford

Bli Pabrish on to Pyt Lid S.

La romy Sushella Moss

32003) Dominant Publishers

Now Delhi

Straidenan Sicol

s of Oxford and 1846 Publishing Co. Print

Sharma and I Sama (2003) Structure, Development and un in Flowerine tun Ramesh Book Depot. Jaipur S.S. and Bhatnagar, " P. c. and) the embryology of Angiosperm. 4th n vikas Publishing House New Delhi duction to the Embresle, of Angiosperm, Maheshwari, P. 11950. wanter in the Emberole y of Angiosperms. Ed. Maheshwirari. P. s Demi



SKELETON PAPER

M.M. 50

TIME: 4 Hours

S.No.	Practical	Regular	Ex/NC
1	(a)Plant Taxonomy		ļ — —
,	Describe vegetative and reproductive parts of flower in semi-technical language. Give floral diagram and floral formula and identify the family giving reasons.	, 7	7
	(b)Comment on the embryological exercise.	. 3	3
3	(ii) Anatomical exercise on anomalous secondary growth	5	3
	halomy of roovleal/study of stomatal types	3	5
3	related to soil	3,	3
	(b) Ecological Anatomy	4	4
	(c) Histochemica! Test / Economic Botany	3	3
4	Comment upon spots (1-5).	10	15
5	Viva- Voce	5	5
6	Practical record	5	-
	TOTAL	50	50

Dy. Registrar University of Coloriban

Syllabus: B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part-III (Pass Course)

Zoology

(2029-2021)

Scheme:

7

Max. Marks: 100

Min. Pass Marks: 36

Paper I : 3 Hrs duration 33 Marks

: 3 Hrs duration Paper II 33 Marks

Paper III : 3 Hrs duration 34 Marks

Practicals : 4 Hrs. duration 50 Marks

NOTE:

There will be two parts of every theory question paper with total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise question No. 1 containing 9 (Paper I & II) or 10 (Paper III) very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus.

Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part i.e., three from each unit /section out of which candidate-will be required to attempt any 4 question selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.

2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

> Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan

Jaipur 🌉

Syllabus: B.Sc.-B.Ed.(Part-III)

PAPER --I: Z-301

STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS OF CHORDATE TYPES

NOTE:

- 1. There will be two parts of this theory question paper with total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise question No. 1 containing 9 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus. Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part i.e. three from each unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 question selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks
- 2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Section - A

Chordates

- 1. Comparison of habit, external features and anatomy of *Herdmania* and *Branchiostoma* (excluding development).
- 2. Ascidian tadpole larva and its metamorphosis.
- 3. Affinities of Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephlochordata
- 4. Habit, habitat and salient features of Petromyzon, Ammocoete larva.

Section - B

Structure, organs and Systems: Brain, endoskeleton, Digestive, Circulatory, Respiratory, Excretory, Nervous & Reproductive

Pisces- Labeo

Amphibian-Frog

Repulle-Varanus

Asses-Pigeon

Mammal-Rat

Section - C

Chordate Adaptations

- 1. Pisces: Scales and firs, migration and parental care.
- 2. Amphibia: Parental care.
- 3. Reptilia: Poisonous and non poisonous snakes, poison apparatus.
- 4. Aves: Flight adaptations, types of feather, bird migration.
- 5. Mammals: Adaptive radiation, dentition.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

医线性

PAPER – II: Z-302 ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY

NOTE:

₹.

- 1. There will be two parts of this theory question paper with total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise question No. 1 containing 9 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus. Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part i.e. three from each unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 question selection at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks
- 2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Section - A

Ecology

- 1. Basic concepts in ecology, its meaning and history.
- 2. Concepts of limiting factors.
- 3. Ecosystem: Biotic and abiotic factors.
- 4. Ecosystem: Production, consumption and decomposition in an ecosystem: Concepts of food-chain, food web, trophic structure, ecological pyramids
- 5. Biogeochemical cycles of O₂, CO₂, H₂O, N, P and role of microbes.
- 6. Ecosystem: Homeostasis, functional aspects, productivity concepts and determination, ecotone, edge effects, niche.
- 7. Population ecology: Density and methods of its measurement, natality, mortality, age ratio and distribution, pyramids, fluctuations, biotic potential, dispersal, growth forms, population interactions and propagation, brief idea of demography.
- 8. Community ecology: Characteristics of natural communities, structure, composition, stratification.
- 9. Ecological succession: Types and patterns, concept of climax, details of xerosere and hydrosere successions.
- 10. Habitat ecology: Brief account of fresh water, marine, terrestrial and estuarine water ecosystems.
- 11. Major biomes of the world.
- 12. Ecology and human future: Growth rate role of human kind in modifying natural communities in term of public health and welfare with respect to use of pesticides, conservation and pollution.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

laipur F

Section — B

Environmental Biology-I

- 1. Environment and its concepts, global environment, hydrosphere, lithosphere and atmosphere.
- 2. Natural resources: Present status and future needs.
- 3. Conservation and management of natural resources: Renewable (forest, wildlife, water) and non renewable (soil, minerals and energy).
- 4. Environmental pollution I: General outline and various types of pollution of water, air, and soil.
- 5. Environmental pollution II: Sources and remedies for noise, radiation, industrial chemicals, agrochemicals, insecticides, pesticides and household pollutants.
- 6. Green House effect, Ozone layer depletion, EI-Nino and La I Nina effects.
- 7. Radiation and environment: Types of radiation, fallout effects of radiation nuclear accidents.
- 8. Basic concepts of bioaccumulation, biomagnifications, biodegradation of pollutants.

Section - C

Environmental Biology - II

- 1. Wildlife conservation: Vanishing and threatened animals and plants with special reference in Rajasthan, Wildlife management efforts by Government and non Government organization (including wild life acts).
- 2. Impact of urbanization: Development and distribution of urban centers, factors, problems and solutions of urbanization, fauna of oriental region.
- 3. Space ecology: Space ecosystem, space problems and their solutions, colonization.

PAPER-III: Z-303

APPLIED ZOOLOGY, ETHNOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS

NOTE:

- 1. There will be two parts of this theory question paper with total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise question No. 1 containing 10 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus. Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part i.e. three from each unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 question selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks
- 2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

Section - A

Applied Zoology

Principles and Practices of the following:

- 1. Vermiculture.
- 2. Sericulture (including ericulture).
- 3. Lac culture.
- 4. Apiculture.
- 5. Prawn culture.
- 6. Poultry keeping.

Economic Importance of the following:

- 1. Protozoa.
- 2. Corals and coral reefs.
- 3. Helminthes.
- 4. Arthropods; Insects and their management.
- 5. Mollusca: Outline idea of pearl culture.

Section - B

Ethology

- 1. Introduction and history of Ethology.
- 2. Concepts of Ethology: Fixed action pattern, sign stimulus, innate releasing mechanism, action specific energy, motivation imprinting and learning.
- 3. Pheromones and their role in alarm spreading
- 4. Societies: Characteristics and advantage with special reference to honey bee & deer.
- 5. Biological rhythms and biological clocks.
- 6. Methods of studying animal behavior.

Section - C

Biostatistics

- 1. Introduction, scope and application of Biostatistics.
- 2. Understanding the concepts of descriptive and inferential statistics.
- 3. Frequency distribution.
- 4. Graphical and tabular presentation of data.
- 5. Mean, median, mode and their significance.
- 6. Standard deviation, standard error and their significance.
- 7. Hypothesis: Null and alternative; Student's t- test.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

Syllabus: B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part-III (Pass Course)

Zoology Practical (2039-2021)

Min. Marks: 18

4 Hrs. / Week

Max. Marks: 50

I. Anatomy:

Any came fish (Wallago, Labeo): External features, general viscera, afferent and efferent branchial blood vessels, eye muscles and their innervations, brain, cranial nerves and internal ear

- II. Study of the following through Permanent Slide preparations:
 Striped muscle fibers; Smooth muscle fibers, scales of edible fish, hair of man, bollod film of any vertebrate.
- III. Study of Microscopic Slides: Whole mounts of oral hood, volum and pharyngeal wall of Amphioxus; T. S. of Amphioxus through various regions; tadpole larva of Ascidia; whole mounts of Salpa, Doliolum and Oikopleura, V. S. of skin of fish, T. S. body of fish through various regions, V. S. of skin of bird, V. S. mammalian skin, T. S. mammalian liver, kidney, stomach, intestine, bone, spinal cord, lung, duodenum, pancreas, testis and ovary.
- IV. Study of Museum Specimens: Ascidia, Ciona, Botryllus, Ammocoete larva, Petromyzon, Myxine or Bdellostoma, Zygaena (Sphyrna), Torpedo, Chimaera; Acipenser, Amia or Lepidosteus, Labeo, Clarias, Anguilla. Hippocampus, Exocoetus, Echencis, any flat-fish, Protopterus, Icthyophis or any blind-worm, Proteus, Ambystoma, Axolotl, Siren, Alytes, Hyla, Testudo, Chelone, and Fresh Water Tortoise, Sphenodon, HemidactylusPhrynosoma, Draco, Chameleon; Eryx, Hydrophis, Naja, Viper, Crocodilus, Alligator, Archaeopteryx, any Running Bird, Pavo cristotus, Choriotis nigriceps, Crnithorhynchus, Tachyglossus, Didelphys, Macropus, Bat, Leris, Scaly anteater.
- V. Osteology: A comparative study of articulated and disarticulated bones of skull, vertebrae, limb bones and girdles of any amphibian, reptile, bird and mammal with the help of models/ charts/ artificial skeleton/bones.

VI. Environmental Biology:

Analysis of Environment:

- I. Soil pH
- 2. Water analysis: pH, alkalinity, acidity, dissolved O₂ and free CO₂, Salinity (Chloride).
- 3. Qualitative estimation of zoo-plankton in given sample of water.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan

Jaipur Jaw

VII. Ethology:

3

- 1. Study of any stored insect pest (food preference and response to light)
- 2. Antennal grooming in cockroach.
- 3. Chemical communication: Ants/earthworm.
- 4. Visit to a Zoo/ Museum of Natural History /Wild life Sanctuary and/or Study of local faunal biodiversity (Candidates are expected to submit a detailed report of such visit).

VIII. Biostatistics:

- 1. Construction of frequency table, bar diagram, line diagram, histogram, frequency polygon and pie chart.
- 2. Exercises on mean, median and mode (direct, short -cut and step-deviation methods).
- 3. Standard deviation and standard error.

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part - III
Scheme of Practical Examination and Distribution of Marks

Time: 4 Hrs.		Pass Marks: 18	Max. Marks: 50	
		Regular	Ex. /N.C. Students	
1.	Anatomy	6 (4+2)	7 (5+2)	
2.	Permanent Preparation .	5	6	
3.	Environmental Biology	5	5	
1.	Ethology	. 3	. 5	
; ,	Biostatistics	. 5	6	
).	Identification and commen	on Spots (1 to 8) 16	16	
'.	Viva Voce	5	. 5	
3.	Class Record	5	-	
		50	50	

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur

Notes:

- 1. With reference to anatomy and study of museum specimens, candidates must be well versed in the study of various systems with the help of charts/models/CD- ROMs, multimedia computer based simulations including computer assisted learning (CAL) and other softwares.
- 2. With reference to permanent preparations and microscopic slides, in case of non-availability. the exercise should be substituted with diagrams, photographs, models, charts, etc.
- 3. Candidates must keep a record of all work done in the practical class and submit the same for inspection at the time of the practical examination.
- 4. The candidates may be asked to write detailed methodology wherever necessary and separate marks may be allocated for the same.
- 5. Mounting material for permanent preparations would be as per the syllabus or as available through collection and culture methods.
- 6. It should be ensured that animals used in the practical exercises are not covered under the wild life act 1972 and amendments made subsequently.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Ahsan J and Sinha SP: A Hand book on Economic Zoology. 9th edition S. Chand & Co. Ltd., 1981.
- 2. Alcock J: Animal Behavior: An Evolutionary Approach. Smauer Associates 2013.
- 3. Animal Societies and Evolution, Scientific American Publications.
- 4. Alexander R. M: The Chordates, Cambridge University Press. 1975.
- 5. Bailey NTJ: Statistical Methods in Biology. English Universities Press, 1964.
- 6. Breed MD and Moore J: Animal Behavior. Academic Press. 2015.
- 7. Grizimek's Encyclopedia of Ethology.
- 8. Gurumani N: An Introduction to Biostatistics, MJP Publishers, 2011.
- 9. Hand book of Ethological Method, Laharen Publications Garland STPM Press.
- 10. Kotpal RL: Modern Text Book of Zoology: Vertebrates. Global Media Publications 2010.
- 11. MacFarland D: Animal Behavior: Psychobiology, Ethology and Evolution 3rd edition Longman 1998.
- 12. Mahajan BK: Methods in Biostatistics. 7th edition Jaypee Publishers, 2010.
- 13. Manning A, Dawkins MS: An Introduction to Animal Behavior. Cambridge University Press 2012.
- 14. Mathur R: Animal Behavior. Rastogi Publications 2010.
- 15. Odum: Fundamentals of Ecology. Thomson Books/Cole 2005.
- 16. Odum: Ecology: A Bridge Between Science and Society Sinauer Associates 1997.
- 17. Prasad SN and Kashyap V: A Textbook of Vertebrate Zoology.13th edition Wiley Eastern Ltd. 2011.
- 18. Primrose S. B. and. Twyman R. M: Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. John Wiley & Sons, 2013.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

5/

- 19. Rana S. V. S: Environmental Studies. 4th edition. Rastogi Publications 2012.
- Rastogi VB Organic Evolution 6th 20. edition Kedar Publications, Meerut, Delhi. 1993.
- 21. Rastogi VB and Jayaraj MS Animal Ecology & Distribution of Animals Kedar Nath Ram Nath Publications, Meerut, Delhi, 1983.
- Sharma P. D: Environmental Biology and Toxicology. 3rd edition RastogiPublications, 22. 2013
- Sunder Rao PSS and Richard J: Introduction to Biostatistics and Research 23. Methods .PHI Publishers, 2012.
- Sharma P. D: Ecology and Environment. 12th revised edition, Rastogi Publications 24. 2014-2015.
- 25. Werlace RA: Animal Behavior. Good Year Publishing Co., Inc.
- 26.
- Young JZ: The Life of Mammals. Oxford University Press 1970.
 Young JZ: The life of Vertebrates. 2nd edition Oxford University Press. London 1962. 27.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur "g~

Scheme

Paper 1 Exam: 3 hours duration

Min Pass marks: 12 Max. Marks: 33

Paper II

Exam: 3 hours duration Min Pass marks: 12

Max. Marks: 33

Paper III

Exam: 3 hours duration

Min Pass marks: 12 Max. Marks: 34

Practical

Exam: 4 hours duration

Min Pass marks: 18

Max. Marks: 50

Paper I: Quantum Mechanics and Spectroscopy

Work Lond: Two hours Lecture per week

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six short answer type—parts each with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one question from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying three marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

Unit - I: Evolution of quantum physics

- 1. Difficulties of classical mechanics to explain: the black-body emission spectrum, specific there of solids. Plank quanta concept and radiation law, Photo electric effect and literature explanations. Compton effect, De-Broglie hypothesis, diffraction and interference experiments of particle (Davisson-Germer experiment).
- 2. Uncertainty principle: position and momentum, angle and angular momentum, energy and time. Application of uncertainty principle: (i) Ground state energy of hydrogen atom, (ii) ground state energy of simple harmonic oscillator, (iii) Natural width of spectral lines, (iv) Non-existence of electron in nucleus.
- 3. Operators: linear operators, product of two operators, commuting and noncommuting operators, simultaneous eigen functions and eigen values, orthogonal wavefunctions. Hermitian operators, their eigenvalues, Hermitian adjoint operators.

1.2

Dy. Registra

.

eigenvalues and eigenfunctions; expectation values of operators: position, momentum, energy; Ehrenfest theorem and complementarity, Concept of group and phase velocity, wave packet, Gaussian wave packet, bra-ket notation.

Unit - II: Schrödinger wave equation and its solutions

- 1. Schrödinger wave equation: general equation of wave propagation, propagation of matter waves, time dependent and time-independent Schrödinger, equation, wavefunction representation (ψ), physical meaning of ψ , properties and conditions on ψ , postulates of wave mechanics, operators, observable and measurements; probability current density.
- 2. Time independent Schrödinger equation, stationary state solution, one dimensional problems: particle in one dimensional box, eigenfunctions and eigenvalues, discrete light in the particle in one dimensional box, eigenfunctions and eigenvalues, discrete light in the particle in one dimensional box, eigenfunctions and eigenvalues, discrete light in the particle into three dimension and degeneracy of energy levels, concept of a potential well and barrier, step potential, penetration through rectangular barrier, reflection and transmission coefficients, barriers with special shapes (graphical representation), quantum mechanical tunneling (alpha decay).

Unit - III : Schrödinger equation solutions in special cases

- 1. Symmetric square well potential, reflection and transmission coefficients, resonant scattering: Bound state problems: particle in one dimensional infinite potential well and finite depth potential well, energy eigenvalues and eigenfunctions, transcendental equation and its solution; Simple harmonic oscillator. Schrödinger equation for simple harmonic oscillator and its solution, eigenfunction, eigenvalues, zero point energy, quantum and classical probability density, parity, symmetric and antisymmetric wave functions with graphical representation.
- 2. Schrödinger equation in spherical coordinates, Schrödinger equation for one elegation in spherical coordinates, separation into radial and angular variables, solution of radial equation and angular equation, qualitative discussion of spherical harmonics, series solution and energy eigenvalues, stationary state wavefunction. Wave-functions of H-atom for ground and first

excited states, average radius of H-atom, Bohr correspondence principle, orbital angular momentum and its quantization, commutation relation, eigenvalues and eigenfunctions,

UNIT IV: H-atom, Atomic and Molecular spectroscopy

I Energy level derivation for H-atom, quantum features of hydrogen spectra and hydrogen like spectra. Stern-Gerlach experiment, electron coin spin magnetic

Dy. iv. gistrar

UP CIR S

经过程的

moment, spin-orbit coupling, qualitative explanation of fine structure, Franck-Hertz experiment. Zeeman effect, normal Zeeman splitting, Qualitative understanding about Stark effect.

- 2. Absorption and emission spectroscopy, its block diagram, brief explanation about function of each elements and it's limitations; single beam spectrophotometer.
- 3. Molecular spectroscopy: concept of rigid rotator, rotational energy levels, rotational spectra, selection rules, intensity of spectral lines, isotopic effect; Vibrational energy levels, vibrational spectra, selection rules, isotopic effect, effect of anharmonicity in vibrational spectra, vibrational-rotational spectra of CO and HCl molecules.

Reference books

Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition.

- 2. R. Shankar, Principles of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition.
- 3. Arthur Beiser, Perspective of modern Physics, 6th edition.
- 4. AK Ghatak and S Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and application.
- 5. HS Mani, GK Mehta, Introduction to modern Physics.
- 6. C.N. Banwell and E.Ni. McCash, Fundamental of Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th edition.
- 7. H.E. White, Intoduction to atomic physics,

Paper II: Nuclear and Particle Physics

Work Load: Two hours Lecture per week

commission: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six short answer type pans each with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one question from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying three marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

UNIT - I

I roperties of Nucleus: Discovery of Nucleus, Ruttherford Scattering. Constituents of the Sucleus, Mass, Charge, Size, Nuclear Density, Charge Distribution, Holstadier's experiment,

Nuclear Angular momentum, Nuclear Magnetic Dipole Moment, Electric Quadrupole ment, Spin. Isospin, Wave Mechanical Properties: Parity and Statistics, Classification of Nuclei. Mass Defect and Binding Energy, Packing Fraction, Mass Spectrograph.

Nuclear Forces: Properties of Nuclear Forces, Yukawa Meson Theory, Nuclear Potential.

Nuclear Models: Segre Chart, Liquid Drop Model, Semi Empirical Mass Formula, Condition of Stability, Fermi Gas Model, Evidence for Nuclear Shell Structure, Nuclear Magic Numbers and Basic Assumptions of the Shell Model.

UNIT - 2

Radioactive Decays: Alpha Decay-Basics of α-Decay Processes, Theory of β-Emission Spectrum Gammow Factor, Geiger Nuttal Law, Range of Alpha Particles,

Beta Decay Spectrum, Positron Emission,

Election Capulity Pauli's Neutrino Hypothesis.

Gamma Decay-Gamma Ray Emission and Kinematics, Internal Conversion Applications of Radioactivity

Nuclear Fission and Fusion: Nuclear Fission, Spontaneous Fission and Potential Barrier, its Explanation by Liquid Drop Model, Chain reaction, Controlled chain reaction, Four Factor Formula, Nuclear Reactors, Classification of Nuclear Reactor, Uncontrolled Chain Reaction, Nuclear Fusion, Energy released in Nuclear Fusion, Fusion in stars.

Nuclear Reactions: Types of Reactions, Conservation Laws, Kinematics of Reactions, Q-Value, Threshold Energy, Reaction Rate, Reaction Cross-Section.

UNIT - 3

Interaction of Nuclear Radiation with Matter: Energy Loss by Heavy Charged Particles in Matter, Interaction of Educations with Matter, Range of Charged Particle, Brems with Matter, Charged Particl

Radiation Defectors: Gas filled detector, Avalanche, Geiger Discharge, Ionization Chamber, Proportional Counter, Geiger Muller Counter, Current mode and Pulse Mode Operation of Detector.

Particle Accelerators: Ion source, Van-de-Graff Accelerator (Tandem Accelerator), Linear Accelerator, Cyclotron, Synchrocyclotron, Betatron, Proton Synchrotron

UNIT - 4

Elementary Particles: Necessity of high energy to discover elementary constituents, historical introduction to discovery of elementary particles (electron, positron, neutrinos,

Dy Registrar

Dy Registrar

(markemic)

(markemic)

(A. Plin or

strange mesons, charm quark, intermediate vector bosons, bottom quark, top quark and ggs boson) Elementary particles and their quantum numbers (charge, spin, parity, isospin, strangeness, etc.), elementary particles included in the standard model.

Fundamental Interactions: Four types of fundamental forces. Symmetries and Conservation Laws. Diescrete symmetries C, P, and T invariance. Application of symmetry arguments to particle reactions. Parity non-conservation in weak interaction, CP violation.

Quark Model: Flavor symmetries, Gellmann-Nishijima formula, the eightfold way, Quark model. Octet Diagram for Mesons and Baryons, Concept of Quark model, the November Revolution, Baryon Decuplet, Color Quantum Number and Gluons.

Suggested Books:

- 1. Number & Barticle Physics, W. E. Burcham and M Jobes, Addison Wesley Longman
- 2. Nuclear and Particle Physics, Brian R Martin, John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics, Das and Ferbal, World Scientific,
- 4. Elements of Nuclear Physics, Walter E. Meyerhof, McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- 5. Introductory Nuclear Physics, Kenneth S. Krane, John Wiley & Sons.
- 6. Introduction to Elementary Particles, David J. Griffiths, John Wiley & Sons.
- 7. Radiation Detection and Measurement, G.F. Knoll (John Wiley & Sons)
- 8. Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Physics, V. K. Mittal, R. C. Verma, S. C. Gupta, PHI
- 9. Concepts of Modern Physics, A. Beiser, McGraw-Hill Book Company,

Paper III: Solid State Physics

World Two hours Lecture per week

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of ten marks comprising of five short answer type—parts each with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one question from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying three marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

things of the state of the stat

Bonding in Solids and Crystal structure:

Force between atoms, Ionic bonds, Covalent and metallic bonds, Vander waal's and Hydrogen bonding. Periodicity in lattices, Basis, lattice boint and space lattice, Translation vectors. Unit and primitive cell. Crystal systems, Packing fractions for Simple Cubic (SC), Body Control Cubic (BCC), Face Centred Cubic (FCC) and Hexagonal lattice structures, Bravais space lattices.

Crystallography and Diffraction:

Direction, planes and miller indices in a crystal lattice, Reciprocal lattice and its significance, Conversion of SC and FCC structures in reciprocal lattice frame. Concept of crystalline, polycristic legand amorphous materials, X-ray diffraction by solids: Laue and Braggs equation, Study of crystals by X-rays: FWHM, Sherrer formula and Lattice Constants (for simple cubic structure). Electron and Neutron diffraction (qualitative).

Unit II

Band theory of solids:

Formation of bands, Periodic potential and Bloch Theorem, Number of states in the bands, Kroning Penny model, Brillium zones, Crystal momentum and physical origin of effective mass, Negative Effective Mass and Holes, Energy dispersion relations: weak and tight binding.

Semiconductors:

Energy band Structures in Insulators, Conductors, Semiconductors. Concept of Direct and Indirect band gap in semiconductors. Generation and recombination of charge carriers, Mobility discretificarriers, Half Effect in semiconductors: Itall coefficient, Mobility, Charge carrier, concentration, Conductivity and Hall angle.

Unit III

Thermal properties of Materials:

Elastic waves. Phonon. Phonon dispersion relations in monoatomic and diatomic linear lattice. Lattice heat capacity. Classical theory of specific heat. Dulong-Petit's law, Einstein and Debye's theory of specific heat of solids and limitations of these models, concept of Thermoelectric Power.

Poj Var

Dy. Registrar (Academic) University of Rajasihan (APOR)

Electrical properties of Materials:

Wide-Lorentz theory, Sommerfeld's Model, Thermal conductivity, Electrical conductivity, Widemann, Franz relation, Thermionic Emission, Escape of electrons from metals, Hall Effect in Metals, Density of states.

Unit IY

Magnetic properties of Materials:

Classification of Magnetic Materials. Origin of Atomic Magnetism, Classical Langevin Theory of dia - and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum theory of Paramagnetism. Curie's law, Weiss's Theory of Ferromagnetism. Concept of Domain Wall. Magnetostriction, Heisenberg's Exchange Interaction, Relation between Exchange Integral and Weiss-Constant.

Super

Experimental relatives of superconductivity: Critical Temperature, Critical magnetic field. Meissner effect. Type I and type II Superconductors, London's Equation and Penetration Depth. Isotope effect. Idea of BCS theory (No derivation); Cooper Pair and Coherence length. Josephson Effect (No derivation)

Reference Books

- I. Introduction to Solid State Physics --- Charles Kittel (Wiley Publication)
- 2. Elementary Solid state Physics----M. Ali Omar (Pearson Education)
- 3. Elements of X-ray diffraction----B. D. Cullity (Prentice Hall)

Dy. Registrar
(Academic)
University of Rajasthan
IAIPUR

University of Rejesthen

(i) at fixed frequency by varying C, and

(ii) by varying frequency.

4. Study of the characteristics of junction diode & Zener diode.

5.. Study of

(i) Recovery time of junction diode and point contact diode,.

(ii) Recovery time as a function of frequency of operation and switching current.

6. To design Zener regulated power supply and study the regulation with various loads.

7. To study the characteristics of a field effect transistor (FET) and designistudy amplifier of finite gain (10).

8. To study the frequency response of a transistor amplifier and obtain the input and output impendence of the amplifier.

To design and study of an R-C phase shift escillator and measure output impedence (frequency response with change of component of R and C).

10. To study a voltage multiplier circuit to generate high voltage D.C. from A.C.

11. Using discrete components, study OR, AND, NOT logic gates, compare with YYL integrated circuits (I.C.'s).

12. Application or operational amplifier (OP-AMP) as: Minimum two of the following exercises-(a) Buffer (for accurate voltage measurement) (b) inverting amplifier (c) Non inverting amplifier (d) Summing amplifier.

Paj Vain...
Dy. Registant
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academic)
(Academ

MATHEMATICS

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part III - 2021

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week per Theory Paper.

Examination Scheme:

	Min. l'ass Marks 🦠		Max. Marks
	Science - 54	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	150
	Arts - 72		200
	,	Duration	Max.Marks
Paper – I	Algebra	3 hrs.	40 (Science)
	an an an an an an an an an an an an an a	न्द्रिक्षे सुद्रिनेव	53 (Arts)
Paper - II	Complex Analysis	3 hrs.	40 (Science)
			53 (Arts)
Paper - III	Mechanies	3 hrs.	40 (Science)
			54 (Arts)
Practical		2 hrs.	30 (Science)
N T .			40 (Arts)
N.F. A			

Note:

- 1. Common paper will be set for both the Faculties of Social Science and Science. However, the marks obtained by the candidate in the case of Faculty of Social Science will be converted according to the ratio of the maximum marks of the papers in the two Faculties.
- 2. Each candidate is required to appear in the Practical examination to be conducted by internal and external examiners. External examiner will be appointed by the University and internal examiner will be appointed by the Principal in consultation with Local Head/Head, Department of Mathematics in the college.
- 3. An Internal/external examiner can conduct Practical Examination of not more than 100 (Hundred) Candidates (20 Candidates in one batch).
- 4. Each candidate has to pass in Theory and Practical examinations separately.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

Syllabus: B.Sc.-B.Ed.(Part-III)

Paper -I: Algebra

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Max. Marks:

40 (Science)

53(Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE Question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Definition and simple properties of Groups and Subgroups. Permutation group, Cyclic group. Cosets, Lagrange's theorem on the order of subgroups of a finite order group.

Unit 2: Morphism of groups, Cayley's theorem, Normal subgroups and Quotient groups. Fundamental theorems of Isomorphism.

Unit 3: Definition and simple properties of Rings and Subrings. Morphism of rings. Embedding of a ring, Integral domain and field. Characteristics of a Ring and Field.

Unit 4: Ideals and Quotient Ring. Maximal ideal and Prime ideal. Principal Ideal domain. Field of quotients of an integral domain. Prime fields. Definition, Examples and Simple properties of Vector spaces and Subspaces.

Unit 5: Linear combination, Linear dependence and Linear independence of vectors. Basis and Dimension. Generation of subspaces. Sum of subspaces. Direct sum and Complement of subspaces. Quotient space and its dimension.

Reference Books:

- 1. Joseph A. Gallian, Contemporary Abstract Algebra (4th Edition), Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999.(IX Edition 2010).
- 2. S Lang, Introduction to Linear Algebra (2nd edition), Springer, 2005.
- 3. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Thomson, 2007.
- 4. S. Kumaresun, Linear Algebra- A Geometric Approach, Prentice Hall of India, 1999.
- 5. Kenneth Hoffman, Ray Alden Kunze, Linear Algebra 2nd Ed., Prentice-Hall Of India Pvt. Limited, 1971.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I) University of Rajasthan Jaipur

Paper - II: Complex Analysis

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Max. Marks:

40 (Science)

53 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Complex plane. Connected and Compact sets. Curves and Regions in complex plane. Jordan curve Theorem (statement only). Extended complex plane. Stereographic projection. Complex valued function — Limits, Continuity and Differentiability. Analytic functions, Cauchy Riemann equations (Cartesian and polar form). Harmonic functions, Construction of an analytic function.

Unit 2: Complex integration, Complex line integrals, Cauchy integral theorem, Indefinite integral, Fundamental theorem of integral calculus for complex functions. Cauchy integral formula, Analyticity of the derivative of an analytic function, Morera's theorem, Poisson integral formula, Liouville' theorem.

Unit 3: Taylor's theorem. Laurent's theorem. Maximum modulus theorem.

Power series - Absolute convergence, Abel's theorem, Cauchy-Liadamard theorem, Circle and Radius of convergence, Analyticity of the sum function of a power series.

Unit 4: Singularities of an analytic function, Branch point, Meromorphic and Entire functions, Riemann's theorem, Casorati-Weierstrass theorem.

Residue at a singularity, Cauchy's residue theorem. Argument principle. Rouche's theorem. Fundamental theorem of Algebra.

Unit 5: Conformal mapping. Bilinear transformation and its properties. Elementary mappings: $w(z) = \frac{1}{2} \left(z + \frac{1}{z}\right), z^2, e^z, \sin z, \cos z,$ and $\log z$.

Evaluation of a real definite integral by contour integration.

Analytic continuation. Power series method of analytic continuation.

Reference Books:

- 1. James Ward Brown and Ruel V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications (Eighth Edition), McGraw Hill International Edition, 2009.
- 2. Joseph Bak and Donald J. Newman, Complex analysis (2nd Edition), Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer-Verlag New York, Inc., New York, 1997.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan

Syllabus: B.Sc.-B.Ed.(Part-III)

Paper - III: Mechanics

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Max. Marks:

40 (Science) 54 (Arts)

Mete: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Velocity and acceleration – along radial and transverse directions, along tangential and normal directions. S.H.M., Hooke's law, motion along horizontal and vertical elastic strings.

Unit 2: Motion in resisting medium—Resistance varies as velocity and square of velocity. Work and Energy, Motion on a smooth curve in a vertical plane. Motion on the inside and outside of a smooth vertical circle. Projectile.

Unit 3: Central orbits – p-r equations, Apses, Time in an orbit, Kepler's law of planetary motion. Moment of inertia – M.I. of rods, Circular rings, Circular disks, Solid and Hollow spheres, Rectangular lamina, Ellipse and Triangle. Theorem of parallel axis. Product of inertia.

Unit 4: Equilibrium of coplanar force, moments and friction.

Unit-5: Virtual work and Catenary.

Reference Books:

- 1. I.H. Shames and G. Krishna Mohan Rao, Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics (4th Edition), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvf. Ltd. (Pearson Education), Delhi, 2009.
- 2. R.C. Hibbeler and Ashok Gupta, Engineering Mechanics: Statics and Dynamics (11th Edition), Derling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education), Delhi.
- 3. S.L. Loney An Elementary Treatise on the Dynamics of a Particle and of Rigid Bodies, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. J.L. Synge & B.A. Griffith Principles of Mechanics, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1959.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-I)
University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

Practical

Teaching: 2 hours per week per batch not more than 20 students.

Examination:			Duration: 2	Hours
Scheme	5		Science	Arts
Max.Marks	31 <u>31 31 1</u>		30	40
Min.Pass Marks			11	15
Distribution of Marks:				
Two Practicals one from e	ach gro	oup	•	
10 Marks each	P - 4	20 Marks	(13 Marks each)	26
Practical Record	72	05 Marks		07
Viva-voce	1	05 Marks		07
Total Marks	111 1	30 Marks		40

The paper will contain TWO practicals. The candidates are required to attempt both practicals.

Practicals with Computer Programming in C Language.

Group A:

- 1. Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations by Bisection method, Regula-falsi method and Newton-Raphson method.
- 2. Solution of Initial value problems by Euler's method and Runga-Kutta(third and fourth order) method.

Group B:

- 1. Matrix operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication, Rank of a matrix, inverse of a matrix.
- 2. Solution of linear algebraic equations by Gauss elimination method, Matrix method, Gauss Jordan method.

Note:

- 1. Each Candidate (Regular/non-Collegiate) has to prepare his/her practical record.
- 2. Each Candidate has to pass in Practical and Theory examinations separately.

Dy. Registrar (Academic-1)
University of Rajasthan

Jaipur

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

Commenting in restoracy

PAPER:-VIII A / B

CHEMISTRY TEACHING

erengija in og sygner i r

Superior sample by the

Marks-100

Objectives -

To enable student teacher to:

- 1. Understand the Nature, Place, Values and Objectives of teaching chemistry at secondary/senior secondary level.
- 2. Understand correlation with other subjects
- 3. Evaluate critically the existing syllabus of chemistry
- 4. Develop understanding of various objectives of teaching Chemistry in Secondary Schools.
- 5. Understand and adopt proper methods of teaching various topics of Chemistry.
- Appreciate the usefulness of various co-curricular activities for fostering interest of pupils in Chemistry.
- 7. Get acquainted with various methods of evaluation of the progress of pupils in Chemistry.
- 8. Prepare and use different types of instructional material for teaching Chemistry.
- Understand the difficulties faced in teaching and learning Chemistry and suggest remedial measures.
- 10. Evaluate critically the existing syllabus of Chemistry prescribed for Secondary/Senior Secondary level in the State of Rajasthan.
- 11. Provide training in scientific method and develop scientific temper among their students.

Unit - I: The Nature of Science

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan

- Definition of Science, Scientific Method, Scientific Literacy with suitable examples from Chemistry,
- Nature of science with special reference to chemistry
- Instructional Objectives, General and Specific Objectives of Teaching Chemistry
- Correlation of chemistry with other subjects.

Unit - II: Curriculum and Planning

- Chemistry Curriculum, Place of Chemistry in School Curriculum
- Principles of Curriculum Construction, Difference between Curriculum and Syllabus,
- Co-curricular activities, factors influencing curriculum of chemistry.
- Modern trends in Chemistry Curriculum CBA, Chemical- Education Material Study, Nuffied- O & A level.
- Critical appraisal of Chemistry syllabus at Secondary/Senior Secondary level prescribed by Board of Secondary Education, Rajasthan.
- Planning- Daily lesson plan, unit plan & yearly plan.

Unit - III: Methods of Teaching Chemistry

- Micro Teaching, Skills of teaching Lesson Planning,
- Methods of Teaching Chemistry- Lecture Method, Demonstration Method.
 Discussion Method, Problem Solving Method, Project Method, Inductive-Deductive Method, Co-operative method, Constructvism method.
- Teaching Models-Concept Attainment Model, Inquiry Training Model
- · Qualities of chemistry teacher.

UNIT-IV Instructional Support System

- Teaching Aids in Chemistry Audio Aids, A-V Aids, Educational Broadcasts,
 Television and Teleconferencing, Charts, Models, Low Cost Teaching Aids,
 Improvised Apparatus.
- Chemistry Lab: Layout Plans, Equipments, Furniture, Maintenance of records,
 repair, care and improvisation of apparatus, safety measures in Lab.
- Role of State & National Level Institutions & Laboratories like DST, NCL,
 Fertilizer, Pesticide & Chemical Companies like Hindustan Zinc Ltd.

Dy Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

Characteristics of a good text book and evaluation of a Text Book

Unit - V: Evaluation of Chemistry

• Difference between Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation,

化邻氯丁 选联

- Characteristics of good Measurement, Diagnostic Test and Remedial Teaching,
- Criterion Referenced Testing and Norm Referenced Testing, Different types of items, Essay type, Short types objective type
- Development and Standardization of Achievement Test in Chemistry.

Assignments:-

1. Class Test

10 marks

2. Any one of the following:

10 marks

- Planning and Conducting Experiments.
- Preparation of models and charts.
- .Preparation of Chemistry Projects.
- Criticals analysis of chemistry textbooks.
- Preparation of design, blue print for teacher made test.
- Development of self-instructional material on any one topic of Chemistry
- Life sketch & contribution of any one prominent Indian Chemist.
- Preparation of scrap book containing original science (Scientific cartoon)
 Stories/article
- Life sketch & contribution of any one prominent Indian Chemist.
- Conducting & reporting two experiments useful at secondary/senior secondary level (other than those in syllabus)
- A critical study of any one senior secondary Lab of chemistry.
- Preparation of 10 frames of Linear or Branching type programmes on any topic of Chemistry.

References:

- 1. Bhat, B.D. and Sharma, S.R.: Methods of Science Teaching. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishing House, 1993.
- 2. Das, R.C.: Science in Schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985.
- 3. Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi University, 2000.

Por Registrar (Acad.)

Consversity of Rajasthan

JAIPUR

- 4. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching of Science Education. New Delhi: Vikas Publishers, 1983.
- 5. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching Physical Science in Secondary. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985.
- 6. Joyce, B. & Weil, M. Models of Teaching. Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1979.
- 7. Kishore, L.: Teaching of Physical Science. Delhi: Doaba House, 1991.
- 8. Mangal, S.K.: Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Agra Book Depot, 1982.
- 9. 8.NCERT: Teaching of Science in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: NCERT, 1982.
- 10. Pal, H.R and Pal, R.: Curriculum Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow. Kshipra, New Delhi, 2006.
- 11. Pal, H.R.: Methodologies of Teaching & Training in Higher Education. Delhi:
- 12. Sansanwal, D.N. & Singh, P.: Models of Teaching. Society for Educational Research & Development, Baroda, 1991.
- 13. Vaidya, N.:Science Teaching for the 21st century. Deep and Deep Publication, New Delhi, 1996.
 - 14. Venkataiah, S.: Teaching of Chemistry. Anmol Publisher Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

BIOLOGY TEACHING

Marks100

Objectives:

To enable student Teacher to

- 1. Understand the Nature, Place Values and objectives of teaching Biology at Senior Secondary level.
- 2. Establish its correlation with other subjects
- 3. Evaluate critically the existing syllabus of Biology prescribed for Secondary/Senior Secondary level in the state of Rajasthan
- 4. Develop yearly plan unit plan and lesson plan for Senior Secondary classes.
- 5. Provide training in Scientific method and develop Scienctific temper among their students.

Dy Carrier (Acade)
Dy Carrier of Pajasthan
JAHUA

- 6. Use various methods and approaches of teaching Biology
- 7. Acquire the ability to develop instructional support system.
- 8. Plan and organize chemistry practical work at the Laboaratory.

rediction are as

ែក ស្ត្រីស្រា ស្រែង

- 9. Organise Co-curricular activities and utilize community resoruces promoting Science learning.
- 10. Use most appropariate method to asses the progress and achievement of the pupil & thus prepare appropriate test for the purpose (both theoretical & practical)

UNIT-I Nature, Scope and Objectives

- Nature of science with special reference to Biology.
- Main discoveries and development in Biology.
- Place & values of teaching Biology at secondary/senior secondary level.
- · Correlation of Biology with other subjects.
- Objectives of teaching Biology at secondary/senior secondary level.

UNIT-II Curriculum and lanning

- Principles of Biology curriculum at secondary/senior secondary level.
- Modern trends in Biology Curriculum: B.S.C.S.,
- Critical appraisal of Biology syllabus at secondary/senior secondary level prescribed by Board of secondary Education, Rajasthan.
- Planning- Daily lesson plan, unit plan & yearly plan.
- Qualities & responsibilities of Biology teacher. Teacher's role in training students in scientific method and in developing creativity and scientific temper among their students.

UNIT-III Methods and approaches

- Lecture method, Demonstration method, Lab.based methods, Inductive & deductive method, problem solving, Heuristic, Constructvism, & Project method.
- Inquiry approach, programmed instruction, Group discussion, self study, Team teaching, computer assisted learning, seminars and workshops.

UNIT-IV Instructional Support System

Multi sensory aids: Charts, models, specimen, bulletin - boards, flannel Board,
 Transparencies slides, projector, OHP, Computer, T.V., and Radio etc.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University AIPUR

- Co-curricular Activities: Organization of science club, science fair, trips and use of community resources.
- Biology Lab: Organization of Biology Laboratory, Arrangement of Apparatus, Care & Maintenance of equipment & speciman, organization of practical work in Biology.
- Role of state & National Level Instructions & Laboratories Research centers in Botany, Zoology & Agriculture.
- Characteristics of a good text book and Evaluation of a Text Book.

UNIT-V Evaluation in Biology

- Evaluation: Concept, Types and purposes.
- Type of test items and their construction.
- Preparation of Blue Print & Achievement Test.
- Evaluation of practical work in Biology.

Sessonal Work: (20 Marks)

(1) Class Test

10 Marks

(2) Any one of the following--

10 Marks

- Life sketch & contribution of any one prominent Indian Biologist.
- Preparation of Harbarium (scrap book)
- Prepare any one of the following related to environment education.
 - (i) Poster (miniature), (ii) Article, (iii) Story, (iv) Play
 - Description of any two teaching models.
 - Prepare a Radio or T.V. script.
 - Make a list of local (resources useful in teaching Biology and prepared lesson plan using some of them.
- A case study of any one senior secondary lab of Biology.
- Preparation of 10 frames of Linear or Branching type programmes on any topic of Biology.
- Construction and administration of Diagnostic test on any one unit of Biology.

REFERENCES:-

1. Bhat, B.D. and Sharma, S.R.: Methods of Science Teaching. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishing House, 1993.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

University of Rajasthan

University of Rajasthan

- 2. Das, R.C.: Science in Schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985.
- 3. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching of Science Education. New Delhi: Vikas Publishers, 1983.
- 4. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching Physical Science in Secondary. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985
- 5. Gupta, V.K.: Teaching and Learning of Science and Technology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1995.
- 6. Joyce, B. & Weil, M: Models of Teaching. Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1979.
- 7. Kishore, L.: Teaching of Physical Science. Delhi: Doaba House, 1991. 34
- 8. Mangal, S.K.: Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Agra Book Depot, 1982.
- 9. NCERT: Teaching of Science in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: NCERT, 1982.
- 10. Pal, H.R and Pal, R.: Curriculum Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow. Kshipra, New Delhi, 2006.

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

Physics Teaching

Programme in

MARKS:-100

Objectives:-

The student teachers will be able to:

- 1. Understand the nature of Science and Physics.
- 2. Appreciate the contribution of Indian and Foreign scientists in the development of Physics.
- 3. Develop the skill of planning teaching learning activities.
- 4. Develop competencies in (a) Selection and use of teaching methods, approaches and devices. (b) Selection, preparation and use of cost effective teaching aids. (c) Inculcation of scientific attitude and science related values. (d) Plan, manage physics laboratory and organize physics practical work
- 5. Develop skill of critical appraisal of Physics text book.
- Select and effectively make use of teaching aids.
- 7. Organize co-curricular activities related to physics.
- 8. Plan and critically appraise Physics curriculum at senior secondary level.

Dy Registrar (Acad.)

Dy Registrar (Acad.)

JAIPUR

JAIPUR

9. Prepare, use and analyze achievement tests for evaluation of learning outcomes of Physics.

្រីខ្មែត្រូវក្សាស

Course content

Unit - I - Foundations of teaching physics

- Nature of Science and Physics, Major milestones in the development of physics, Contributions of Eminent Indian and foreign Physicists: C.V.Raman, Vikram Sarabhai, Homi Jehangir Bhabha, Subhramanayan, D.S. Kothari, Chadershekhar, Satyender Nath Bose, Newton, Archimedes, Alexander Graham Bell, Madam Curie, Albert Einstein.
- Relationship of science and society, impact of physics on modern Indian society with reference to issues related with Environment, Globalization, Industrialization, and Information Technology.
- Aims and objectives of teaching physics at senior secondary level, Correlation of physics with other school subjects.

Unit - II - Planning for Instruction and Role of Teacher

- Specific Objectives of Teaching Physics in Behavioural Terms, Content Analysis and Concept Mapping.
- Developing Yearly Plan, Unit Plan and Daily Lesson Plans.
- Teacher's role in training students in scientific method, developing scientific attitude, critical thinking and creativity.
- Qualities, responsibilities and professional ethics of physics teacher.
- Criteria for selection of physics text book, critical appraisal of Physics Text Book

Unit - III - Approaches and Methods of Teaching Physics

- Concept approach Process approach teaching science as a process,
- · scientific method, problem solving method,
- Cooperative learning approach,
- Activity based approach investigatory approach,
- project method, laboratory method.
- Demonstration-cum-discussion method.
- Constructivist approach

Paj Jav

Paj Jav

Paj Jav

(Acad.)

Umisorsity of Rajasthan

JAIPUR

JAIPUR

Unit IV- Instructional support system

- Multi sensory aids: Significance and Psychological Principles of using Teaching Aids, use of charts, models, overhead projectors, computers, internet, and improvised apparatus.
- Use of Community resources in teaching of physics.
- Planning, equipping and maintaining Physics Laboratory; planning and guiding practical work
- · Selecting and guiding Projects in Physics.
- Planning and organization of Science Clubs, Science fairs and Field trips

Unit -V Physics curriculum and Evaluation of Physics Learning

- Principles of developing curriculum of Physics,
- Evaluation of physics learning: formative, summative, continuous and comprehensive evaluation, types of test items and their construction, preparation of blue print and achievement test, item analysis,
- Diagnostic testing and remedial teaching in physics. Evaluation of Practical Work
 Sessional Work –

1. Class Test

10MARKS

2. Any one of the following:

10MARKS

- · Case study of any one Senior Secondary School Laboratory of Physics.
- Preparation of a diagnostic test of physics on any one unit.
- Planning activities for teaching a unit of physics using local resources.
- Conducting and reporting a practical class in Physics Laboratory

References:

- Aicken, Frederick (1984). The Nature of Science, London: Heinemann Educational Books.
- Anderson R.D. (1970). Developing Children's Thinking Through Science, New Delhi: Pr
- 3. Chauhan, S.S. (2000). Innovation in Teaching Learning ProcessNew Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of JAIPUR

4. Das, R. C. (1985). Science Teaching in Schools New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

机(铁镍铁压) 经开

- 5. Dave, R.H..Taxonomy of Educational Objectives and Achievement Testing, London:

 London University Press.
- 6. Edigar M. and Rao D.B. (1996). Science Curriculum, New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 7. Gronlund, Norman, E(1968). Constructing Achievement Tests, New York: Prentice
- 8. Gupta, N.K. (1997). Research in Teaching of Science, New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. 9. Kochar, S.K. (1997). Methods and Techniques of Teaching, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. Maitre, K. (1991). Teaching of Physics, New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 10. Mukalel, J.C. (1998). Creative Approaches to Classroom Teaching, New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 11. Prakash, R. and Rath, T.N. (1996). Emerging Trends in Teaching of Physics, New Delhi: Kanisha Publishers.
- 12. Radha Mohan (2003). Innovative Science Teaching for Physical ScienceTeachers, New Delhi: Prentice Hall Pvt. Ltd.

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

MATHEMATICS TEACHING

Marks – 100

Objectives:

On completion of the course the future teacher educators will be able:

- 1. To enable prospective mathematics teachers towards the processes in which mathematics learning takes place in children's mind.
- 2. To enable the nature, characteristics and structure of mathematics and its correlation with other areas.
- 3. To enable the processes in mathematics and their importance.
- 4. To enable the content categories in mathematics and illustrate with examples.
- 5. To enable understanding of the Goals, Aims and Objectives of teaching mathematics at secondary school level.

Dy Rogistrar (Acad.)

Oy Rogistrar (Acad.)

University of Rajasthan

JAIPUR

6. To enable awareness about the objectives of teaching mathematics at secondary school level as envisaged by NCF 2005 and KCF 2012.

กรายหญานกาใหญ่ใดถ

ودائنونس أرثا وتردد

- 7. To enable understanding and skill in preparing lesson episodes based on Five E model; different approaches, methods, models and techniques of teaching mathematics.
- 8. To enable understanding about collaborative learning and cooperative learning strategies.
- 9. To enable the prospective mathematics teachers as facilitators for effective learning of mathematics.
- 10. To enable prospective mathematics teachers with ICT enabled skills for facilitating learning of mathematics.
- 11. To enable skill in assessing mathematics learning.
- 12. To enable prospective mathematics teachers as reflective practitioners.

UNIT I Nature and Structure of Mathematics

- a) Meaning and characteristics of mathematics— Science and Mathematics—

 Development of Mathematics: empirical, intuitive and logical
- b) History of Mathematics education: Ancient period to 21st century
- c) Contributions of eminent Mathematicians (Western & Indian-4 each)
- d) Branches of Mathematics: Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry -
- e) Undefined terms Axioms Postulates Theorems Proofs and verification in mathematics-Types of theorems: Existence and Uniqueness theorems Types of proofs: Direct, indirect by contradiction, by exhaustion, by mathematical induction.
- f) Euclidean geometry and its criticisms emergence of non Euclidean geometry.

UNIT- II Objectives and Approaches of Teaching Mathematics

- a) Aims and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics: At primary, Secondary and Higher secondary levels - Goals of mathematics education-Mathematical skills: Calculations, Geometrical, and interpreting graphs - Mathematical abilities- Problem solving ability.
- b) Approaches to teaching Mathematics: Behaviorist approach, constructivist approach,
- c) Process oriented approach, Competency based approach, Realistic mathematics education.

Palistrar (Acad.)

Por Registrar (Acad.)

JAIPUR

JAIPUR

UNIT-III METHODS AND MODEL OF TEACHING MATHEMATICS:

- a) Methods of teaching mathematics: Lecture, Inductive, Deductive, Analytic, Synthetic, Heuristic, Project, Problem solving, and Laboratory methods, Co-operative, constructivism method.
- b) Techniques of Teaching Mathematics: Questioning, Brain storming, Role-playing, Simulation.
- c) Non-formal techniques of learning Mathematics
- d) Models of Teaching: Concept attainment model, inquiry training model, Inductive thinking model.

UNIT - IV Pedagogical content knowledge of mathematics

- a) Concept of pedagogic content knowledge (PCK)
- b) Pedagogic content knowledge analysis for selected units of 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th std:-Content analysis, Listing pre-requisites, instructional objectives and task analysis
- c) Analysing and selecting suitable teaching methods, strategies, techniques, models; learning activities, Year plan (Programme of work), Unit plan and lesson plan in mathematics – their need and importance
- d) Analysing and selecting suitable evaluation strategies
- e) Identifying the misconceptions and appropriate remedial strategies

UNIT-V Technology in mathematics education

- a) Technology integration strategies for mathematics, web based lessons, web quest, cyber guides, multimedia presentation, Tele computing projects, online discussions
- b) E-content development concept, formats, steps for preparation.
- c) A survey of software used in mathematics teaching and learning.

SESSIONAL:

- 1. Class Tests 10 MARKS
- 2. Any one 10 MARKS
 - b) Group puzzles activity
 - c) Preparation of teaching aids
 - d) Demonstration of teaching aids
 - e) Collection of newspaper cuttings related to learning of a unit in mathematics.
 - f) Preparing a script for radio lesson or T.V. lesson in mathematics.

Dy. Poulstrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Pure

g) Visiting a mathematics lab in a school and presenting a report.

og Kapplest,

REFERENCES:-

- Aggarwal, J.C. (2001). Principles, Methods & Techniques of Teaching (2nd Ed.).
 New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Bhasin, Sonia. (2005). Teaching of Mathematics- A Practical Approach. Mumbai: HimalayaPublishing House.
- 3. Butler H., Charles & Wren F., Lynwood. (1960). The Teaching of Secondary Mathematics. NewYork: The Maple Press Company.
- 4. Bhasin, Sonia. (2005). Teaching of Mathematics- A Practical Approach.
- 5. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House.
- 6. Ediger, M. & Rao, D.B. (2000). Teaching Mathematics Successfully. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 7. James, Anice. (2006). Teaching of Mathematics. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Joyce, B. & Weil. M. & Calhoun, E. (2009). Models of Teaching (8th Ed.). New Delhi: PHI Learning Private Limited.
- 9. Kumar, S. & Ratnalikar, D.N. (2003). Teaching of Mathematics. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Mangal, S.K. (1981). A Text Book on Teaching of Mathematics. Ludhiana: Prakash Brothers Educational Publishers.
- 11. NCERT. (2005). National Curriculum Framework for School Education. New
- 12. Delhi: NCERT.
- 13. Rai, B.C. (1991). Methods of Teaching Mathematics. Lucknow: Prakashana
- 14. Kendra.
- 15 Sidhu, Kulbir Singh. (1999). The Teaching of Mathematics. Jullundar: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

General Science Teaching

MARKS:-100

OBJECTIVES:-

Dy. Segistrar (Acad.)

Dy. Segistrar (Acad.)

University of Rajastion

JAIPUR

The Pupil- teacher will be able to-

- 1. Familiarize with nature of General Science.
- 2. Formulate instructional objectives in behavioral terms.
- 3. Critically evaluate the existing science curriculum at secondary level.
- 4. Understand the basic concepts of General Science.
- 5. Acquaint themselves with laboratory plan, purchase and maintenance of equipment and material.
- 6. Explain the concept of evaluation and construct blue print of question paper.

Unit - 1 Teaching of General Science

- Meaning, nature, aims and objectives of General science
- Importance of General science in Teaching
- Correlation concept, importance and types.
- Maxims of teaching in General science

Unit - 2 Planning in General-Science teaching

- Curriculum concept, methods of curriculum construction, Difference between Curriculum and Syllabus,
- Place of General science in school curriculum
- Critical appraisal of General Science syllabus at secondary/senior secondary level
- Science teacher Qualities, Competencies
- Analysis of textbook.

Unit - 3 Methods & Techniques of teaching in General Science

- Methods -Scientific Method, Demonstration, Laboratory, Heuristic, Project, Cooperative Learning, Constructvism, Inductive-deductive.
- Techniques:- Team teaching, Simulation, Task analysis, Cognitive psychology based technique, Technology based technique
- Year plan, Unit plan, Lesson plan General, IT based,

Unit- 4 Teaching Aids and Models of teaching

- Teaching Aids: Non-projective chart, picture, model, Projective Film projector, OHP, LCD, DLP,
- Science laboratory, Science-club, Science Exhibition, Field trip

Dy Basistrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

- Laboratory Equipment and Material- selection, purchase, maintenance and safety measures.
- Models of teaching:- Concept Attainment Model, Inquiry training model.

Unit - 5 Pedagogical analysis & Evaluation in General Science

- · Concept ,Approaches & importance for pedagogical analysis,
- Core elements and values, Content cum methodology approach, IT based approach
- Importance of evaluation in General Science, Evaluation according to areas -Cognitive, Psychomotor & Affective, Domain
- Use of tools and technique of evaluation:-Achievement test, Diagnostic test, Remedial teaching, Online Evaluation

Sessional Work -

1. Class Test

10 marks

2. Any one of the following:

10 marks

- Preparation of a diagnostic test of Gen. Science on any one unit.
- Analysis of syllabus.
- Evaluation of textbook.
- Content analysis of one unit.
- Conduct presentation of lesson/ Unit.

REFERENCES:-

- 1. Cartin, A.A. and Sund, R.D. (1972). Teaching Science through Discovery. London: Merill.
- 2. Das, R.C. (1992). Science Teaching in School. New Delhi: Sterling Publishing.
- 3. Gerg, K.K.; Singh, Raguvir and Kaur, Inderjeet (2007). A Text book of Science of Class X, New Delhi: NCERT.
- 4. Hurd Dihurt, P. (1971). New Directions in TeachingSchool Science. Chicago: Rand McNally Co.
- 5. Joshi, R.; Kulkarni, V.G. and Sinha, Somdatta (1999). A Text book of Science of Class X. New Delhi., NCERT.
- 6. Kohli, V.K. (2006). How to Teach Science. Ambala: Vivek Pub. 2006.

Registrat (Acad.)

Whitersity of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

- 7. Mangal, S.K. (1997). Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot, New UNSECO Source Book for Science. France: UNSECO.
- Sharma, R.C. (1998). Modern Science Teaching. New Delhi: Dhanpat Rai Pub. Co.

3

Dy Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan



UNIVERSITY OF RAJASTHAN JAIPUR

FACULTY OF EDUCATION

SYLLABUS

INTEGRATED PROGRAMME OF

B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree (Four Year)

Annual Scheme

Academic Session 2020-21 Examination B.Sc.-B.Ed. Part – IV (2021)

Dy Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

NOTICE

1. Change in syllabus/ordinance/rules/regulations/ syllabi and books may from time to time, be made by amendment or remaking and a candidate shall, accept in so far as the university determines otherwise comply with any change that applies to years he/she has not completed at time of change.

ded atomis of

e stall be set

2. All court cases shall be subject to the jurisdiction of Rajasthan University head quarter Jaipur only and not any other place.

Dy Faciotras (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University JAIPUR

B.Sc. B.Ed PART - IV CONTENTS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SYLLABUS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SYLLABUS

- 1. ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES (COMPULSORY PAPER)*
- 2. CREATING AND INCLUSIV/E SCHOOL
- 3. UNDERSTANDING DISCIPLINES AND SUBJECT
- 4. PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND YOGA (G-A)
- 5. GENDER, SCHOOL AND SOCIETY
- 6. ASSESSMENT FOR LEARNING
- 8. (a/b) PEDAGOGY OF A SCHOOL SUBJECT (PART 3) Ist AND IInd YEAR (CANDIDATE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO OFFER ANY TWO PAPERS FROM THE FOLLOWING FOR PART 3 AND OTHER FOR PART 4) 08 (a/b)
 - CHEMISTRY
 - BIOLOGY
 - PHYSICS
 - MATHEMATICS
 - GENERAL SCIENCE

Dy. Rajistrar (Acad.)
University of Rejesthen
University JAIPUR

Ordinance and Regulations related to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree

01. The Objective and the Learning outcomes of the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree are

Continues trans

ର Tr ଜନ୍ମ ସିମ୍ବର Tଞ୍ଚ ୧୯୯୯ରୁ ଅନୁ ସମୟ ପ୍ରଥମ

Objectives:

- To promote capabilities for inculcating national values and goals as mentioned in the constitution of India.
- To act as agents of modernization and social change.
- To promote social cohesion, international understanding and protection of human rights and right of the child.
- To acquire competencies and skills needed for teacher.
- To use competencies and skills needed for becoming an effective teacher.
- To become competent and committed teacher.
- To be sensitive about emerging issues such as environment, population general equality, legal literacy etc.
- To inculcate logical, rational thinking and scientific temper among the students.
- To develop critical awareness about the social issues & realities among the students.
- To use managerial organizational and information & technological skills.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Competence to teach effectively two school subjects at the Elementary & secondary levels.
- 2. Ability to translate objectives of secondary education in terms of specific Programmes and activities in relation to the curriculum.
- 3. Ability to understand children's needs, motives, growth pattern and the process of learning to stimulate learning and creative thinking to faster growth and development.
- 4. Ability to use-
- 5. Individualized instruction
- 6. Dynamic methods in large classes.
- 7. Ability to examine pupil's progress and effectiveness of their own teaching through the use of proper evaluation techniques.

Dy Rajasthan 4
Universal Rajasthan

- 8. Equipment for diagnosing pupil progress and effectiveness of their own teachings through the use of proper evaluation techniques.
- 9. Readiness to spot talented and gifted children and capacity to meet their needs.
- 10. Ability to organize various school programmes, activities for pupil.
- 11. Developing guidance point of view in educational, personal and vocational matters.
- 12. Ability to access the all round development of pupils and to maintain a cumulative record.
- 13. Developing certain practical skill such as:
 - a. Black board work
 - b. Preparing improvised apparatus
 - c. Preparing teaching aids and ICT.
- 14. Interest and competence in the development of the teaching profession and education.

 Readiness to participate in activities of professional organizations.

Integrated Programme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree Shall Consist of

- i) First Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- ii) Second Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iii) Third Year B.Sc.B.Ed.
- iv) Final Year B.Sc.B.Ed.

Duration of the Course - Four Years

Examinination after each session in theory papers

Scheme of Examination against each subject separately.

Compulsory Papers:

Year	Paper
I st Year	Gen. English
II nd Year	Gen. Hindi
III rd Year	Elementry Computer Application (ICT)
IV th Year	Environmental Studies

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Year	Paper
I st Year	Instructional System &
	Educational
II nd Year	Peace Education
III rd Year	Guidance and Counselling in
•	School
IV th Year	Physical Education & Yoga

Group-B: Content of Science Subject: - A Student has to opt any three optional subject (papers) from group B which two must be the school teaching subjects.

Chemistry	I, II & III	
Botany	I, II & III	
Zoology	I, II & III	
Physics	I, II & III	<u> </u>
Mathematics	I, II & III	

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III&part-IV).

Pedagogy of Chemistry	
Pedagogy of Biology	
Pedagogy of Physics	
Pedagogy of Mathematics	
Pedagogy of General Science	<u> </u>

Dy. Fagistrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan

❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in Ist year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).

❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B) will carry 150 marks (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc. B.Ed Courses

Details of course and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Course are provided in Tables given below:-

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. Ist Year

16.7.1.)

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	F	valuation		
Paper	Code	·	External	Internal	Practical	Total
Ī	B.Sc. B.Ed.	Gen. English(Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	01	Committee Committee			 	
П	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Childhood and Growing Up	80	20	-	100
	. 02					
III	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Contemporary India and Education	80	20	-	100
	03					
VIII	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Instructional System & Educational	80	20	-	100
	04	Evaluation	 			
	(G-A)				:	
V	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content		 		
VΪ	05,	(Select any Three)				
	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
&	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34	İ	50	150
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
						750

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Pof Vai)

Pof Vai)

Pof Vai)

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Pof Vai

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IInd Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	E	valuation		
Paper	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gen. Hindi (Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
	01	t gradical set that ex S				
· II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Knowledge and curriculum	80	20	-	100
	02	Mary at Aligant				
III	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Learning and Teaching	80	20	-	100
i	03	1 1PR				
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed	Peace Education	80	20	-	100
	04					
	(G-A)]	
v	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content				
VI	05, ·	(Solder and Times)	"			
&	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34	į	50	150
	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34	-	50	150
,		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
VIII	B.Sc B.Ed	OPEN AIR / SUPW CAMP 1. Community Service	-	25		100
		2. Survey (Based on		25		100
		social and educational				
		events)		Ì		
		3. Co-Curricular		25		
		Activities			[
		4. Health and Social		25		
1		awareness programme		1		
		(DISASTER				
		MANAGEMENT AND CLEANINESS)				
		CLUMINIDO		 	L	850

^{*}ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Dy Rogistrat (Acad.)

AIPUR

AIPUR

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IIIrd Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	E	valuation	tion	
Paper	Code	17 (1 5 7 10) (1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	ElementaryComputer Application	60	-	40	100
	01	(ICT) (Compulsory)*			(30+10)	
II	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Language Across the Curriculum	80	20	-	100
	02					
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed-	Guidance and Counseling in	80	20	-	100
	04	School				
	(G-A)	1 0 1 1 1 2				
V	B.Sc.B.Ed	Content				
VI	05,	(Select any Three)				
&	06	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	&	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	4. Physics (I,II,III) and the second	33+33+34		50	150
17711	00(- h)	5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40 80	20	30	150 100
VIII	08(a,b)	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20		100
		(Candidate should opt any two school				
		subject from the following i.e. one				
		school subject for part - 3 and other				
		school subject for Part - 4).				
		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics				
		4. Mathematics				
		5. General Science				
Practicum		Special Training Programme				
		Micro Teaching				
		Practice Lesson			10	100
		Observation Lesson			50	
					05	
		Technology Based Lesson			05	
		Criticism Lesson			20	
1		Attendance /Seminar/			10	



 Workshop		
Final Lesson	100	100
		950

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed. IVth Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper		Evaluation		
Paper	Code	141 000	External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Environmental Studies (Compulsory)*	100	-	-	100
ļ	01	: ,				
II .	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Creating and inclusive school	80	20	-	100
	02					
III	B.Sc. B.Ed.	Understanding Disciplines and Subject	80	20	-	100
	03	e Postario				
IV	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Physical Education & Yoga	80	20	-	100
	04(G-A)	testing things				
V	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Gender, School and Society	80	20	-	100
	05					
VI	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Assessment for Learning	80	20	-	100
	06					
VIII	B.Sc.B.Ed.	Pedagogyof a School Subject	80	20	-	100
	08(a/b)	(Candidate should opt any two school				
		subject from the following i.e. one				
		school subject for part - 3 and other				
		school subject for Part - 4)				
		1. Chemistry				
		2. Biology				
		3. Physics	;			
		4. Mathematics				
		5. General Science				
Practicum		1. Practice teaching		50		
		2. Block Teaching (Participation in		20		

<u> </u>	70, 30 (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A)		<u> </u>	800
	Final Lesson	100		100
	4. Criticism Lesson			
	case study/action research		20	100
	3. Report of any feature of school /			
	Group)		10	
	School Activities Social Participation in)

*ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.B.Ed.

Compulsory Papers*

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Gen. English
II Year	Gen. Hindi
III Year	Elementary Computer Application (ICT)
IV Year	Environmental Studies

Compulsory Paper

Year	Paper
Ist Year	 Childhood and Growing Up
	2. Contemporary India and
_	Education
II nd Year	3. Knowledge and curriculum
	4. Learning and Teaching
III rd Year	5. Language Across the Curriculum
IV th Year	6. Creating and inclusive school
	7. Understanding Disciplines and
	Subject
	8. Gender, School and Society
	9. Assessment for Learning

Year Paper Ist Year Instructional System & Educational IIInd Year Peace Education IIIIrd Year Guidance and Counselling in School

Group - A: - SubjectSpecialisation:

Paj Journal 11

Torrespondent 11

Torrespondent 11

IVth Year Physical Education & Yoga

Group B: Select any three

- 1. Chemistry (I, II, III)
- 2. Botany (I, II, III)
- 3. Zoology (I, II, III)
- 4. Mathematics (I, II, III)
- 5. Physics (I, II, III)

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year (candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III & part-IV). In I, II and III year students has to opt two optional paper that two optional paper had to studied at least two year from that only he/she can opt Pedagogy of school subject in Part III or IV

6 Perchantic state

The secretary of the

Pedagogy of Chemistry	min of storik
Pedagogy of Biology	Admiration g
Pedagogy of Physics	Madaya Repl
Pedagogy of Mathematics	Silving the p
Pedagogy of General Scien	ce

- ❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in Ist year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).
- ❖ Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B) will carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Scheme of Instruction for B.Sc. B.Ed Courses

Details of courses and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Courses are provided in Tables given below:-

Years	Papers	Marks
l Year	12Paper +Practical	600 +150= 750
II Year	12Paper +Practical +Practicum	600 +150+100= 850

1 Z

Dynive JAJPUR

III Year	12Paper +Practical + Practicum +Final	600 +150+ 100 +100 = 950
	Lesson	
IV Year	7 Paper + Practicum +Final Lesson	600+ 100 +100= 800
Total	43Papers	2400 +550+200 +200= 3350

¹⁴ (2) 30 ft 2 (8) (1 p. ft)

je rajp. Te sve si Spolovjaste skoro

O. 321 The objectives of the practical work prescribed for the Integrated Programme of B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree (Four Year) are follows:

PART II

Objectives:

To develop the ability and self-confidence of pupil teachers:

- 1. To be conscious of sense of values and need for their inculcation in children through all available means including one's own personal life.
- 2. Possess a high sense of professional responsibility.
- 3. Develop resourcefulness, so as to make the best use of the situation available.
- 4. Appreciate and respect each child's individuality and treat him as independent and integrated personality.
- 5. Arouse the curiosity and interest of the pupils and secure their active participation in the educative process.
- 6. Develop in the pupil's capacity for thinking and working independently and guide the pupils to that end.
- 7. Organize and manage the class for teaching learning.
- 8. Appreciate the dynamic nature of the class situation and teaching techniques.
- 9. Define objectives of particular lessons and plan for their achievements.
- 10. Organize the prescribed subject- matter in relation to the needs, interest and abilities of the pupils.
- 11. Use the appropriate teaching methods and techniques.
- 12. Prepare and use appropriate teaching aids, use of the black board and other apparatus and material properly.
- 13. Convey ideas in clear and concise language and in a logical manner for effective learning.
- 14. Undertake action research.

15. Give proper opportunity to gifted pupils and take proper care of the back-ward pupils.

part & as not be

Address of the same of the same

- 16. Co-relate knowledge of the subject being taught with other subjects and with real life situations as and when possible.
- 17. Prepare and use assignments.
- 18. Evaluate pupil's progress.
- 19. Plan and organize co curricular activities and participate in them.
- 20. Co-operates with school teachers and administrators and learns to maintain school records and registers.

Practical skill to teach the two school subjects offered under Theory papers VIII A/B and the following:

- 1. Observation of lesson delivered by experienced teachers and staff of the college.
- 2. Planning units and lessons.
- 3. Discussion of lesson plans, unit plans and lessons given (including criticism lesson)
- 4. Organization and participation in co-curricular activities.
- 5. Setting follows up assignment.
- 6. Evaluation in terms of educational objectives use of teachers made tests & administration of standardized tests.
- 7. Black-board work.
- 8. Practical work connected with school subjects.
- 9. Preparation and use of audio visual aids related to methods of teaching.
- 10. Experimental and laboratory work in chemistry, botany, zoology, physics, and mathematics subjects of experimental and practical nature.
- 11. Study of the organization of work and activities in the school.
- 12. Observation and assistance in the health education programme.
- 13. Observation and assistance in the guidance programme.
- 14. Maintenance of cumulative records.
- 15. Techniques of teaching in large classes.
- O. 322 A candidate has to deliver at least 40 lessons (20 Lessons of one teaching subject in 3rd year & 20 Lessons of other teaching subject in 4th year) in a recognized school under the supervision of the staff of the college shall be eligible for admission to the examination for the degree of B.Sc.B.Ed.

Notes :-

i. Teaching subject means a subject offered by the candidate at his/her running B.Sc B.Ed. course either as a compulsory subject or as an optional subject provided that the candidate studied it for at least two years. Thus the qualifying subjects like General English, General Hindi, Education and Environment Education. Prescribed for running B.Sc.B.Ed. course of the University or a subject dropped by candidates at the part I stage of the degree course shall not be treated as teaching subjects.

The said the said of

eradin series.

- ii. Only such candidate shall be allowed to offer General Science for the B.Sc B.Ed Examination who had studied Chemistry and any one subject of life science i.e. Biology, Botany or Zoology.
- To maintain same sequence of papers (G.A. IVth, G.B. 05/06/07 papers (Ist, IInd & iii. IIIrd year) and 8 a/b IIIrd year and IVth year) in the four years B.Sc.B.Ed itegrated course, paper no IIIrd in B.Sc.B.Ed IIIrd year and paper no VIIth in B.Sc.B.Ed IVth year were skipped. 物价的复数 如此
- **0.323** No candidate shall be allowed to appear in the Integrated B.Sc/B.Ed examination I, II, III & IV Year unless he/she has attended (80% for all course work & practicum, and 90% for school internship)
- 0.324 The examination for Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. for Four Year shall be in two parts-part 1st comprising theory papers & part 2 practice of teaching in accordance with the scheme of examination laid down from time to time.
- 0.325 Candidates who fail in Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed examination in part 1 or/ part 2 the theory of education may present themselves for re-examination there in at a subsequent examination without attending a further course at an affiliated training college.

Provided that a candidate who fails in any one of the theory papers and secures at least 48% marks in the aggregate of the remaining theory papers may be allowed to reappear in the examination in the immediately following year in the paper in which he/she fails only. He/she shall be declared to have passed if he secures minimum passing marks prescribed for the paper in which he appeared and shall be deemed to have secured minimum passing marks only prescribed for the paper (irrespective of the marks actually obtained by him) for the purpose of determining his division in

Paj Jai (Acad.)
Rajashan
Jaupur)

- accordance with the scheme of examination. The candidate shall have to repeat the whole examination in subsequent year in case he fails to clear the paper in which he failed.
- O.326 Candidates who fail in the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. examination part 1 and part 2 only in the practice of teaching may appear in the practical examination in the subsequent year provided that they keep regular terms for four calendar months per year and give at-least 40 lessons(20 in part 1& 20 in part 2) supervised lessons.

Dy Michell

make the transfer

1 198 year or 3

- O.326 A: A candidate who complete a regular course of study in accordance with the provision laid down in the ordinance, at an affiliated teacher's training college for four academic year but for good reasons fails to appear at the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. examination may be admitted to a subsequent examination as an Ex-student as defined in O.325 or O.326 Above.
- O.326 B: No candidate shall be permitted to appear as an Ex-student at more than one subsequent examination. The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed programme shall be of duration of four academic years, which can be completed in a maximum of five years from the date of admission to the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. Degree.

Regulation 42:-

Scheme of Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed Four Year Examination

The Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. (Four years) will consist of the following components;

to care that they are

Part I- Main theory papers at B.Sc.B.Ed. I, In Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed I Paper nos. are 02, 03 & 04 in each session are of three hours carrying 100 marks (80 for theory + 20 for sessional) each. Compulsory paper* 01 of 100 marks and optional Paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B). in each session are three hours carrying 150 marks (100 marks theory + 50 marks practical). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

Part II- Practice Teaching - Micro Teaching, Internship, Practice Teaching of 20 weeks (10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year III & 10 at B.Sc.B.Ed Year IV) Block Teaching, Criticism and Final Lesson in III & IV Year per teaching subject.

Organization evaluation of practice teaching:

1. Every candidate will teach at-least 40 lessons (20 in III Year & 20 in IV Year) during practice teaching session. At least ten lessons in each subject should be supervised.

Dy Caj Vair (Acad.)
Dy Gran (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan

2. 40 (20+20) lessons as desired in the syllabus should be completed as full period class room lesson. Micro teaching lesson to be used in addition to those 40 lessons for developing certain teaching skills.

en a box of

- 3. A minimum of ten lessons in each subject will be supervised evaluated by the subject specialist or a team of specialists of the subjects.
- 4. By and large, the evaluation of the performance in the practical teaching will be based on the last ten lessons in the subject when the student has acquired some competence and skills of teaching.
- 5. The internal assessment in practice of teaching will be finalized by the principal with the help of members of the teaching staff and the same will be communicated to the university before the commencement of the practical each year.
- 6. At Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed III Year each candidate should be prepared to teach one lessons at the final practical examination. At the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year exam candidate should be prepared to teach two lessons (one in each subject). The external examiners may select at-least 10% of the candidates to deliver two lessons in Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year.
- 7. There will be a board of Examiners for the external examination for each college which will examine each candidate in at-least one lesson and a minimum of 15% in two lessons (one in each of the two subjects).
- 8. The board of Examination will consist of:
 - (a) The principal of the college concerned.
 - (b) A principal or a senior and experienced member of the teaching staff of another training college, affiliated to University of Rajasthan.

Dy Posistrar (Acad.)

- (c) An external examiner from outside the University of Rajasthan or a senior member of the teaching staff of an affiliated training college.
- (d) The board as far as possible will represent Social science, language and science.
- 9. Approximately 50 lessons will be examined by the board each day.

Makeryi wa grijidi s

Working out the result and awarding the division:

- (1) A candidate in order to be declared successful at the Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed. I, II, III & IV Year Examination shall be required to pass separately in Part I (Theory) and Part II (Practice of Teaching).
- (2) For a passing in Part I (Theory) a candidate shall be required to obtain at-least (a) 30 percent marks in each theory paper and sessionals (24 marks out of 80 and 6 marks out of 20); (b) 30% marks in each theory paper and sessional (11 marks out of 35 & 4 marks out of 15) (c) 36 percent marks in the aggregate of all the theory papers.
- (3) For passing in Part II (school internship Practice of Teaching) a candidate shall be required to obtain separately at-least-
 - ❖ 40 percent marks in the external examination.
 - ❖ 40 percent marks in internal assessment.
- (4) The successful candidates at Integrated B.Sc.B.Ed Four Year Examination obtaining total marks will be classified in three divisions and shall be assigned separately in theory and school internship Practice of teaching as follows:

Division	Theory	Practice of Teaching	
Ι	60%	60%	
II	48%	48%	
Pass	36%	40%	

Pay (Acad.)

In A

The practical work record shall be properly maintained by the college and may be made available for work satisfaction of external examiner in school internship (practice teaching), those are expected to submit a report regarding this separately.

Dy Registrar (Acad.)

Dy Registrar Rajasthan

Dyniver JAIPUR

B.S. B. Ed Part IV

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

B. S. C. B. Examination-

Scheme of examination

Time Min Marks Max.Marks
3 hrs declared a proposition 36 100

This paper will contain 100 multiple choice questions. Each question will carry 1 mark. Students should be encouraged to visit places of Environmental Importance including Natural and Manmade Habitat.

Note:

- 1. The marks secured in this paper shall not be counted in awarding the division to a candidate.
- 2. The candidates will have to clear this compulsory paper in three chances.
- Non-appearing or absence in the examination of compulsory paper will be counted
 as a chance.

Unit. 1: The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Definition, scope and importance- Relationship between Environmental Studies and other branches of science and social sciences.

Need for Environmental awareness, Environmental education in present day context.

Unit.2: Natural Resources and Challenges

- a. Natural resources and associated problems, Classification of resources: renewable resources, non renewable resources, classes of earth resources, resources regions: Definition and criteria, resource conservation.
- b. Forest resources: Use and over- exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people.
- c. Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and groundwater, floods, drought conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.
- d. Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- e. Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.
- f. Energy resources: Growing energy need, renewable and nonrenewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- g. Land resources: Land as a resource, Land degradation man induced Landslides, soil crosion and desertification.

Pay Jain (Acad.)
Dunive JAIRUR

- Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.
- · Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

Unit 3: Ecosystems, Concepts, Structure, Functions and Types

- · Concept of an ecosystem
- Structure and function of an ecosystem
- Producers, consumers and decomposers
- Energy flow in the ecosystem
- Ecological succession
- Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids
- Introduction, types characteristics features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:
- a. Forest ecosystem, Tropical Temperate and Alpine Ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem and Their Types
- c. Desert ecosystem with emphasis on Thar Desert
- d. Aquatic ecosystems(ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) and Wet Lands

Unit 4: Biodiversity and its conservation

- Introduction Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity
- Biogeographically classification of India
- Value of biodiversity :consumptive use, productive use, social ethical., aesthetic
 and option values
- Biodiversity at global, National and local level
- India as a mega-diversity nation
- Hot-sport of biodiversity
- Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts
- Endangered, Threatened and endemic species of India
- Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity
- Red Data Book

Unit 5: Environmental Pollution and Control Measures

Definition

- Causes, effects and control measures of:
- a) Air Pollution
- b) Water Pollution
- c) Soil Pollution
- d) Marine Pollution

Dy Ralanban University (Acad.)

- e) Noise Pollution
- f) Thermal Pollution
- g) Nuclear Hazards
- Solid waste management" Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes
- Role of an individual in prevention of pollution
- Pollution case studies
- Disaster management: floods earthquake, cyclone and landslides

Unit 6: Social issues, Environment, Laws and Sustainability

- From Unsustainable to Sustainable development.
- Urban problems related to energy
- · Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies
- Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solution.
- Climate change, global warming, acid rain ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies
- Wasteland reclamation.
- Consumerism and waste product.
- Environmental Protection Act.
- Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act
- Wild life protection Act
- Forest Conservation Act
- Biological Diversity Act
- · Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation
- Public Awareness.

Unit 7: Human Population and the Environment

- Population growth, variation among nations
- Population explosion-Family Welfare Programme
- Environment and Human health
- Human Rights
- Value Education
- HIV/AIDS
- Women and Child Welfare
- Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health
- Case Studies

Rej Tarrison

Suggested Readings:-

- 1. Diwan A.P. and Arora D.K.1995. Human Ecology Annol Publication Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Dubey, R.M.1992. Human Ecology and Environmental Education, Chaugh Publications, Allahabad.
- 3. Goudie, Andrew. The Human Impact.
- 4. Husain Maxia. 1994 Human Geography, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
- Johnston, R.J.Ed. 1986 Dictionary of Human geography, National Publication, New Delhi.
- Malik,S.L. and Bhattacharya D.K. 1986. Aspects of Human Ecology, Northern Book Center, New Delhi.
- Mishra,R.P and Bhooshan,B.S.1979. Human Settlements in Asia. Public, Polices and programmes Haritage publisher, New Delhi.
- 8. Nathawat, G.S.1985. Human Ecology, An Indian perspective, Indian Human Ecology Council, Jaipur.
- 9. Russel, Bartrand, 1976.Impact of Science of society Unwin, Publisher, Indian. (paper back).
- 10. Sinha Rajiv, 1996. Gloobal Biodiversity Ina., Shri publication, Jaipur.
- Sinha Rajiv K., 1994. Development without Desertrction
 14.Environmentalist, Jaipur. Sinha Rajiv K., 1996. Environmental Crises and Human at Risk, In A Shri Publication, Jaipur.
- 12. Smith, Dlanne, 1984. Urban Ecology, George Allen, London.
- 13. Swarnkar, R.C.1985 Indian Tribes Printwell publisher Jaipur.
- Tivy, Joy and O'Hugegreg, 1985. Human Impact on the Ecosystem Edinburgh George Allen Boyd.
- United Nations Development Report, 1996. Human Development Report,
 1996. Oxford University Press, Delhi,
- Vannathony & Rogers Paul, 1974. Human Ecology and World Development, Flehum Press, New York.

Dyniver JAIPUR Acad.)
Univer JAIPUR

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

02-Creating and inclusive school

MARKS: 100

Objectives

The course will enable the student teachers to +

- To demonstrate knowledge of different perspectives in the area of education of children with disabilities.
- •To reformulate attitudes towards children with special needs.
- To use specific strategies involving skills in teaching special needs children in inclusive classrooms.
- To modify appropriate learner-friendly evaluation procedures.
- •To incorporate innovative practices to respond to education of children with special needs.
- To contribute to the formulation of policy.
- •To implement laws pertaining to education of children with special needs.

Course:-

UNIT 1: PARADIGMS IN EDUCATION OF CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS

- Historical perspectives and contemporary trends Approaches of viewing disabilities:
- The charity model, the bio centric model, the functional model and the human rights model
- Concept of special education, integrated education and inclusive education;
 Philosophy of inclusive education.

UNIT 2: LEGAL AND POLICY PERSPECTIVES

- RTE Act, 2009.
- National Policy Education of Students with Disabilities in the National Policy on Education, 1968, 1986,
- POA(1992); Education in the National Policy on Disability, 2006.

UNIT 3: SCHEME OF INCLUSIVE EDUCATION

• Education of Special Focus Groups under the Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA, 2000);

Pof Tai (Acad.)
Tai (Acad.)
Tai (Acad.)
Tai (Acad.)

MHRD, 2005, Scheme of Inclusive Education for the Disabled at Secondary School (IEDSS, 2009), National Trust and NGOs.

ម៉ោស្រាអ្មី មាខាន់ក្រាប់

• Community-based education.

UNIT 4: CLASS ROOM MANAGEMENT

- Class Room management meaning and approaches
- School's readiness for addressing learning difficulties
- Technological advancement and its application ICT, adaptive and assistive devices, equipments and other technologies for different disabilities

UNIT 5: INCLUSIVE PRACTICES IN CLASSROOMS FOR ALL

- Pedagogical strategies to respond to individual needs of students: Cooperative learning strategies in the classroom, peer tutoring, social learning, buddy system, reflective teaching, multisensory teaching, etc.
- Documentation, record keeping and maintenance.
- Teacher role in classroom management

Tasks and Assignments

1. Class Test

10 marks

Learning Fred 1986

The Ellis Education

2. Any one

10 Marks Promit

- Case study of a Learner with Special needs.
- Making a Report of Visit to a resource room of SSA.
- Interviewing a teacher working in an Inclusive School.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dunn., L & Bay, D.M (ed.): Exceptional Children in the Schools, New York: Holt, Rinehart, Winston.
- 2. Hallahar, D.P & Kauffman, J.M., Exceptional Children: Introduction to Special Education, Allyn & Bacon, Massachusetts, 1991
- 3. Hewett, Frank M. & Foreness Steven R., Education of Exceptional Learners, Allyn & Bacon, Masachusetts, 1984.
- 4. Kirk, S.A & Gallagher J.J., Education of Exceptional Children; Houghton Mifflin Co., Boston, 1989
- 5. Magnifico, L.X: Education of the Exceptional Child, New York, Longman.
- 6. Shanker, Udey: Exceptional Children, Jullundur: Sterling Publications.

7. Singh, N.N and Beale, I.L. (eds.) Learning Disabilities – Nature, Theory and Treatment Spring-Verlag, New York, Inc:1992.

وزوي المربطة والأوجالة

division in the

Section Bisciller of

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

03- Understanding Disciplines and subjects

Marks 100

Objectives:-

After completing the course the students will be able:-

- 1. To develop an understanding of the nature of disciplinary knowledge in the school curriculum.
- d. and identify surface to a conceptual understanding of the impact of school subjects on disciplines.
- 3. To develop interest, attitudes and knowledge about the content in respect of framing the syllabus.
- 4. To build up a professional, disciplinary and curriculum programme.

Unit-I Meaning and concept of disciplinary knowledge

- The Nature and role of disciplinary knowledge in the school curriculum.
- Relationship of disciplinary areas with school subject.
- Difference between disciplines & Interdisciplinary Subject.

Unit –II School Subjects on Disciplines

Impact of Social science Subject on Disciplines:-

Social Science: Methods: Lecture method, Project method, Supervised study, Story-Telling, Biographical, Source Method, Brain-storming Dramatization, Experiential-Learning

Unit - III Imapet of science and maths subject on disciplines

- Science: Methods & Techniques of Teaching Science: Brain Storming, Laboratory,
 Demonstration, Project & Field visit, Constructive Learning, Concept Mapping,
 Heuristic Learning & Problem Solving, Group Discussion & Panel Discussion
- Maths: Methods of teaching mathematics: Lecture, Inductive, Deductive, Analytic, Synthetic, Heuristic, Project, Problem solving, and Laboratory methods & techniques of Teaching Mathematics: Questioning, Brain storming, Role □ playing, Simulation, Non formal techniques of learning Mathematics.

Unit - IV Imapet of Language subject on disciplines

- Language: Story, Novel, Poetry, Personal Essay, Pen Portrait. Travelogue, Self Narration, Memories
 - Redefinition of the school subject with concern to social Justice

Contill of Sic.

Meaning of Social cultural perspective in context of Universal education

Unit - V Process and framing of disciplines and subjects

- Recognized the theory of content, Principles and process of Preparing the syllabus and content
- Practical Knowledge ,Community& Co-curricular activity knowledge with reference to Disciplinarily and Relation with School Curriculum
- Creativity development of learning through horticulture and hospitality

sa solitini

Test and Assignment:-

1. Class Test

10 Marks

2. Any one of the following

10 Marks

- Prepare charts with related language (Hindi, English, or Sanskrit)
- Preparation of a talk with related social justice.
- Collection of news papers cutting related with horticulture and hospitality.

Shire of Robbid and the

- Prepare a lab with related science and maths tools and their operation.
- Life sketch and contribution of any two Indian scientists and socialistic.
- Study of any one aspect of social issues and prepare a report.
- Preparation of Five (5) word cards, 5 picture cards and cross word puzzles (Language)
- 5 microteaching skills & 5 macro- teaching (based on different innovative methods)

References:-

- 1. Apple: M.W (2008) can school contribute to a more just society education citizenship and social justice, 3 (3) 239-261
- 2. Brantom F.K.: The teaching of Social studies in changing world
- 3. Chash, S.C (2007) history of education in India, NCERT (2005) National Curriculum fram e work .NCERT
- 4. Clinton Golding of the centre for study of higher education Integrating of Disciplines.

Dej Mai (Acad.)
Dinie JAIPUR

5. Daman.C Howard, Rastman, Meil(1965) "The uses of language" New yark.Holt Rinchyart and winstan. Inc.

医髓管病素 使护军 的复数

- 6. Dengz. Z 92013) School subject and academic discipline in a luke a woods, B.K. weir (Eds) curriculum, Syllabus design and equity: A priner and model routledge
- 7. Egen, Marlow & Rao, D.B. 2003 Teaching Successfully, Discvery Pub. House New Delhi
- 8. Freeman Diane-Larsen (2000) Techniques and Principles in language teaching.

 Oxford:049
- 9. Sharma, L.M. 1977 (Teaching of Science & Life Science Dhanpat Rai & Sans. Delhi.
- 10. Wesley, Edgar Brose: Social Studies for School.

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

04-PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND YOGA

the field of a pay in

OBJECTIVES:-

MARKS-100

The course will enable the student teachers to –

- To enable them to understand the need & importance of Physical Education.
- To acquaint them to allied areas in Physical Education.
- To sensitize the student teacher towards physical fitness & its importance.
- To make them aware of the benefits of physical fitness & activities for its development.
- To help them acquire the skills for assessment of physical fitness.
- To introduce them to the philosophical bases of Yoga.
- To introduce them to types of Yoga & its importance.
- To motivate them to resort to physical activity for the fitness development.
- To help them understand the procedure of health related fitness evaluation

Unit 1. PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- Introduction, Definition and Meaning of physical education
- Objectives of physical education
- Scope of physical education & allied areas in Physical Education

Unit 2. PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND METHODS

Need & importance of physical education in different levels of school(sec. and sr. sec.level)

- Training methods:- Development of components of physical fitness and motor fitness through following training methods (continuous method, interval method, circuit method, fartlek/speed play and weight training)
- Development of Techniques and Tactics

Unit 3. PHYSICAL FITNESS

· Definition, Meaning, Types and factors of physical fitness

Charaga

effical)

त्री पुर्वेद्द प्रदेश कर कि । ही १

favoractor of i

Defficilities Con-

- Factors affecting physical fitness
- Benefits Physical Fitness

Unit 4:- PHYSICAL FITNESS AND YOGA ACTIVITIES

- Need of physical activities at school level
- · Importance of physical activities at school level
- Assessment of physical fitness
- · Introduction, Meaning and mis-concepts of Yoga
- Ashtang Yoga (8 stages of Yoga)
- · Types of Yoga
- · Importance of Yogasanas, Pranayama and Shudhikriya
- Importance of Meditation in school

Unit 5:- Human abilities and Yoga in Indian context

- Education and Yoga Promotion of intelligence, awareness and creativity through Yoga, Yoga in Class rooms (Primary, Secondary and Higher education levels).
- Stress and Yoga: Stress Definition, Causes, Symptoms, Complications in life;
 Yogic management of stress related disorders Anxiety, Depression and Suicidal tendencies.

Tasks and Assignments

- 1. Class Test 10 Marks
- 2. Any one following: 10 marks
 - · Learning and performing of basic yogic activities
 - Health and physical education relationship with other subject areas like science, social science and languages;
 - Fundamental skill of games/sports and voga

REFERENCES:-

- Kuvalayananda, Swami, Pranayama, (1983), Popular Prakashan Bombay.
- Kuvalayananda, Swami, Asanas, (1983) Popular Prakashan Bombay, English/Hindi.
- Lal, Raman Bihari. (2008). Siksha Ke Daarshnik Evam Samajshastriye Sidhant. Meerut, Rastogi Publications.

Dey Tou 29

Negis at (Acad.)

University of Rajasthan

University of Rajasthan

- Nagendra, H.R. (1993). Yoga in Education. Banglore, Vivekananda Kendra.

Coules Serv

- Niranjananada, Swami. (1998). Yoga Darshan. Deoghar, Panchadashanam Paramahamsa Alakh Bara.
- Rai, Lajpat, Sawhney, R.C. and Selvamurthy, W.Selvamurthy (1998). Meditation Techniques, their Scientific Evaluation. Gurgaon, Anubhav Rai Publication.
- Raju, P.T. (1982). The Philosophical Traditions of India. Delhi , Moti Lal Banarsi Dass.
- Ram, Swami. (1999). A Practical Guide to Holistic Health. Pennsylvania, Himalayan Institute of Yoga.
- Reyna, Ruth. (1971). Introduction to Indian Philosophy. New Delhi, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

05-Gender, School and Society

MARKS: 100

Objectives:

After completing the course the students will be able:-

er Comment

Sagarchy, Serverus

Street on and and the

- To develop basic understanding and familiarity with key concepts-gender, gender bias, gender stereotype, empowerment, gender parity, equity and equality, patriarchy and feminism and transgender.
- To understand some important landmarks in connection with growth of women's education in historical and contemporary periods.
- To learn about gender issues in school, curriculum, textual materials across disciplines, pedagogical processes and its intersection with class, caste, religion and region;
- To understand the need to address gender based violence in all social spaces and evolves strategies for addressing it.

Unit 1: Gender Issues: Key Concepts

- Gender, Sexuality, Patriarchy, Masculinity and Feminity
- Gender Bias, Gender Stereotyping and prejudices
- Equity and Equality in Relation with Caste, Class, Religion, Ethnicity, Disability and Region.

Dy Registrar (Acad)
University Of Rajasthan

• Issues and Concerns of Transgender

Unit 2: Socialization Processes in India: Family, School and Society

racheriá 🤼 ndar

- Gender Identities and Socialization Practices in different types of families in India.
- Sites of Conflict: Understanding the Importance of addressing sexual abuse in family, Neighborhood and School and in other formal and informal institutions.

Unit 3: Gender Issues in Curriculum

- Gender, Culture and Institution: Intersection of class, caste, Religion and Region Construction of gender in curriculum Frameworks since Independence: An Analysis Gender and the hidden curriculum
- Gender in Text and classroom processes Teacher as an agent of change Life skills and sexuality.
- Institutions redressing sexual harassment and abuse.

Unit 4: Gender Studies: Historical Perspectives on Education

- Historical Backdrop: Some Landmarks in Socio-Economic and Educational upliftment of Status of Girls and Women.
- Women empowerment: Meaning, Defination, Needs, Obstacles in the path of women empowerment, Role of Government and institutions for women empowerment

Unit 5: Constitutional Commitments

- Reports of Commissions and Committees, Policy initiatives,
- Schemes and Programmes on Girls Education and Overall Development of Women for Addressing Gender Discrimination in Society.

Tasks and Assignments

1. Class Test

10 marks

2. Any one

10 Marks

Dy Regional (Acad.)
University (Acad.)

- Preparation of Project on Key Concepts and its operational definitions relating it with the Social Context of the Teachers and Students.
- Analyses Textual Materials from the Perspective of Gender Bias and Stereotype.
- Organize Debates on Equity and Equality cutting across Gender, Class, Caste, Religion, Ethnicity Disability and Region.
- Prepare a project on Issues and Concerns of Transgender.
- Project on analyzing the growing up of Boys and Girls in different types of family in India.

References:-

- Desai, Neera and Thakkar, Usha. (2001). Women in Indian Society. National Book Trust, New Delhi
- Dunne, M. et al. (2003). Gender and Violence in Schools. UNESCO.

ं रहा जिले **स्टा**हर कर है। यह इसमें से हरू हो रहा

- Kirk Jackie e.d., (2008), Women Teaching in South Asia, SAGE, New Delhi
- Leach, Fiona. (2003). Practising Gender Analysis in Education, Oxfam
- National Curriculum Framework 2005: Position Paper, National Focus Group on Gender Issues in Education, 3.2, NCERT, 2006.
- Nayar, Sushila and Mankekar Kamla (ed.) 2007, 'Women Pioneers in India's Renaissance, National Book Trust, New Delhi, India.
- Sherwani, Azim. (1998). the girl child in crisis. Indian Social Institute, New Delhi.
- Srivastava Gouri, (2012), Gender and Peace in Textbooks and Schooling Processes, Concept Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi
- UNICEF (2005). 2005 and Beyond Accelerating Girls' Education in South Asia. Meeting Report.
- Unterhalter, Elaine. (2007). Gender, Schooling and Global Social Justice, Routledge.

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

Assessment for Learning

Objectives

The course will enable the student teachers to -

- understand the process of evaluation.
- · develop the skill in preparing, administering and interpreting the achievement test.
- understand and use different techniques and tools of evaluation for learning.

and Objection

estated ov better perive besevation

ender Wilder od "Lich Großte aus der S

Supporter to Days

- comprehend the process of assessment for learning
- develop skills necessary to compute basic statistical measures to assess the learning.

Unit 1: Basic Concepts and Overview

- Basic Concepts: assessment, evaluation, measurement, test, examination, formative and summative evaluation, continuous and comprehensive assessment mandated under RTE, and grading.
- Purpose of assessment in different paradigms: (a) behaviourist (with its limited view on learning as behaviour), (b) constructivist paradigm and (c) socio-culturalist paradigm; distinction between 'assessment of learning' and 'assessment for learning'; assessment as a basis for taking pedagogic decisions.
- Significance of assessment for learning
- Self assessment and peer assessment

Unit 2: Analysis of Existing Practices of Assessment

- Records used in Assessment: a) Profiles: Meaning, Steps involved and criteria
 for developing and maintaining a comprehensive learner profile. b) Evaluation
 rubric: Meaning, Construction and Uses c) Cumulative records: Meaning,
 Significance
- Ethical Principles of Assessment Examination Reforms a. Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) b. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) c. Open Book Examination

Unit 3: Assessment in the Classroom and Record Keeping

- Expanding notions of learning in a constructivist perspective.
- Ability to develop indicators for assessment.

Dy Rogistrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Majasthan

Tasks for assessment: projects, assignments.

والعل وأعا

do in superior i

- Formulating tasks and questions that engage the learner and demonstrate the process of thinking.
- Scope for original responses, observation of learning processes by self, by peers, by teacher.
- Organizing and planning for student portfolios and developing rubrics for portfolio assessment, teachers' diaries, and group activities for assessment.

Unit 4: INTERPRETING TEST SCORES

- Presentation and Organization of data: Frequency distribution
- Graphical representation of data, Histogram, Frequency polygon
- Measures of Central Tendency : Mean, Median, Mode
- Measures of Variability: Quartile Deviation, Standard Deviation

Welling estate

किन्नी कुर्रिके हार राज्य पर

- Percentile and Percentile Rank
- Rank difference method by spearman's, Co-efficient of correlation, Types of correlation
- Normal Probability Curve: Properties, Uses

Unit 5: Feedback

- · Feedback: meaning, importance and types
- Feedback as an essential component of assessment; types of teacher feedback (written and oral).
- Feedback to students and feedback to parents; peers' feedback, scores, grades and qualitative descriptions, developing and maintaining a comprehensive learner profile.
- Challenges of assessment.

Tasks and Assignments

1. Class Test

10 marks

2. Any one

10 Marks

- Developing an achievement test with its Blue Print, Answer Key and Marks Distribution.
- Developing a Portfolio / Profile / Evaluation Rubric (format).
- Evaluation of available Unit test and reformation of the same.
- Designing Questionnaire / Interview Schedule on a given topic
- Preparing any four evaluation tools for Formative Assessment.

34

Post (Acad.)

Dy Rosity of Raja University of Raja

REFERENCES:-

- 1. Deshpande, J.V. Examining the Examination System Economic & Political Weekly, April 17, 2004 Vol XXXIX, No. 16. Nawani, D (2015).
- 2. Re-thinking Assessments in Schools, Economic & Political Weekly, Jan 17, Vol L, No.
- 3. Nawani, D (2012), Continuously and comprehensively evaluating children, Economic & Political Weekly, Vol. XLVIII, Jan 12, 2013.
- 4. NCERT(2007) National Focus Group Paper on Examination Reforms S. K. (1994).
- 5. Applied Statistics for Education Mittal Publications.
- 6.Garrett, H.E. (2008). Statistics in Psychology and Education. Delhi: Surject Publication.
- 7.Mrunalini, T. (2013).Educational Evaluation. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

<u>PAPER:-VIII A / B</u>

CHEMISTRY TEACHING

Marks-100

Objectives -

To enable student teacher to:

- 1. Understand the Nature, Place, Values and Objectives of teaching chemistry at secondary/senior secondary level.
- 2. Understand correlation with other subjects
- 3. Evaluate critically the existing syllabus of chemistry
- 4. Develop understanding of various objectives of teaching Chemistry in Secondary Schools.
- 5. Understand and adopt proper methods of teaching various topics of Chemistry.
- 6. Appreciate the usefulness of various co-curricular activities for fostering interest of pupils in Chemistry.

35

Paristrar (Acad.)
Rayasthan
NPUR

- 7. Get acquainted with various methods of evaluation of the progress of pupils in Chemistry.
- 8. Prepare and use different types of instructional material for teaching Chemistry.

Case was need by the Pl

- 9. Understand the difficulties faced in teaching and learning Chemistry and suggest remedial measures.
- 10. Evaluate critically the existing syllabus of Chemistry prescribed for Secondary/Senior Secondary level in the State of Rajasthan.
- 11. Provide training in scientific method and develop scientific temper among their students.

Unit - I: The Nature of Science and An and Alexander

- Definition of Science, Scientific Method, Scientific Literacy with suitable examples from Chemistry,
- Nature of science with special reference to chemistry
- Instructional Objectives, General and Specific Objectives of Teaching Chemistry
- Correlation of chemistry with other subjects.

Unit - II: Curriculum and Planning

- Chemistry Curriculum, Place of Chemistry in School Curriculum
- Principles of Curriculum Construction, Difference between Curriculum and Syllabus,
- Co-curricular activities, factors influencing curriculum of chemistry.
- Modern trends in Chemistry Curriculum CBA, Chemical- Education Material Study, Nuffied- O & A level.
- Critical appraisal of Chemistry syllabus at Secondary/Senior Secondary level prescribed by Board of Secondary Education, Rajasthan.
- Planning- Daily lesson plan, unit plan & yearly plan.

Unit - III: Methods of Teaching Chemistry

- Micro Teaching, Skills of teaching Lesson Planning,
- Methods of Teaching Chemistry- Lecture Method, Demonstration Method.
 Discussion Method, Problem Solving Method, Project Method, Inductive-Deductive Method, Co-operative method, Constructvism method.

30

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University APUR

Teaching Models-Concept Attainment Model, Inquiry Training Model

Zeitsiger auf Assist

• Qualities of chemistry teacher.

UNIT-IV Instructional Support System

- Teaching Aids in Chemistry Audio Aids, A-V Aids, Educational Broadcasts,
 Television and Teleconferencing, Charts, Models, Low Cost Teaching Aids,
 Improvised Apparatus.
- Chemistry Lab: Layout Plans, Equipments, Furniture, Maintenance of records, repair, care and improvisation of apparatus, safety measures in Lab.
- Role of State & National Level Institutions & Laboratories like DST, NCL,
 Fertilizer, Pesticide & Chemical Companies like Hindustan Zinc Ltd.
- Characteristics of a good text book and evaluation of a Text Book

Unit - V: Evaluation of Chemistry files (*) reason

- Difference between Measurement, Assessment and Evaluation,
- Characteristics of good Measurement, Diagnostic Test and Remedial Teaching,
- Criterion Referenced Testing and Norm Referenced Testing, Different types of items, Essay type, Short types objective type
- Development and Standardization of Achievement Test in Chemistry.

Assignments :-

1. Class Test

10 marks

2. Any one of the following:-

10 marks

- Planning and Conducting Experiments.
- · Preparation of models and charts.
- .Preparation of Chemistry Projects.
- Criticals analysis of chemistry textbooks.
- Preparation of design, blue print for teacher made test.
- Development of self-instructional material on any one topic of Chemistry
- Life sketch & contribution of any one prominent Indian Chemist.
- Preparation of scrap book containing original science (Scientific cartoon)
 Stories/article
- Life sketch & contribution of any one prominent Indian Chemist.

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Resistry of University of IAIPUR

- Conducting & reporting two experiments useful at secondary/senior secondary level (other than those in syllabus)
- A critical study of any one senior secondary Lab of chemistry.

Markey Second ?

Has of Low Place

• Preparation of 10 frames of Linear or Branching type programmes on any topic of Chemistry.

References:

- 1. Bhat, B.D. and Sharma, S.R.: Methods of Science Teaching. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishing House, 1993.
- 2. Das, R.C.: Science in Schools. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985.
- 3. Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi University, 2000.
- 4. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching of Science Education. New Delhi: Vikas Publishers, 1983.
- 5. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching Physical Science in Secondary. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985.
- 6. Joyce, B. & Weil, M: Models of Teaching. Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1979.
- 7. Kishore, L.: Teaching of Physical Science Delhi: Doaba House, 1991.
- 8. Mangal, S.K.: Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Agra Book Depot, 1982.
- 9. 8.NCERT: Teaching of Science in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: NCERT, 1982.
- Pal, H.R and Pal, R.: Curriculum Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow. Kshipra, New Delhi, 2006.
- 11. Pal, H.R.: Methodologies of Teaching & Training in Higher Education. Delhi:
- 12. Sansanwal, D.N. & Singh, P.: Models of Teaching. Society for Educational Research & Development, Baroda, 1991.
- 13. Vaidya, N.:Science Teaching for the 21st century. Deep and Deep Publication, New Delhi, 1996.
- 14. Venkataiah, S.: Teaching of Chemistry. Anmol Publisher Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

BIOLOGY TEACHING

38

Dy. Registrar Rajast

Objectives:

To enable student Teacher to

- 1. Understand the Nature, Place Values and objectives of teaching Biology at Senior Secondary level.
- 2. Establish its correlation with other subjects
- 3. Evaluate critically the existing syllabus of Biology prescribed for Secondary/Senior Secondary level in the state of Rajasthan
- 4. Develop yearly plan unit plan and lesson plan for Senior Secondary classes.

Uniovidia as allegad

And high spot and to

na ngulti pai mai n

eat, Rich and Hilly

- 5. Provide training in Scientific method and develop Scienctific temper among their students.
- 6. Use various methods and approaches of teaching Biology
- 7. Acquire the ability to develop instructional support system.
- 8. Plan and organize chemistry practical work at the Laboaratory.
- 9. Organise Co-curricular activities and utilize community resoruces promoting Science learning.
- 10. Use most appropariate method to asses the progress and achievement of the pupil & thus prepare appropriate test for the purpose (both theoretical & practical)

UNIT-I Nature, Scope and Objectives

- Nature of science with special reference to Biology.
- Main discoveries and development in Biology.
- Place & values of teaching Biology at secondary/senior secondary level.
- Correlation of Biology with other subjects.
- Objectives of teaching Biology at secondary/senior secondary level.

UNIT-II Curriculum and lanning

- Principles of Biology curriculum at secondary/senior secondary level.
- Modern trends in Biology Curriculum: B.S.C.S.,
- Critical appraisal of Biology syllabus at secondary/senior secondary level prescribed by Board of secondary Education, Rajasthan.
- Planning- Daily lesson plan, unit plan & yearly plan.

30

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University IAIPUR

Qualities & responsibilities of Biology teacher. Teacher's role in training students in scientific method and in developing creativity and scientific temper among their students.

Oman to train of set

on of Pile ages Talega

UNIT-III Methods and approaches

- Lecture method, Demonstration method, Lab.based methods, Inductive & deductive method, problem solving, Heuristic, Constructvism, & Project method.
- Inquiry approach, programmed instruction, Group discussion, self study, Team teaching, computer assisted learning, seminars and workshops.

UNIT-IV Instructional Support System

- Multi sensory aids: Charts, models, specimen, bulletin boards, flannel Board, Transparencies slides, projector, OHP, Computer, T.V., and Radio etc.
- Co-curricular Activities: Organization of science club, science fair, trips and use of community resources.
- Biology Lab: Organization of Biology Laboratory, Arrangement of Apparatus, Care & Maintenance of equipment & speciman, organization of practical work in Biology.
- Role of state & National Level Instructions & Laboratories Research centers in Botany, Zoology & Agriculture.
- Characteristics of a good text book and Evaluation of a Text Book.

UNIT-V Evaluation in Biology

- Evaluation: Concept, Types and purposes.
- Type of test items and their construction.
- Preparation of Blue Print & Achievement Test.
- Evaluation of practical work in Biology.

Sessonal Work: (20 Marks)

(1) Class Test

10 Marks

(2) Any one of the following--

10 Marks

- Life sketch & contribution of any one prominent Indian Biologist.
- Preparation of Harbarium (scrap book)
- Prepare any one of the following related to environment education.
 - (i) Poster (miniature), (ii) Article, (iii) Story, (iv) Play

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)

Dy. Registry of Rajasthan

Liniversity LAIPUR

- Description of any two teaching models.
- Prepare a Radio or T.V. script.
- Make a list of local (resources useful in teaching Biology and prepared lesson plan using some of them.
- A case study of any one senior secondary lab of Biology.
- Preparation of 10 frames of Linear or Branching type programmes on any topic of Biology.
- Construction and administration of Diagnostic test on any one unit of Biology.

Sara Branch Darg

adding Educate

REFERENCES:-

- 1. Bhat, B.D. and Sharma, S.R.: Methods of Science Teaching. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishing House, 1993.
- 2. Das, R.C.: Science in Schools. New Delhii Sterling Publishers, 1985.
- 3. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching of Science Education. New Delhi: Vikas Publishers, 1983.
- 4. Gupta, S.K.: Teaching Physical Science in Secondary. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers, 1985
- 5. Gupta, V.K.: Teaching and Learning of Science and Technology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 1995.
- 6. Joyce, B. & Weil, M: Models of Teaching. Prentice Hall Inc., New Jersey, 1979.
- 7. Kishore, L.: Teaching of Physical Science. Delhi: Doaba House, 1991. 34
- 8. Mangal, S.K.: Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Agra Book Depot, 1982.
- 9. NCERT: Teaching of Science in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: NCERT, 1982.
- 10. Pal, H.R and Pal, R.: Curriculum Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow. Kshipra, New Delhi, 2006.

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

<u>PAPER:-VIII A / B</u>

Physics Teaching

MARKS:-100

Objectives:-

The student teachers will be able to:

Dy. Registrar (Acad.) 41
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

- 1. Understand the nature of Science and Physics.
- 2. Appreciate the contribution of Indian and Foreign scientists in the development of Physics.

 The sign position and Foreign scientists in the development of Physics.

to Physics surrectly a safety many colors

- 3. Develop the skill of planning teaching learning activities.
- 4. Develop competencies in (a) Selection and use of teaching methods, approaches and devices. (b) Selection, preparation and use of cost effective teaching aids. (c) Inculcation of scientific attitude and science related values. (d) Plan, manage physics laboratory and organize physics practical work
- 5. Develop skill of critical appraisal of Physics text book.
- 6. Select and effectively make use of teaching aids.
- 7. Organize co-curricular activities related to physics.
- 8. Plan and critically appraise Physics curriculum at senior secondary level.
- 9. Prepare, use and analyze achievement tests for evaluation of learning outcomes of Physics.

 Physics.

Course content

Unit - I - Foundations of teaching physics

- Nature of Science and Physics, Major milestones in the development of physics, Contributions of Eminent Indian and foreign Physicists: C.V.Raman, Vikram Sarabhai, Homi Jehangir Bhabha, Subhramanayan, D.S. Kothari, Chadershekhar, Satyender Nath Bose, Newton, Archimedes, Alexander Graham Bell, Madam Curie, Albert Einstein.
- Relationship of science and society, impact of physics on modern Indian society with reference to issues related with Environment, Globalization, Industrialization, and Information Technology.
- Aims and objectives of teaching physics at senior secondary level, Correlation of physics with other school subjects.

Unit - II - Planning for Instruction and Role of Teacher

- Specific Objectives of Teaching Physics in Behavioural Terms, Content Analysis and Concept Mapping.
- Developing Yearly Plan, Unit Plan and Daily Lesson Plans.

42

Dy. Registra Rai University of Rai

- Teacher's role in training students in scientific method, developing scientific attitude, critical thinking and creativity.
- Qualities, responsibilities and professional ethics of physics teacher.
- Criteria for selection of physics text book, critical appraisal of Physics Text Book

Unit - III - Approaches and Methods of Teaching Physics

- Concept approach Process approach teaching science as a process,
- scientific method, problem solving method,
- Cooperative learning approach, and the territory
- Activity based approach—investigatory approach.
- project method, laboratory method,"
- Demonstration-cum-discussion method,
- Constructivist approach

Unit IV- Instructional support system

- Multi sensory aids: Significance and Psychological Principles of using Teaching Aids, use of charts, models, overhead projectors, computers, internet, and improvised apparatus.
- Use of Community resources in teaching of physics.
- Planning, equipping and maintaining Physics Laboratory; planning and guiding practical work
- Selecting and guiding Projects in Physics.
- Planning and organization of Science Clubs, Science fairs and Field trips

Unit -V Physics curriculum and Evaluation of Physics Learning

- Principles of developing curriculum of Physics,
- Evaluation of physics learning: formative, summative, continuous and comprehensive evaluation, types of test items and their construction, preparation of blue print and achievement test, item analysis,
- Diagnostic testing and remedial teaching in physics.. Evaluation of Practical Work Sessional Work -

1. Class Test

10MARKS

2. Any one of the following:

10MARKS

- Case study of any one Senior Secondary School Laboratory of Physics.
- Preparation of a diagnostic test of physics on any one unit.

real Tales Inglig 😽

- Planning activities for teaching a unit of physics using local resources.
- Conducting and reporting a practical class in Physics Laboratory

References:

- 1. Aicken, Frederick (1984). The Nature of Science, London: Heinemann Educational Books.
- 2. Anderson R.D. (1970). Developing Children's Thinking Through Science, New Delhi: Pr
- 3. Chauhan, S.S. (2000). Innovation in Teaching Learning ProcessNew Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- Das, R. C. (1985). Science Teaching in SchoolsNew Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Dave, R.H..Taxonomy of Educational Objectives and Achievement Testing, London:

 London University Press.
- 6. Edigar M. and Rao D.B. (1996). Science Curriculum, New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 7. Gronlund, Norman, E(1968). Constructing Achievement Tests, New York: Prentice
- Gupta, N.K. (1997). Research in Teaching of Science, New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
 Kochar, S.K. (1997). Methods and Techniques of Teaching, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- 9. Maitre, K. (1991). Teaching of Physics, New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 10. Mukalel, J.C. (1998). Creative Approaches to Classroom Teaching, New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 11. Prakash, R. and Rath, T.N. (1996). Emerging Trends in Teaching of Physics, New Delhi: Kanisha Publishers.
- 12. Radha Mohan (2003). Innovative Science Teaching for Physical ScienceTeachers, New Delhi: Prentice Hall Pvt. Ltd.

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)44

University of Rajasthan

University of Rajasthan

PAPER:-VIII A / B

the Contention

on the spendien

attended to the

MATHEMATICS TEACHING

Marks - 100

Objectives:

On completion of the course the future teacher educators will be able:

- 1. To enable prospective mathematics teachers towards the processes in which mathematics learning takes place in children's mind.
- 2. To enable the nature, characteristics and structure of mathematics and its correlation with other areas.
- 3. To enable the processes in mathematics and their importance.
- 4. To enable the content categories in mathematics and illustrate with examples.
- 5. To enable understanding of the Goals, Aims and Objectives of teaching mathematics at secondary school level.
- 6. To enable awareness about the objectives of teaching mathematics at secondary school level as envisaged by NCF 2005 and KCF 2012.
- 7. To enable understanding and skill in preparing lesson episodes based on Five E model; different approaches, methods, models and techniques of teaching mathematics.
- 8. To enable understanding about collaborative learning and cooperative learning strategies.
- 9. To enable the prospective mathematics teachers as facilitators for effective learning of mathematics.
- 10. To enable prospective mathematics teachers with ICT enabled skills for facilitating learning of mathematics.
- 11. To enable skill in assessing mathematics learning.
- 12. To enable prospective mathematics teachers as reflective practitioners.

UNIT I Nature and Structure of Mathematics

- a) Meaning and characteristics of mathematics— Science and Mathematics—
 Development of Mathematics: empirical, intuitive and logical
- b) History of Mathematics education: Ancient period to 21st century
- c) Contributions of eminent Mathematicians (Western & Indian-4 each)

45

Dy. Regisfrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

d) Branches of Mathematics: Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry -

10 L 31 3 5 5 10 4

- e) Undefined terms Axioms Postulates Theorems Proofs and verification in mathematics-Types of theorems: Existence and Uniqueness theorems Types of proofs: Direct, indirect by contradiction, by exhaustion, by mathematical induction.
- f) Euclidean geometry and its criticisms emergence of non Euclidean geometry.

UNIT-II Objectives and Approaches of Teaching Mathematics

- a) Aims and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics: At primary, Secondary and Higher secondary levels Goals of mathematics education-Mathematical skills: Calculations, Geometrical, and interpreting graphs Mathematical abilities- Problem solving ability.
- b) Approaches to teaching Mathematics: Behaviorist approach, constructivist approach,
- c) Process oriented approach, Competency based approach, Realistic mathematics education.

UNIT-III METHODS AND MODEL OF TEACHING MATHEMATICS:

- a) Methods of teaching mathematics: Lecture, Inductive, Deductive, Analytic, Synthetic, Heuristic, Project, Problem solving, and Laboratory methods, Co-operative, constructivism method.
- b) Techniques of Teaching Mathematics: Questioning, Brain storming, Role-playing, Simulation.
- c) Non-formal techniques of learning Mathematics
- d) Models of Teaching: Concept attainment model, inquiry training model, Inductive thinking model.

UNIT - IV Pedagogical content knowledge of mathematics

- a) Concept of pedagogic content knowledge (PCK)
- b) Pedagogic content knowledge analysis for selected units of 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th std:-Content analysis, Listing pre-requisites, instructional objectives and task analysis
- c) Analysing and selecting suitable teaching methods, strategies, techniques, models; learning activities, Year plan (Programme of work), Unit plan and lesson plan in mathematics their need and importance
- d) Analysing and selecting suitable evaluation strategies
- e) Identifying the misconceptions and appropriate remedial strategies

46

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University Of Rajasthan

ja ji

UNIT-V Technology in mathematics education

a) Technology integration strategies for mathematics, web based lessons, web quest, cyber guides, multimedia presentation, Tele computing projects, online discussions

ાં લાક્ષ્ય માત્રી છે. સાથ

ी अ**हार के अर्थ**

Was F. Lines St.

- b) E-content development concept, formats, steps for preparation.
- c) A survey of software used in mathematics teaching and learning.

SESSIONAL:

- 1. Class Tests 10 MARKS
- 2. Any one 10 MARKS
 - b) Group puzzles activity
 - c) Preparation of teaching aids
 - d) Demonstration of teaching aids
 - e) Collection of newspaper cuttings related to learning of a unit in mathematics.
 - f) Preparing a script for radio lesson or T.V. lesson in mathematics.
 - g) Visiting a mathematics lab in a school and presenting a report.

REFERENCES:-

- 1. Aggarwal, J.C. (2001). Principles, Methods & Techniques of Teaching (2nd Ed.). New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Bhasin, Sonia. (2005). Teaching of Mathematics- A Practical Approach. Mumbai: HimalayaPublishing House.
- 3. Butler H., Charles & Wren F., Lynwood. (1960). The Teaching of Secondary Mathematics. NewYork: The Maple Press Company.
- 4. Bhasin, Sonia. (2005). Teaching of Mathematics- A Practical Approach.
- 5. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House.
- 6. Ediger, M. & Rao, D.B. (2000). Teaching Mathematics Successfully. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- 7. James, Anice. (2006). Teaching of Mathematics. Hyderabad: Neelkamal Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Joyce, B. & Weil. M. & Calhoun, E. (2009). Models of Teaching (8th Ed.). New Delhi: PHI Learning Private Limited.
- 9. Kumar, S. & Ratnalikar, D.N. (2003). Teaching of Mathematics. New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Dy. Pegistrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University of Rajasthan

- 10. Mangal, S.K. (1981). A Text Book on Teaching of Mathematics. Ludhiana:Prakash Brothers Educational Publishers.
- 11. NCERT. (2005). National Curriculum Framework for School Education. New

PARKO PUBL

Missional Governos I

- 12. Delhi: NCERT.
- 13. Rai, B.C. (1991). Methods of Teaching Mathematics. Lucknow: Prakashana

Targita, ki je sajani m

Sand College of the

- 14. Kendra.
- 15. Sidhu, Kulbir Singh. (1999,), The Teaching of Mathematics. Jullundar: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd

B.Sc.B.Ed IV Year

PEDAGOGY OF SCHOOL SUBJECT

PAPER:-VIII A / B

General Science Teaching

MARKS:-100

OBJECTIVES:-

The Pupil- teacher will be able to-

- 1. Familiarize with nature of General Science.
- 2. Formulate instructional objectives in behavioral terms.
- 3. Critically evaluate the existing science curriculum at secondary level.

Fp . 191 3ς eπ-

- 4. Understand the basic concepts of General Science.
- 5. Acquaint themselves with laboratory plan, purchase and maintenance of equipment and material.
- 6. Explain the concept of evaluation and construct blue print of question paper.

Unit - 1 Teaching of General Science

- Meaning, nature, aims and objectives of General science
- Importance of General science in Teaching
- Correlation concept, importance and types.
- Maxims of teaching in General science

Unit - 2 Planning in General-Science teaching

 Curriculum - concept, methods of curriculum construction, Difference between Curriculum and Syllabus,

Dai Vais 48

Dy. Registra Rais University of Rais

- Place of General science in school curriculum
- Critical appraisal of General Science syllabus at secondary/senior secondary level

Conflict telephone in the

- Science teacher Qualities, Competencies
- Analysis of textbook.

Unit - 3 Methods & Techniques of teaching in General Science

- Methods -Scientific Method, Demonstration, Laboratory, Heuristic, Project, Cooperative Learning, Constructvism, Inductive-deductive.
- Techniques:- Team teaching, Simulation, Task analysis, Cognitive psychology based technique, Technology based technique
- Year plan, Unit plan, Lesson plan General, IT based,

Unit- 4 Teaching Aids and Models of teaching

- Teaching Aids: Non-projective chart, picture, model, Projective Film projector, OHP, LCD, DLP,
- Science laboratory, Science-club, Science Exhibition, Field trip
- Laboratory Equipment and Material- selection, purchase, maintenance and safety measures.
- Models of teaching:- Concept Attainment Model, Inquiry training model.

Unit - 5 Pedagogical analysis & Evaluation in General Science

- Concept ,Approaches & importance for pedagogical analysis,
- Core elements and values, Content cum methodology approach, IT based approach
- Importance of evaluation in General Science, Evaluation according to areas -Cognitive, Psychomotor & Affective, Domain
- Use of tools and technique of evaluation:-Achievement test, Diagnostic test, Remedial teaching, Online Evaluation

Sessional Work -

1. Class Test

10 marks

2. Any one of the following:

10 marks

- Preparation of a diagnostic test of Gen. Science on any one unit.
- Analysis of syllabus.
- Evaluation of textbook.

Dy Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
University AIPUR

- Content analysis of one unit.
- Conduct presentation of lesson/ Unit.

REFERENCES:-

- 1. Cartin, A.A. and Sund, R.D. (1972). *Teaching Science throughDiscovery*. London: Merill.
- 2. Das, R.C. (1992). Science Teaching in School. New Delhi: Sterling Publishing.

30 9 St 10 10

- 3. Gerg, K.K.; Singh, Raguvir and Kaur, Inderjeet (2007). A Text book of Science of Class X, New Delhi: NCERT.
- 4. Hurd Dihurt, P. (1971). New Directions in TeachingSchool Science. Chicago: Rand McNally Co.
- 5. Joshi, R.; Kulkarni, V.G. and Sinha, Somdatta (1999). A Text book of Science of Class X. New Delhi., NCERT.
- 6. Kohli, V.K. (2006). How to Teach Science. Ambala: Vivek Pub.2006.
- 7. Mangal, S.K. (1997). Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Arya Book Depot, New UNSECO Source Book for Science. France: UNSECO.
- Sharma, R.C. (1998). Modern Science Teaching. New Delhi: Dhanpat Rai Pub. Co.

Dy Registrat (Acad.)
University of Rejestion
University of Rejestion